Findings for Mock PAPA LQAS in 8 LGAs of Bayelsa State

Bayelsa State 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS: Integrated LQAS Methods (1)

- Integrated LQAS was conducted in all 8 LGAs across Bayelsa State.
  - In each LGA, 6 HFs were selected using **Probability Proportional to Size (PPS)**
  - In each HF, 6 settlements were selected using PPS.
  - In each household, one child of any of the age groups 0-11 months, 0-59 months, or 12-23 months was selected

Bayelsa State 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS: Integrated LQAS Methods (2)

- LQAS personnel were:
  - LQAS State coordinators, LQAS Supervisors: 1 Supervisor covers 3 LGAs, LQAS Surveyors.
  - Others as observers/guides: staff of MoH/LGA, RI focal points, representative of community leaders & interpreters.
- List of HFs and Settlements selected were shared with State WHO officers on the last day of training (i.e. 2nd day) of LQAS personnel.
- List of HFs and Settlements was shared with LQAS surveyors evening of last day of training.
- LQAS surveyors depart to LGA of assignment a day after the training.
- Fieldwork was for 4 days.
- Debriefing of LGA & State team.

Bayelsa State 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS: Five (5) LQAS Core Indicators Assessed

1. Number of children 0-11 months **NOT** fully immunized for age (RI)

2. Number of under five children whose births were **NOT** conducted by Skilled Birth Attendant – SBA (RMNCAH+N)

3. Number of women that did **NOT** attend 4 or more Antenatal clinics during pregnancy of the index children (RMNCAH+N)

4. Number of children under five **NOT** sleeping under (**Insecticide Treated Nets (ITNs**) the night prior to the survey (Malaria)

5. Number of children ages (12-23) months **NOT** vaccinated with third dose of Pentavalent vaccines – Penta3 (Immunization Plus)

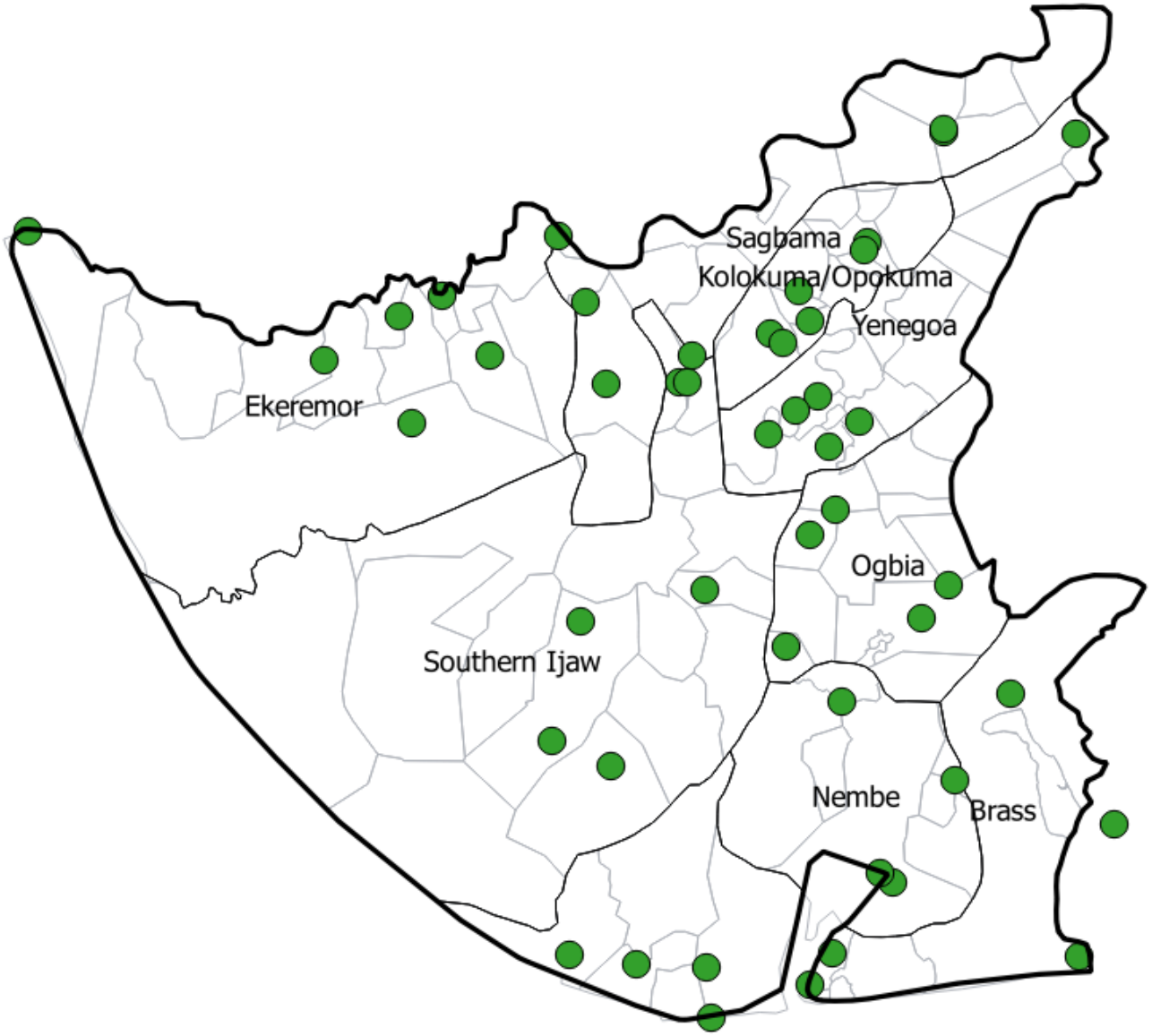
Bayelsa State 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS: Other Indicators analyzed by simple proportions

RI	SBA	ANC	Malaria	ImmPlus
1. Proportion of children appropriately immunized for age (Card and History). 2. Proportion of children appropriately immunized for age (Card only). 3. Proportion of children appropriately immunized for age (History only). 4. Card retention rate. 5. Proportion of Zero Dose Children sampled. 6. Proportion of Children 9-11 months with no dose of any antigen at all.	1. Proportion of sampled women whose delivery of their children were done at Health Facility. 2. Level of satisfaction by sampled households for services provided during deliveries at health facilities. 3. Proportion of sampled women whose delivery of their children were attended by skilled birth attendant. 4. Proportion of Children sampled that had been sick last two weeks requiring attention of health professional and taken to health facility.	1. Proportion of sampled women that attended Antenatal Clinics during pregnancy. 2. Proportion of sampled women that attended 4 or more Antenatal Clinics during pregnancy. 3. Proportion of sampled women who went for post natal care or a health worker visited to check on their health after delivery. 4. Proportion of sampled household that use modern contraceptive. 5. Proportion of sampled children that are currently or were exclusively breastfed. 6. Proportion of sampled children that were breastfed within 60 minutes of delivery.	1. Percentage of Women with a live birth in the 2 years before the survey who received three or more doses of SP/Fansidar during pregnancy and antenatal care of the Index child. 2. Percentage of girls under-five who slept under Insecticide Treated Nets (ITNs) the night prior to the survey. 3. Percentage of febrile children under five in the last two weeks before the survey who were treated with ACTs 4. Percentage of febrile girls under-five in the last two weeks before the survey who were treated with ACTs. 5. Percentage of children under 5 with fever in the last two weeks who had had blood taken from a finger or heel for testing in malaria control states.	1. Percentage of girls ages (12-23) months vaccinated with third dose of Pentavalent Vaccine. 2. Percentage of children ages (12-23) months vaccinated with third dose of Pneumococcal Vaccine (disaggregated by gender). 3. Proportion of eligible children in age group (12-23 months) vaccinated with 2nd Dose of Measles (MCV2).

Bayelsa State 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS: LQAS data analysis & Interpretation

Decision Rule	Color Code	RI	SBA	ANC4	Malaria	ImmPlus
>56		Lot is rejected when number of children (0-11 months) not fully immunized for age is > 56	Lot is rejected when number of index children whose births were not conducted by a SBA > 56	Lot is rejected when number of women who did not attend 4 ANC during pregnancy of the index child > 56	Lot is rejected when number of children not sleeping under LLIN the previous night > 56	Lot is rejected when number of children (12-23 months) unimmunized with Pentavalent Vaccine > 56
33-56		Lot is rejected when number of children (0-11 months) not fully immunized for age is between 33-56	Lot is rejected when number of index children whose births were not conducted by a SBA is between 33-56	Lot is rejected when number of women who did not attend 4 ANC during pregnancy of the index child is between 33-56	Lot is rejected when number of children not sleeping under LLIN the previous night is between 33-56	Lot is rejected when number of children (12-23 months) unimmunized with Pentavalent Vaccine is between 33-56
9-32		Lot is rejected when number of children (0-11 months) not fully immunized for age is between 9-32	Lot is rejected when number of index children whose births were not conducted by a SBA is between 9-32	Lot is rejected when number of women who did not attend 4 ANC during pregnancy of the index child is between 9-32	Lot is rejected when number of children not sleeping under LLIN the previous night is between 9-32	Lot is rejected when number of children (12-23 months) unimmunized with Pentavalent Vaccine is between 9-32
<=8		Lot is accepted when number of children (0-11 months) not fully immunized for age is <=8	Lot is accepted when number of index children whose births were not conducted by a SBA <=8	Lot is rejected when number of women who did not attend 4 ANC during pregnancy of the index child <=8	Lot is accepted when number of children not sleeping under LLIN the previous night <=8	Lot is accepted when number of children (12-23 months) unimmunized with Pentavalent Vaccine <=8

Settlements surveyed for 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa State



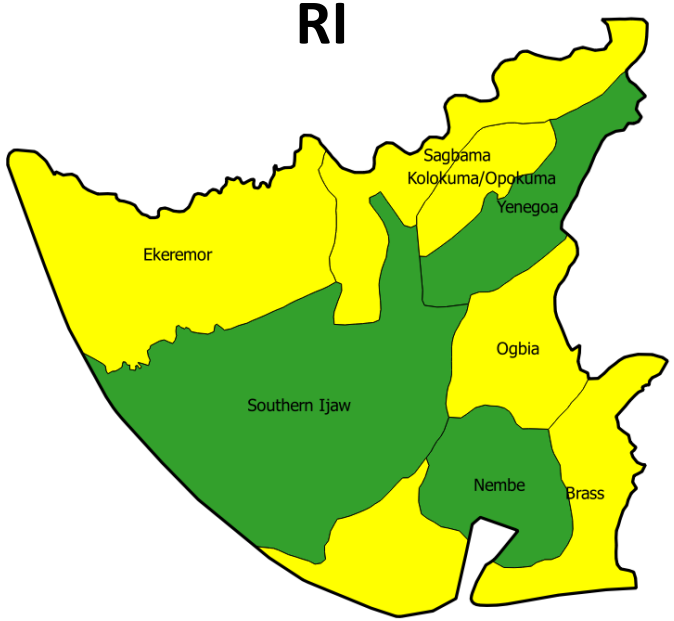
LGAs = 8
Wards = 44
HFs = 46
Settlements = 48

Geo-location of settlement survey

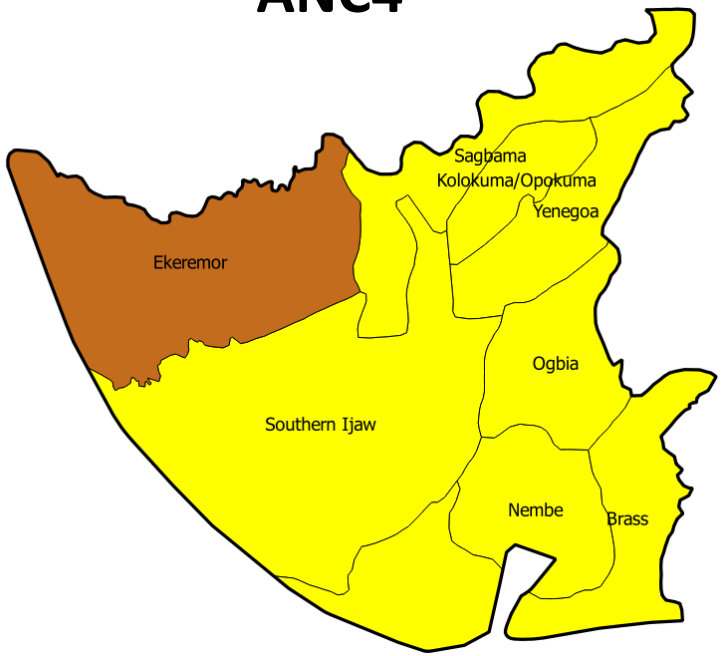
Results: Accepting or Rejecting a lot

Results by indicators, 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa State

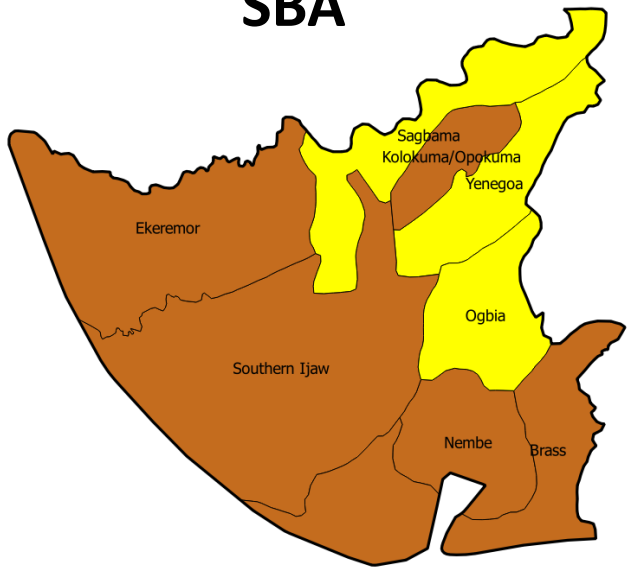
RI



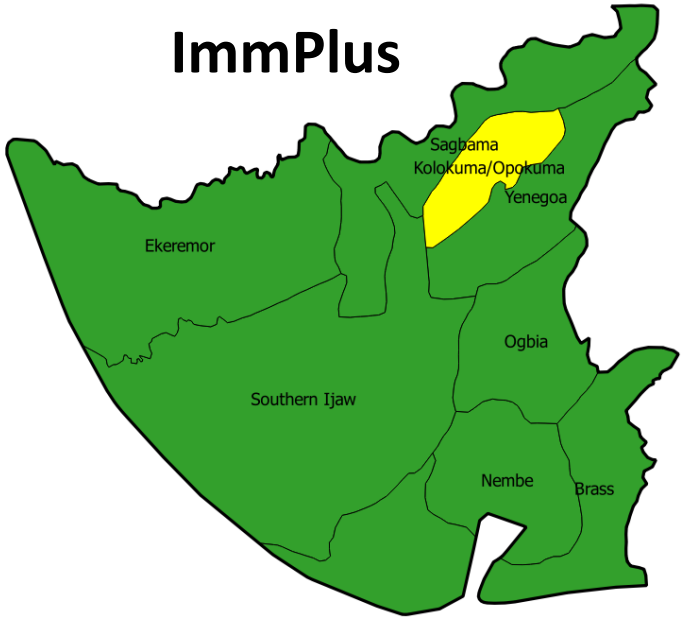
ANC4



SBA

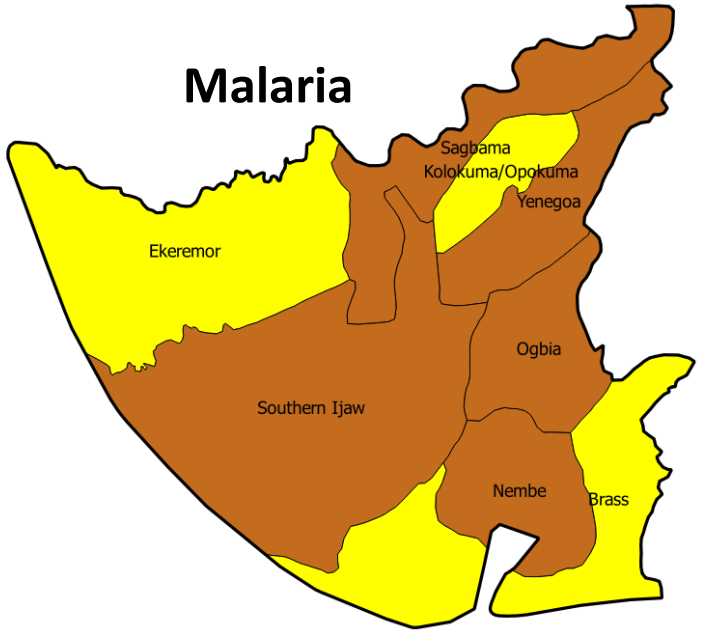


ImmPlus



	RI	ANC4	SBA	Malaria	ImmPlus
LGAs surveyed	***8***	***8***	***8***	***8***	***8***
0-8	*3*	*0*	*0*	*0*	*7*
9-32	*5*	*7*	*3*	*3*	*1*
33-56	*0*	*1*	*5*	*5*	*0*
57-60	*0*	*0*	*0*	*0*	*0*

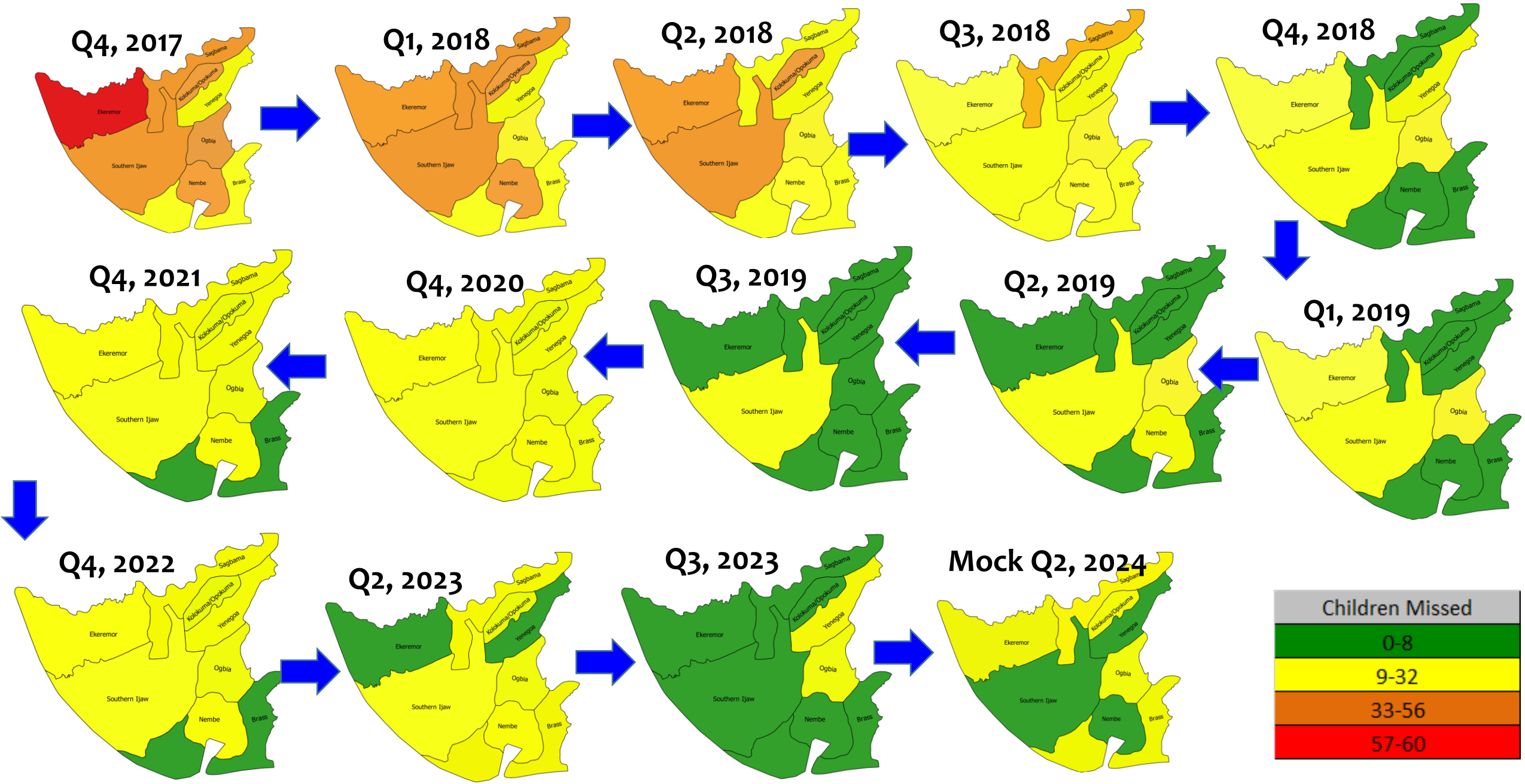
Malaria



Results of 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa State

State	LGA	RI	ANC4	SBA	Malaria	ImmPlus
Bayelsa	Brass	15	24	38	14	8
Bayelsa	Ekeremor	18	33	45	14	7
Bayelsa	Kolokuma/Opokuma	14	26	42	31	13
Bayelsa	Nembe	6	32	46	35	3
Bayelsa	Ogbia	16	23	29	41	5
Bayelsa	Sagbama	21	16	16	36	5
Bayelsa	Southern Ijaw	2	23	33	49	3
Bayelsa	Yenegoa	4	12	18	39	4

Bayelsa State: Trends of RI PAPA LQAS results Q4,2017 – Q2, 2024



BAYELSA STATE: Number of children 0-11 months un-immunized by LGAs from 2017 - 2024

State	LGA	Q4-2017	Q1-2018	Q2-2018	Q3-2018	Q4-2018	Q1-2019	Q2-2019	Q3-2019	Q4-2020	Q4-2021	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2-2024
Bayelsa	Brass	31	28	32	12	4	1	1	0	23	8	4	29	4	15
Bayelsa	Ekeremor	58	54	45	23	18	9	2	3	22	22	20	3	5	18
Bayelsa	Kolokuma Opokuma	34	34	35	18	8	2	6	4	17	27	23	21	8	14
Bayelsa	Nembe	53	34	23	13	4	1	14	0	12	11	14	9	5	6
Bayelsa	Ogbia	44	29	22	22	16	9	11	0	19	14	14	23	23	16
Bayelsa	Sagbama	55	49	20	35	2	6	1	6	32	18	9	27	5	21
Bayelsa	Southern Ijaw	48	53	35	21	22	12	17	9	26	27	29	30	6	2
Bayelsa	Yenagoa	31	9	24	19	14	3	1	0	14	16	11	5	16	4

	Q4-2017	Q1-2018	Q2-2018	Q3-2018	Q4-2018	Q1-2019	Q2-2019	Q3-2019	Q4-2020	Q4-2021	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2-2024
LGAs Surveyed	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
0-8	0	0	0	0	4	5	5	7	0	1	1	2	6	3
9-32	2	3	5	7	4	3	3	1	8	7	7	6	2	5
33-56	5	5	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57-60	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Settlement Breakdown of those Fully immunized, Partially Immunized and Not Immunized in QTR 2 2024 LQAs

lgas	wards	HF	settlement	FI	PI	NI	Total Sampled	% Coverage
Brass	Brass 1	TWON PHC	BORO-PIT	6	4		10	60%
	SANGANA	SANGANA PHC	BEKEDOGU	8	1	1	10	80%
	CAPE FORMOSA	EGWEAMA PHC	ABADIGBENE	5	4	1	10	50%
	KONGHO	BUOMA PHC	KONGHO	9		1	10	90%
	OGINIBIRI	OGINIBIRI PHC	PORT HARCOURT CAMP	9		1	10	90%
	OKPOAMA	OKPOAMA PHC	DUAMUNABOKIRI	8	2		10	80%
			CUMULATIVE	**45**	**11**	**4**	**60**	**75%**

lgas	wards	HF	settlement	FI	PI	NI	Total Sampled	% Coverage
Ekeremor	IDUWINI 2	E/ANGALABIRI PHC	IGBOROBIAMAWARE	9	1		10	90%
	OPOROMOR 2-Ward 7	FOUTORUGBENE PHC	OPUDUOBIYAI	7	1	2	10	70%
	OPOROMOR 3	Ekeremor Phc	OTIOWEI	0		10	10	0%
	IDUWINI 1	AGGE PHC	AGGE MARKET	10			10	100%
	TARAKIRI	Isampou Phc	EGBONWARE	6	2	2	10	60%
	OYAKIRI 3	OGBOGBENE	KOUFA-EGEDE	10			10	100%
			CUMULATIVE	**42**	**4**	**14**	**60**	**70%**

Settlement Breakdown of those Fully immunized, Partially Immunized and Not Immunized in QTR 2 2024 LQAs

lgas	wards	HF	settlement	FI	PI	NI	Total Sampled	% Coverage
Kolokuma /Opokuma	IGBEDI	IGBEDI PHC	PUIPA	7	2	1	10	70%
	KAIAMA/OLOBIRI	STAFF CLINIC	OLOBIRI	10			10	100%
	IGBEDI	IGBEDI PHC	OKPOTULUBOU	10			10	100%
	KAIAMA	KAIAMA PHC	EKPEINGBENE	8		2	10	80%
	OKOLOBA	OKOLOBA PHC	IGBANIBOGBENE	5	2	3	10	50%
	SAGREIA	SABAGRIEA PHC	FOUBIRI	6	2	2	10	60%
			CUMULATIVE	**46**	**6**	**8**	**60**	**77%**

lgas	wards	HF	settlement	FI	PI	NI	Total Sampled	% Coverage
Nembe	IKENSI	PHC ATUBO	TEWNI	9		1	10	90%
	IGBETA EWOAMA	PHC FANTUO	ABUJA2	9	1		10	90%
	OGBOLOMABIRI 3	OTATUBU PHC	IKATAPOLO	8		2	10	80%
	IGBETA EWOAMA	PHC NEMBE CREEK	Nembe creek(mile1)	8	1	1	10	80%
	OGBOLOMABIRI 1	PHC AKAKUMAMA	OMBUKIRI	10			10	100%
	OBIOKU	PHC OBIOKU	Ogoni piri	10			10	100%
			CUMULATIVE	**54**	**2**	**4**	**60**	**90%**

Settlement Breakdown of those Fully immunized, Partially Immunized and Not Immunized in QTR 2 2024 LQAs

lgas	wards	HF	settlement	FI	PI	NI	Total Sampled	% Coverage
Ogbia	OTAKEME-Ward 12	OTUABAGI PHC	ESAGA	7	3		10	70%
	OTAKEME-Ward 12	OTAKEME PHC	OTAKEME	10			10	100%
	OGBIA-Ward 1	EDEMA PHC	IDEMA	5	2	3	10	50%
	OLOGI-Ward 3	AYAKORO PHC	EGBA SETTLEMENT	7	1	2	10	70%
	OKODI-Ward 5	OKODI PHC	OKODI II	9	1		10	90%
	OTUOKPOTI-Ward 2	OTUOKPOTI PHC	AGOTAMA	6	1	3	10	60%
			CUMULATIVE	**44**	**8**	**8**	**60**	**73%**

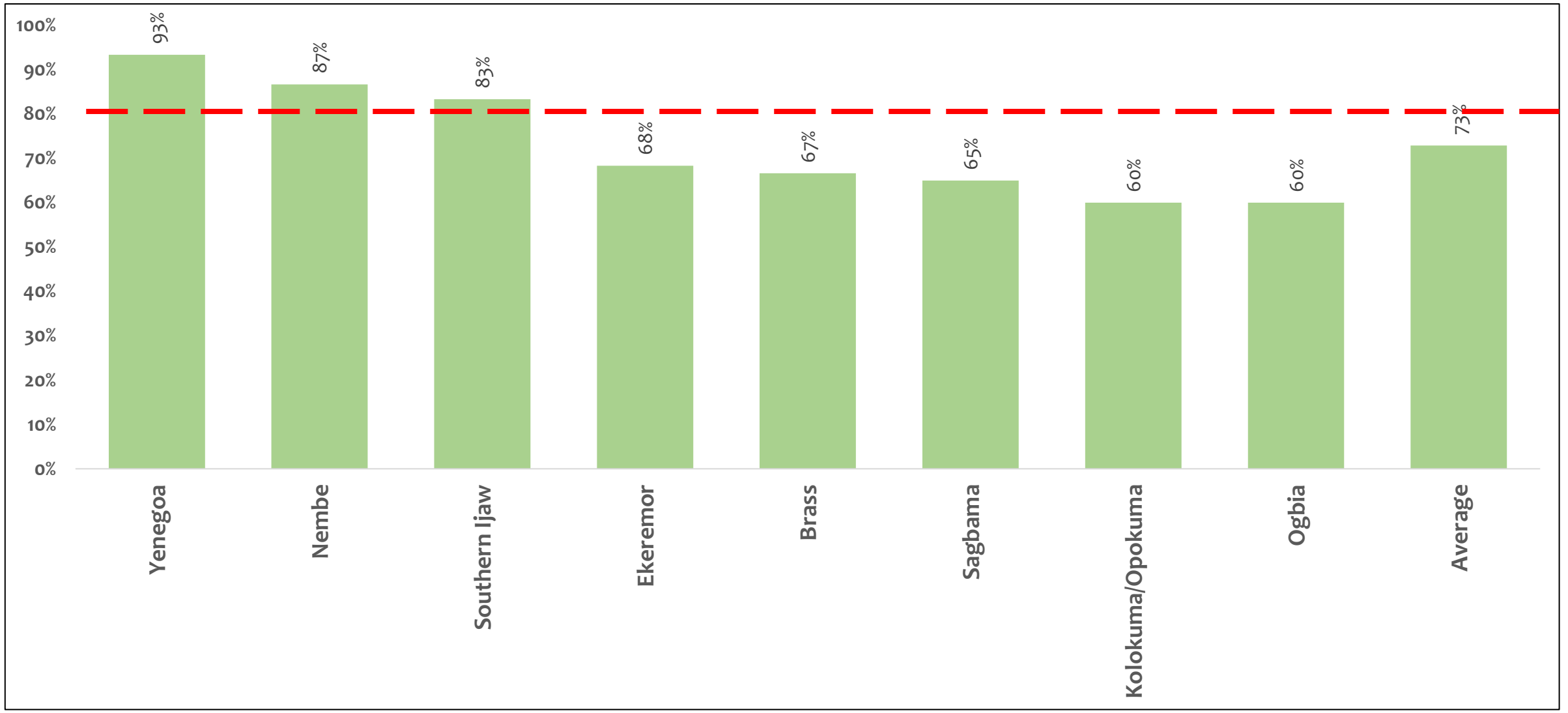
lgas	wards	HF	settlement	FI	PI	NI	Total Sampled	% Coverage
Sagbama	AGBERE	AGBERE PHC	ANAM CAMP	6	3	1	10	60%
	AGORO	OGOBIRI PHC	KENSINDE	7	1	2	10	70%
	OFONI 1	OFONI 1 PHC	SHELL BASE	9		1	10	90%
	OSEKWENIKE	OSIFO PHC	ABUETOR ANAM CAMP	3		7	10	30%
	TORU-EBENI	AYAMA-IBENI PHC	ENDERE	6	3	1	10	60%
	OFONI 2	OFONI 2 PHC	OKPONOVWE CAMP	8	1	1	10	80%
			CUMULATIVE	**39**	**8**	**13**	**60**	**65%**

Settlement Breakdown of those Fully immunized, Partially Immunized and Not Immunized in QTR 2 2024 LQAs

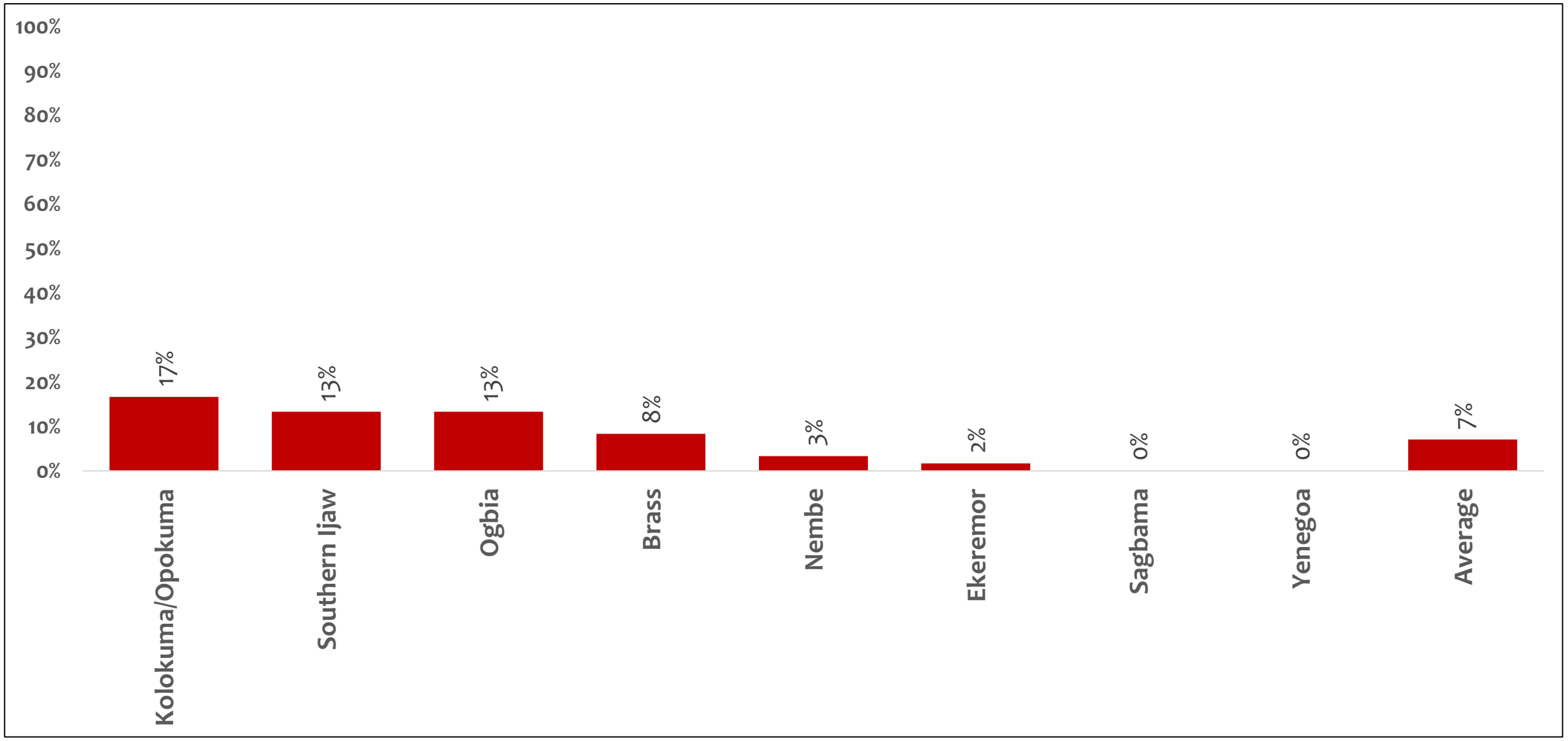
lgas	wards	HF	settlement	FI	PI	NI	Total Sampled	% Coverage
Southern Ijaw	AMASSOMA 3	GH AMASSOMA	OWEIDEI NORTH	10	0	0	10	100%
	ENEWARI	ENIWARI PHC	PROMISE CAMP	8	2	0	10	80%
	IGBOMATORU	IGBOMOTORU PHC	FISHING CAMPS.	10	0	0	10	100%
	OLODIAMA 1	IKEBIRI PHC	AYAKORO-AMA	10	0	0	10	100%
	AMASSOMA 1	ALOMU PHC	OGBOPINA AMA	10	0	0	10	100%
	OLODIAMA 2	TEBIDABA PHC	CAMP	10	0	0	10	100%
			CUMULATIVE	**58**	**2**	**0**	**60**	**97%**

lgas	wards	HF	settlement	FI	PI	NI	Total Sampled	% Coverage
Yenegoa	EPIE 3	Okaka/ekeki phc	Idide	10	0		10	100%
	EKPETIAMA 1	Bumondi-gbene phc	Famukunumo	9	0	1	10	90%
	BISENI 1	Tein hospital	Igiran	9	1		10	90%
	ATISSA 2	Famgbe phc	Ozugbo	10	0		10	100%
	ATISSA 3	Ogu phc	Ogugene 1	10	0		10	100%
	EKPETIAMA 1	Bumondi-gbene phc	Bumondi-gbene	8	2		10	80%
			CUMULATIVE	**56**	**3**	**1**	**60**	**93%**

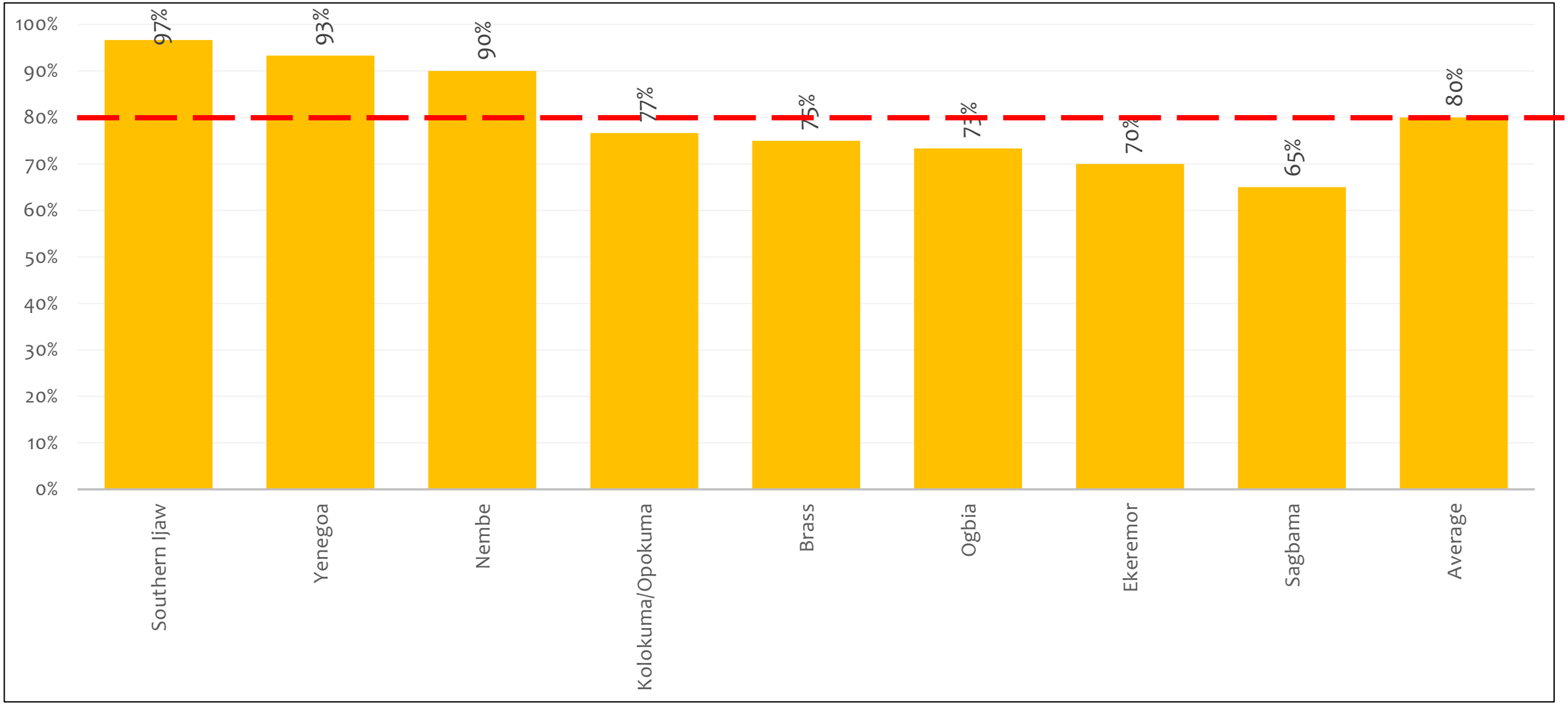
Proportion of children appropriately immunized for age (By Card only), 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa State



Proportion of children appropriately immunized for age (By History only), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

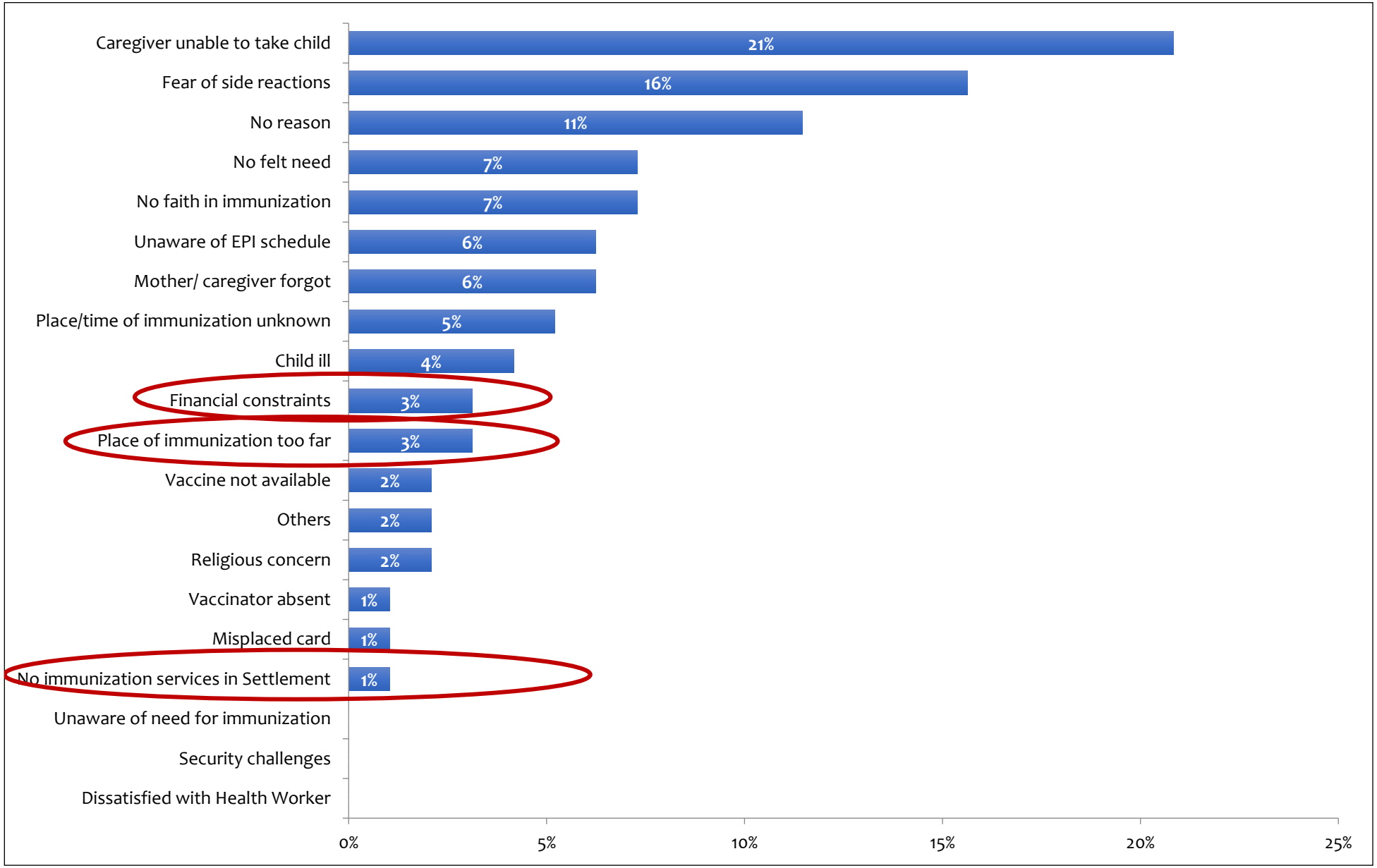


Proportion of children appropriately immunized for age (Card + History), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



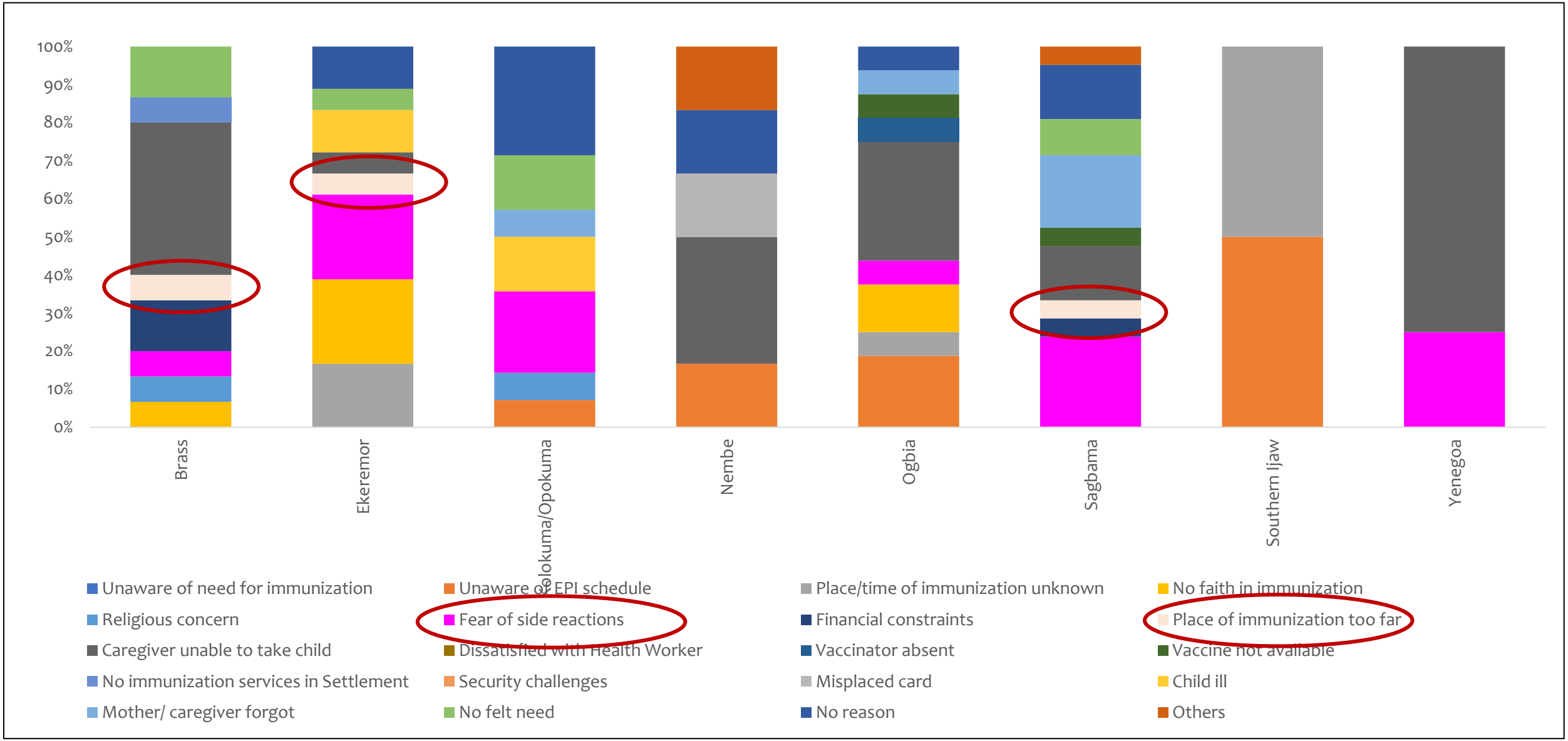
c. Results: Reasons for partially or not immunized

Reason for Partially/Not appropriately immunized for age, Mock LQAS, Bayelsa



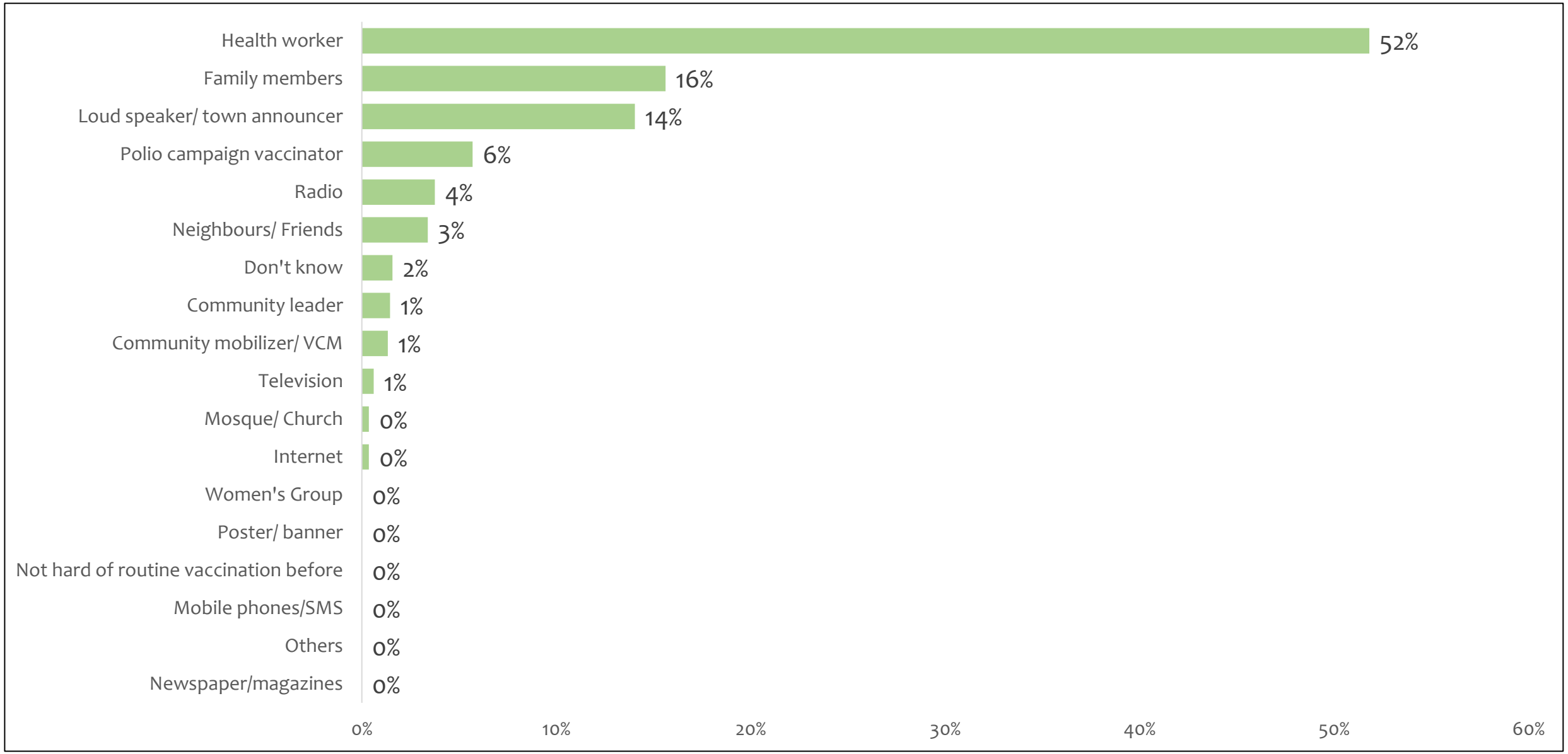
With the improved support for Outreaches to ensure all settlements are been reached regularly as well as supports from other partners (e.g ZIPLINE) to some Zero dose settlements, are there settlements not visited regularly and WHY?

Reason for Partially/Not appropriately immunized for age, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

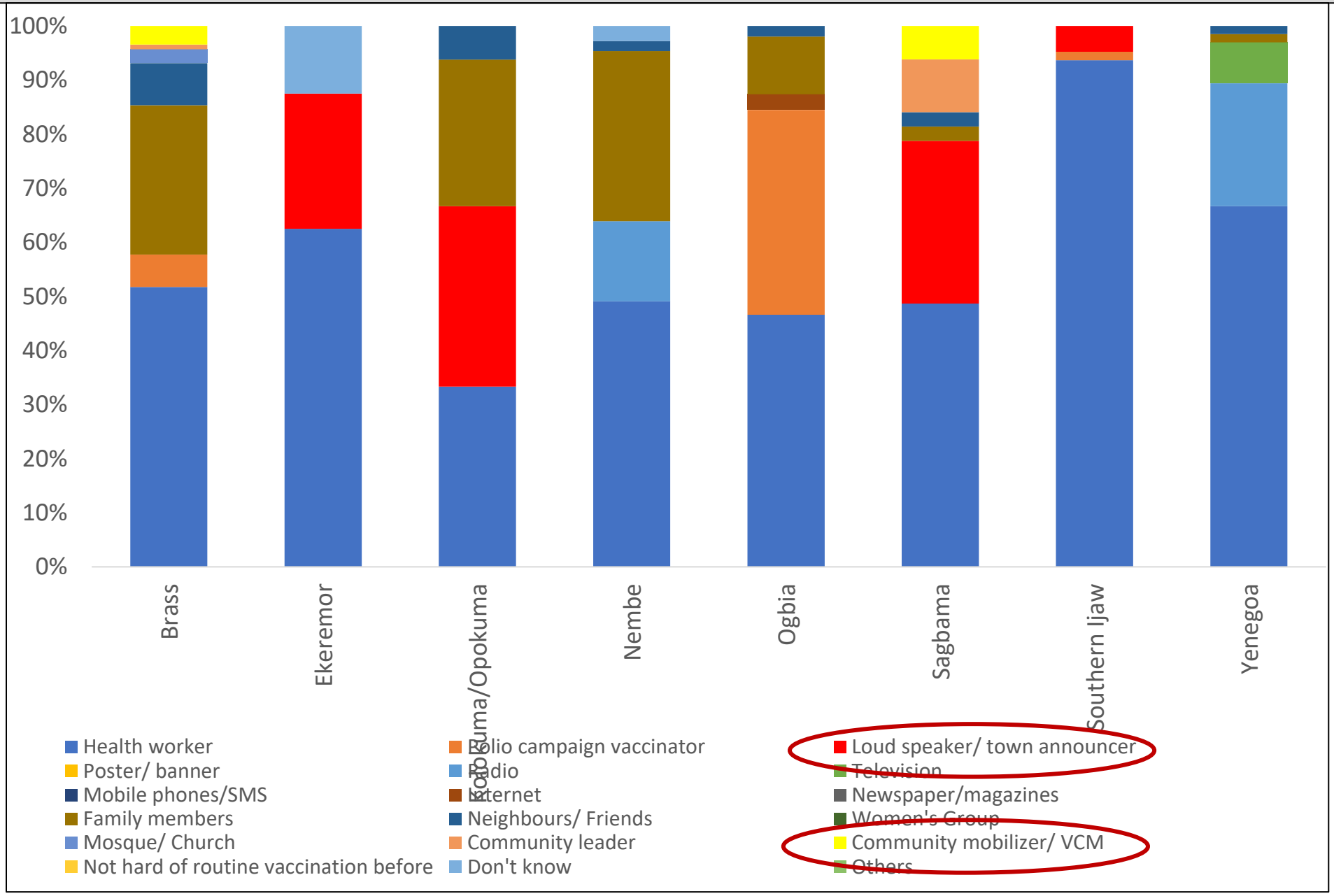


d. Results: Sources of Information for immunization services

Source of information about RI Services, Mock LQAS



Source of information about RI: Mock PAPA RI LQAS, Bayelsa



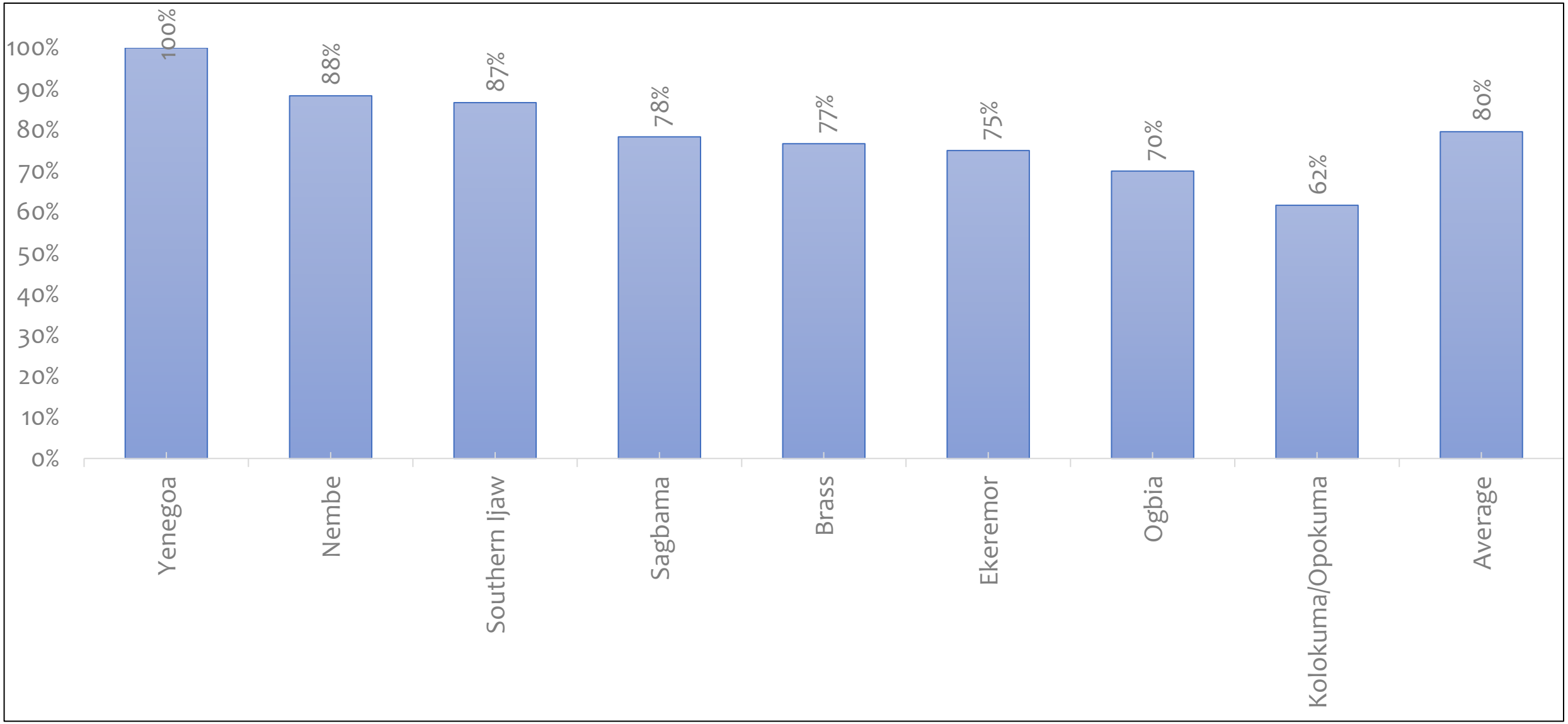
Noticeable impact of ACSM activities in some LGAs (Town announcement & Community Mobilizer activities) in **Brass, Kolokuma Opokuma, Ekeremor, Sagbama & Southern Ijaw.**

Is there an area of improvement needed in ACSM activities in the various LGAs.

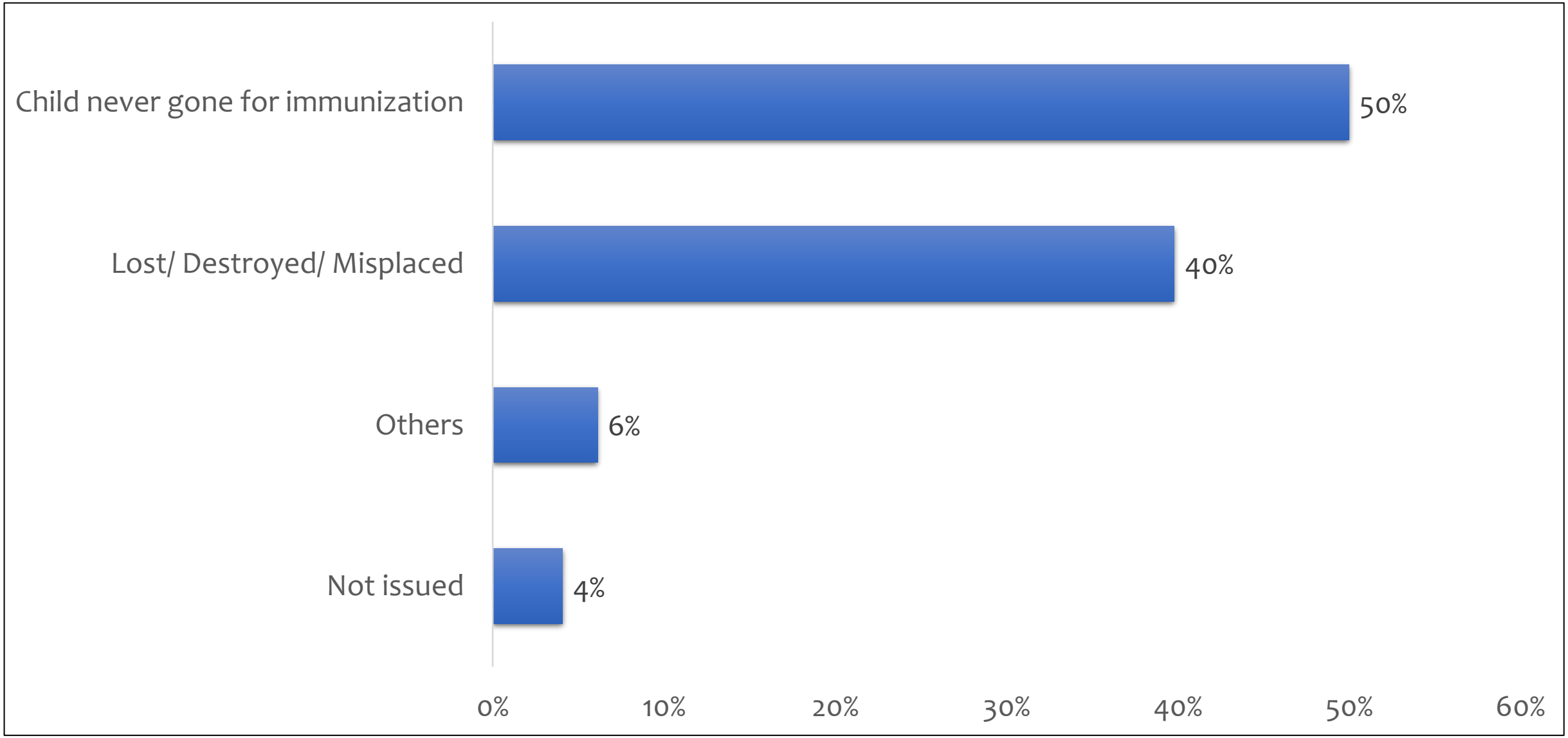
SUGGESTIONS

e. Results: Card Retention Rate

Proportion of children (0-11months) surveyed with Card by LGAs, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

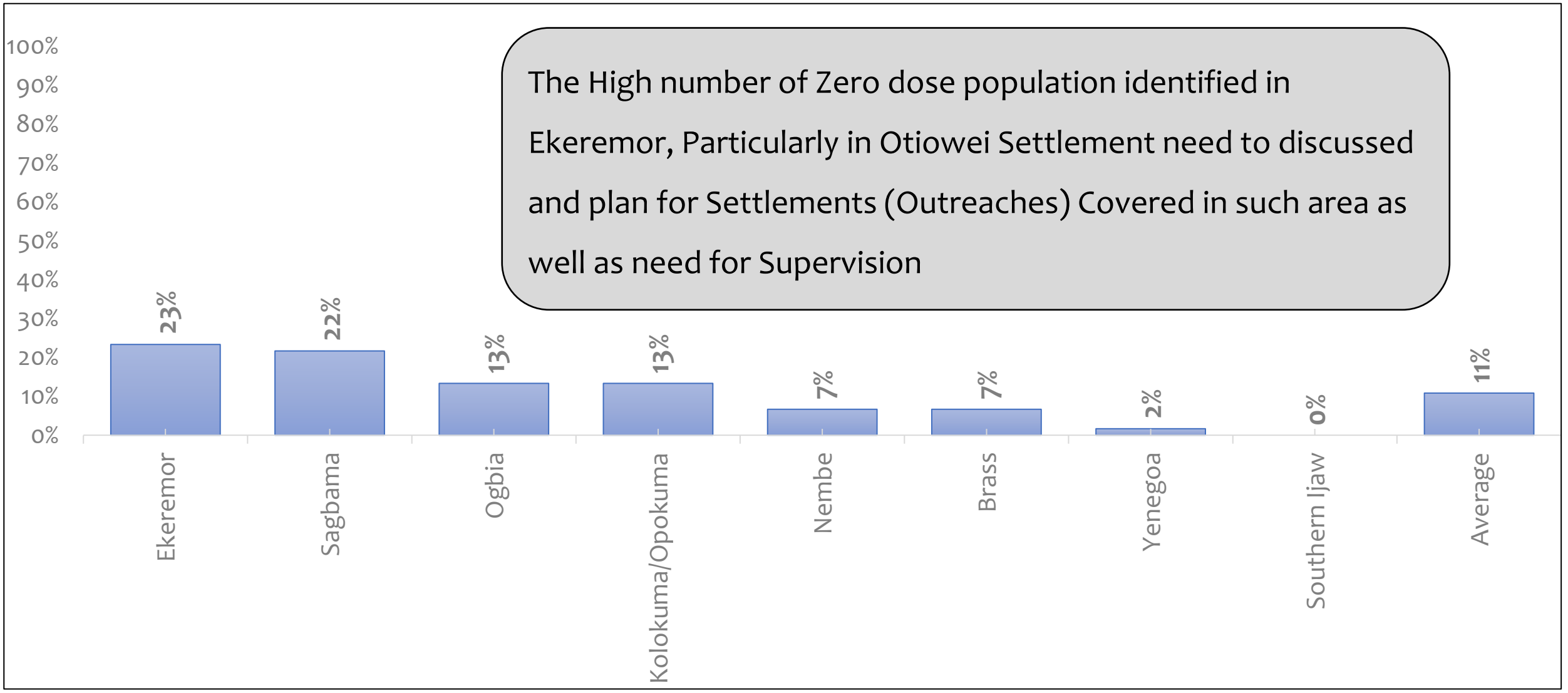


Reason for non-availability of child health card, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa (n=98)

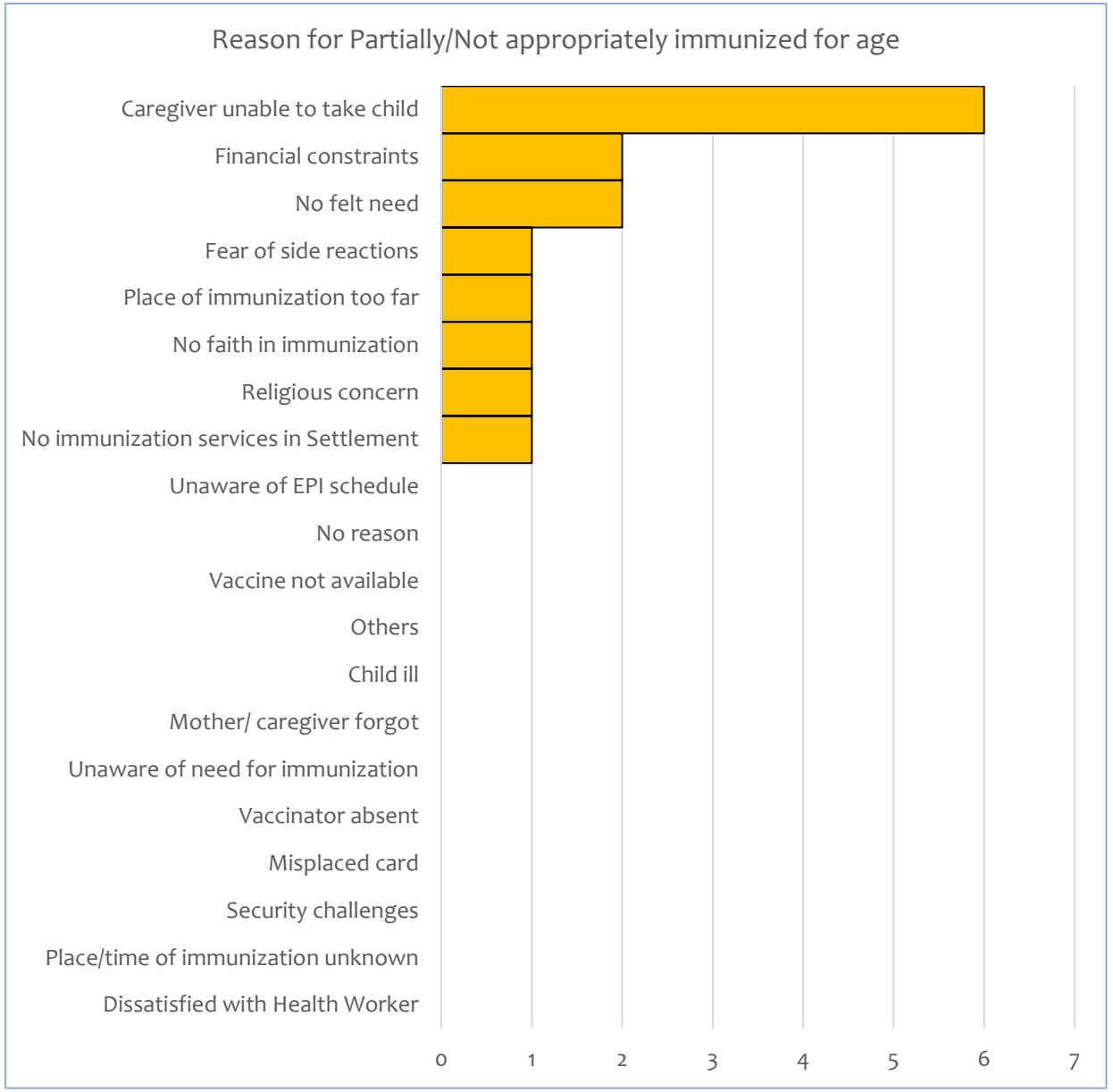


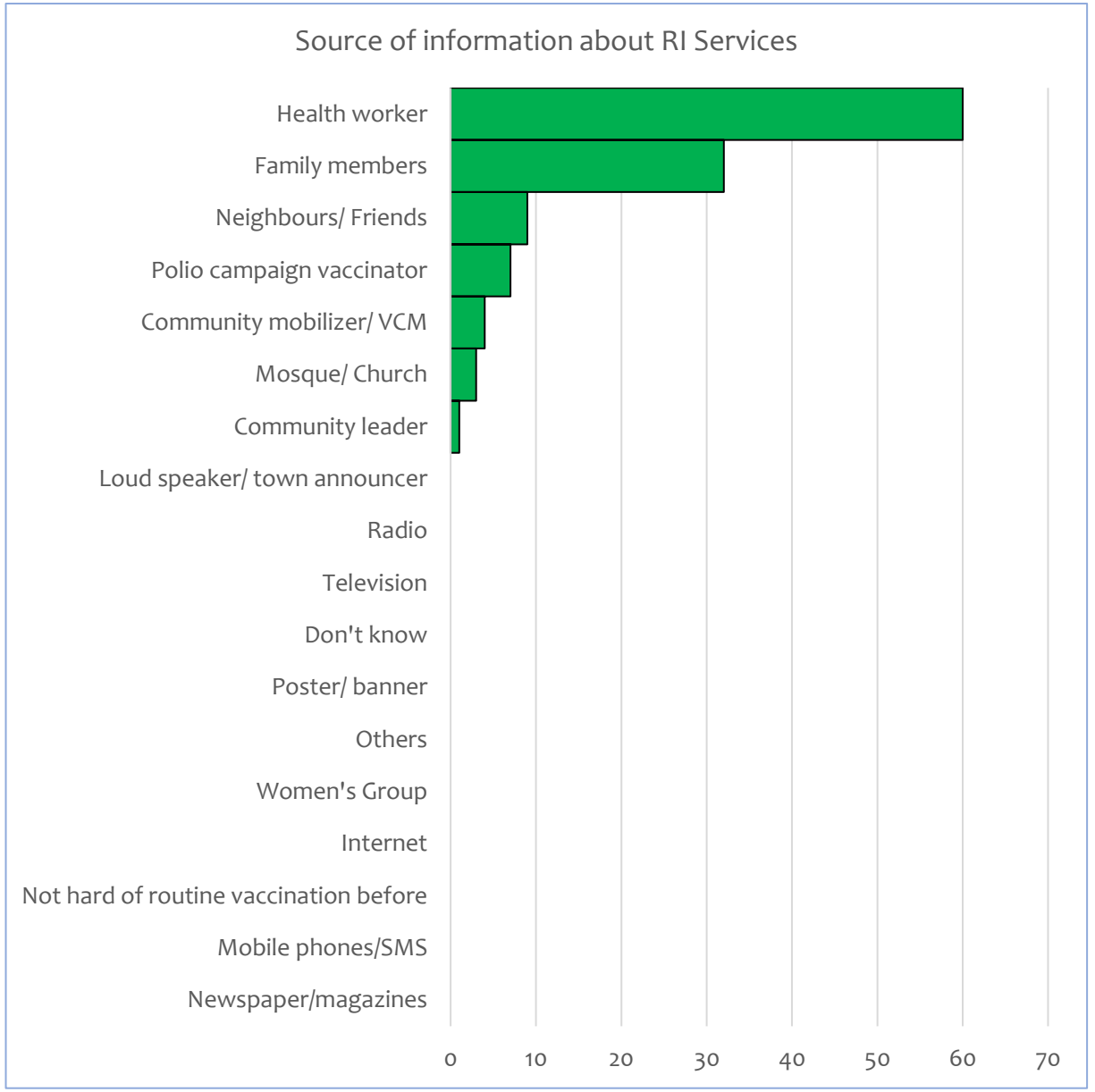
Zero dose children from LQAS

Proportion of children (0-11months) surveyed that are Zero Dose, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

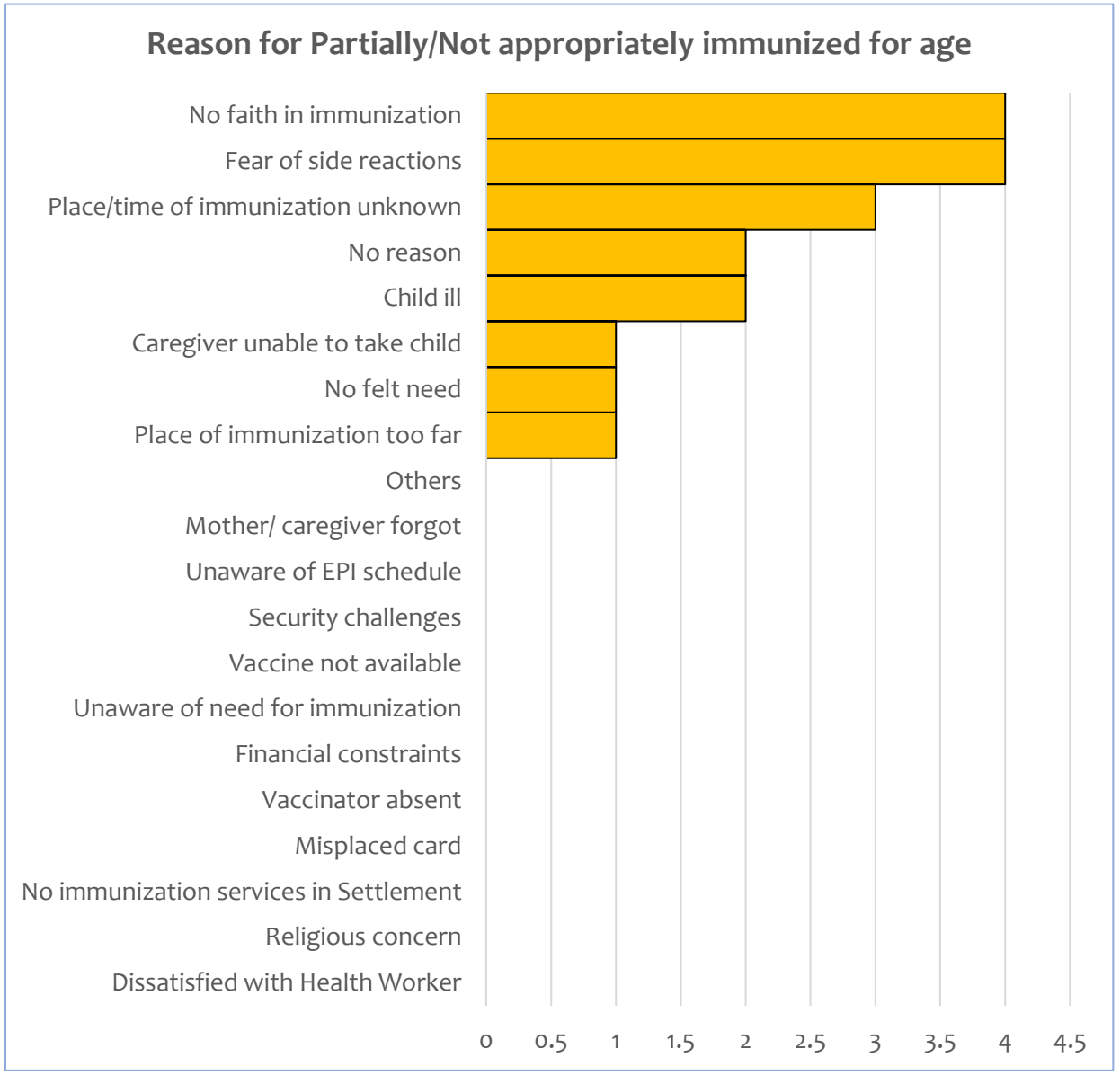


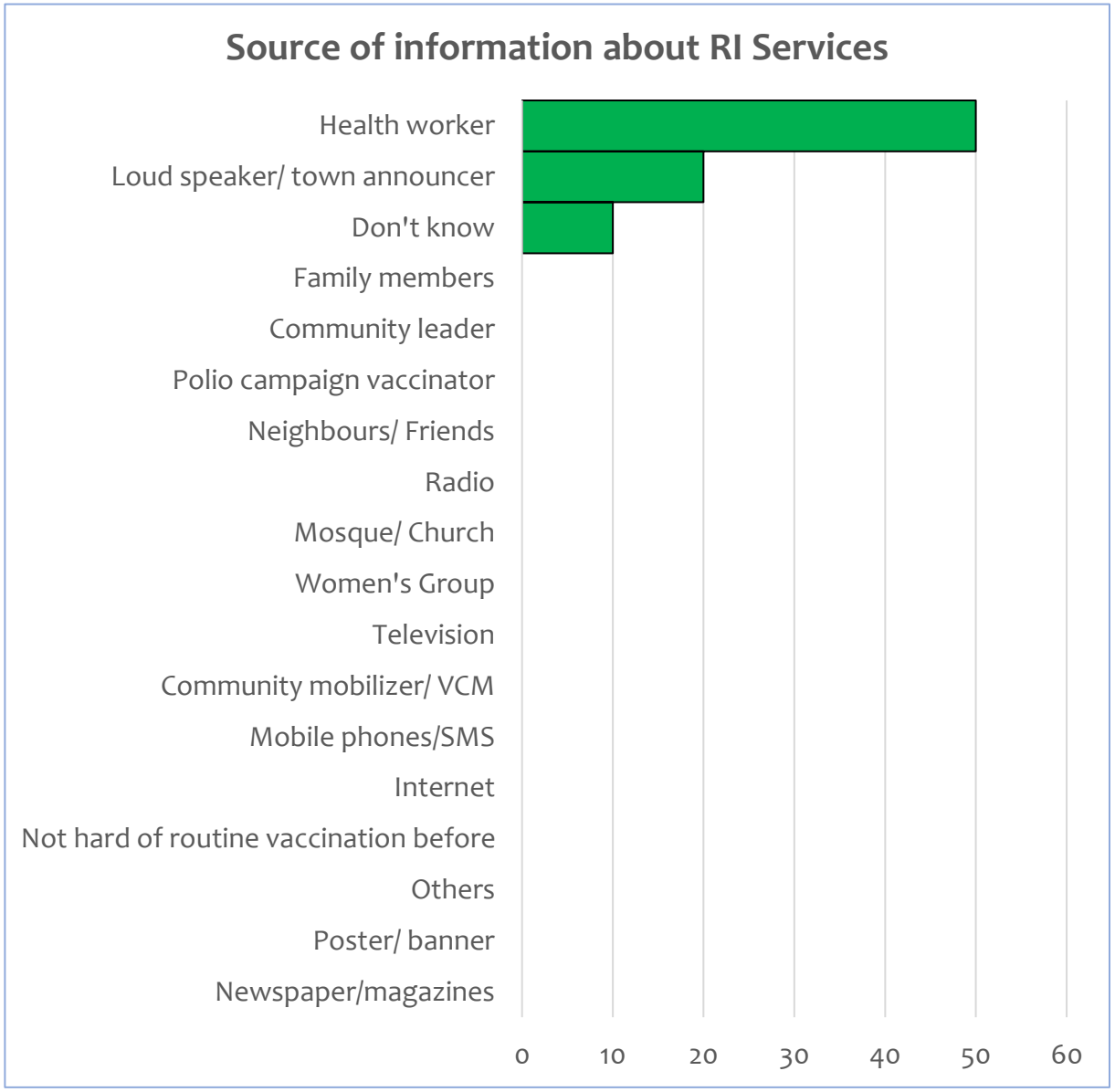
Brass LGA: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS



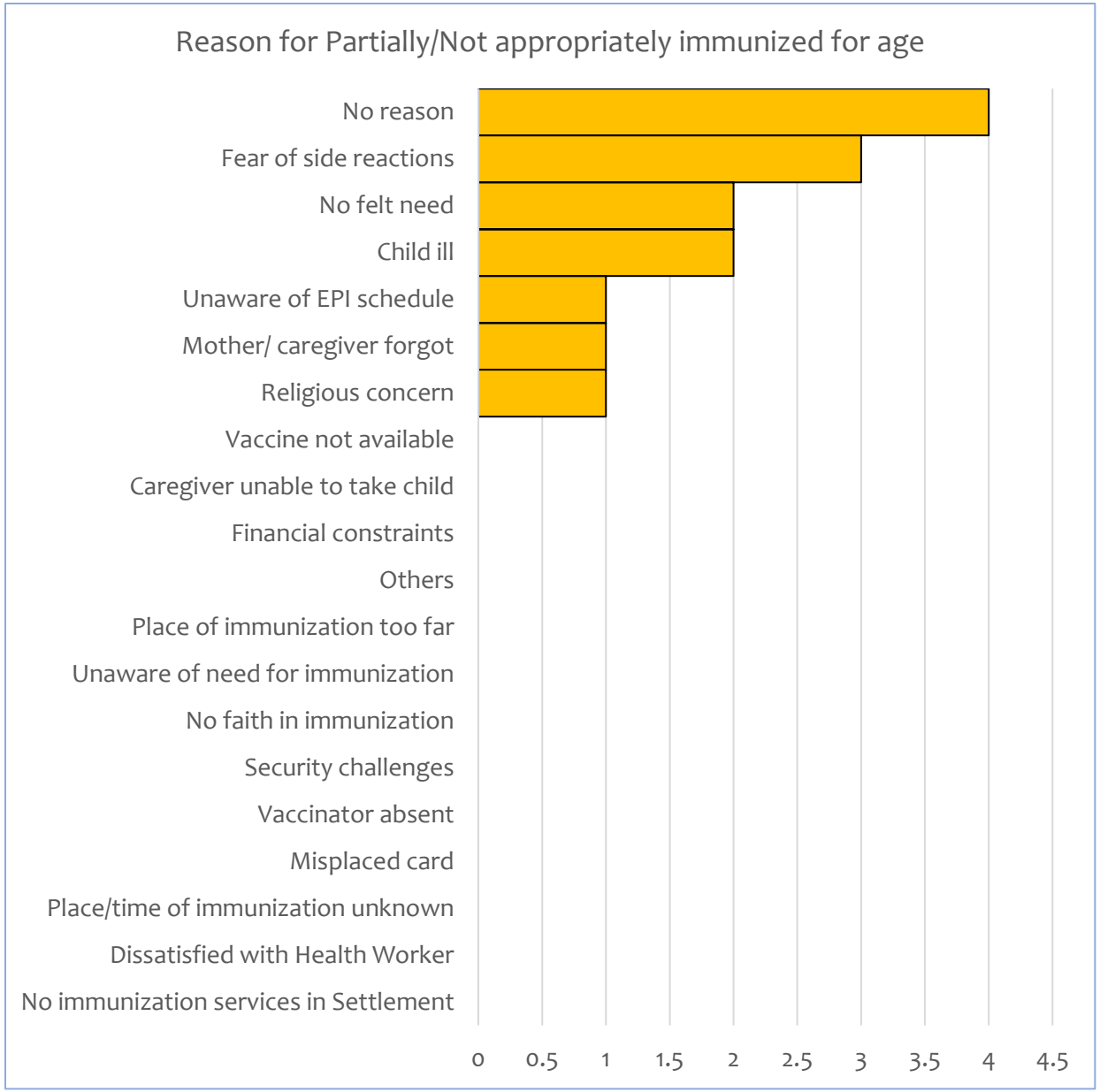


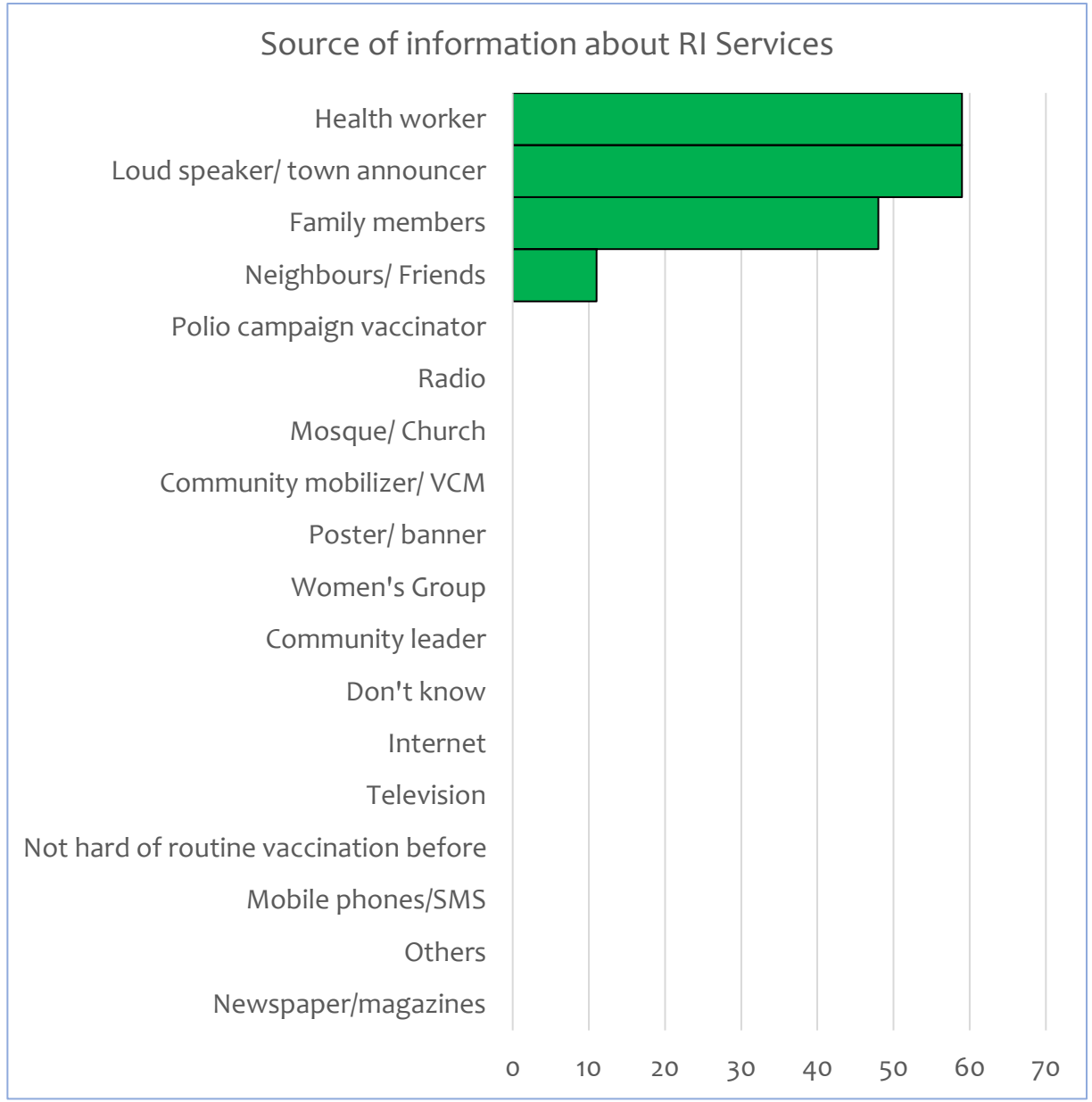
Ekeremor LGA: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS



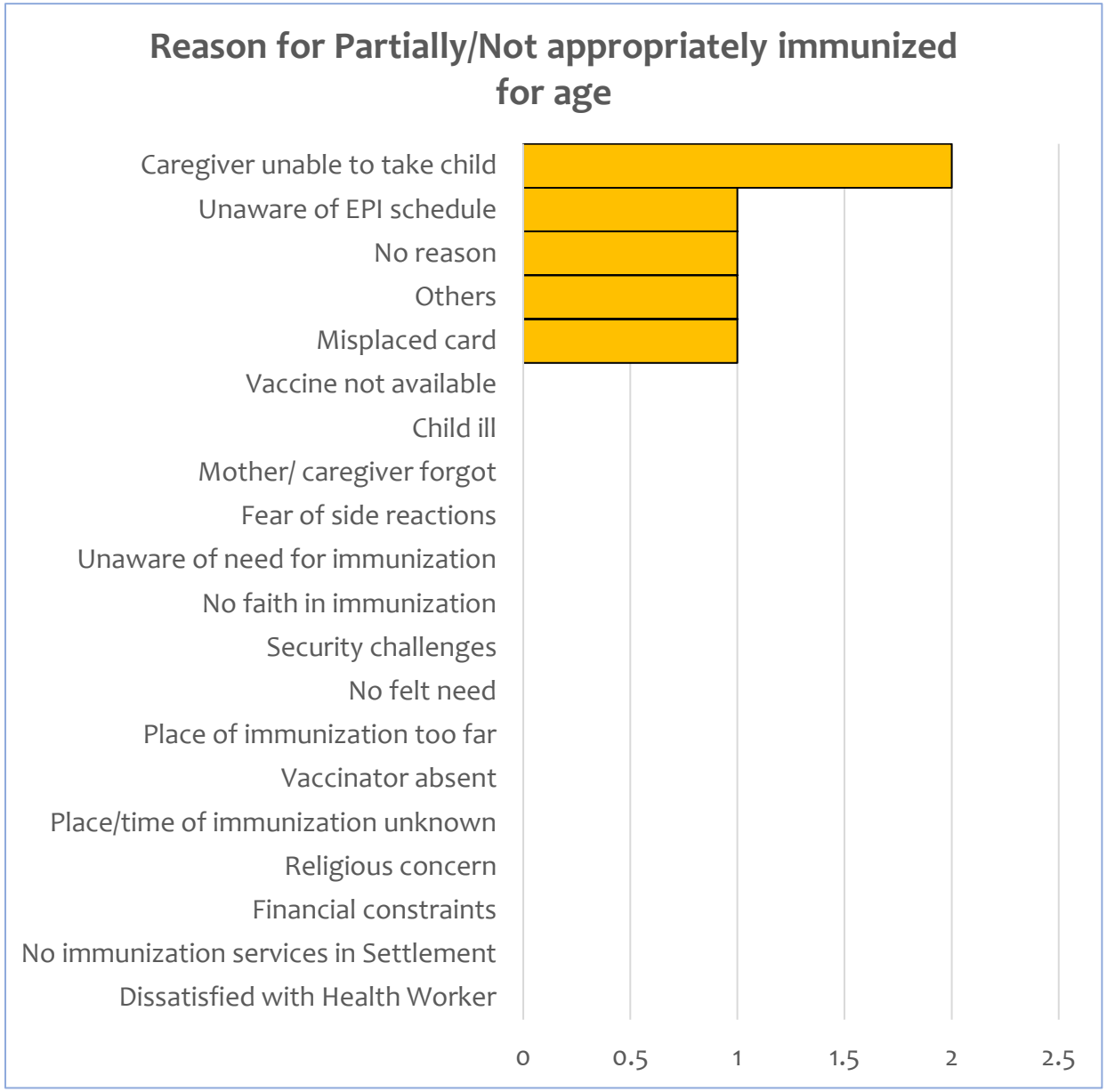


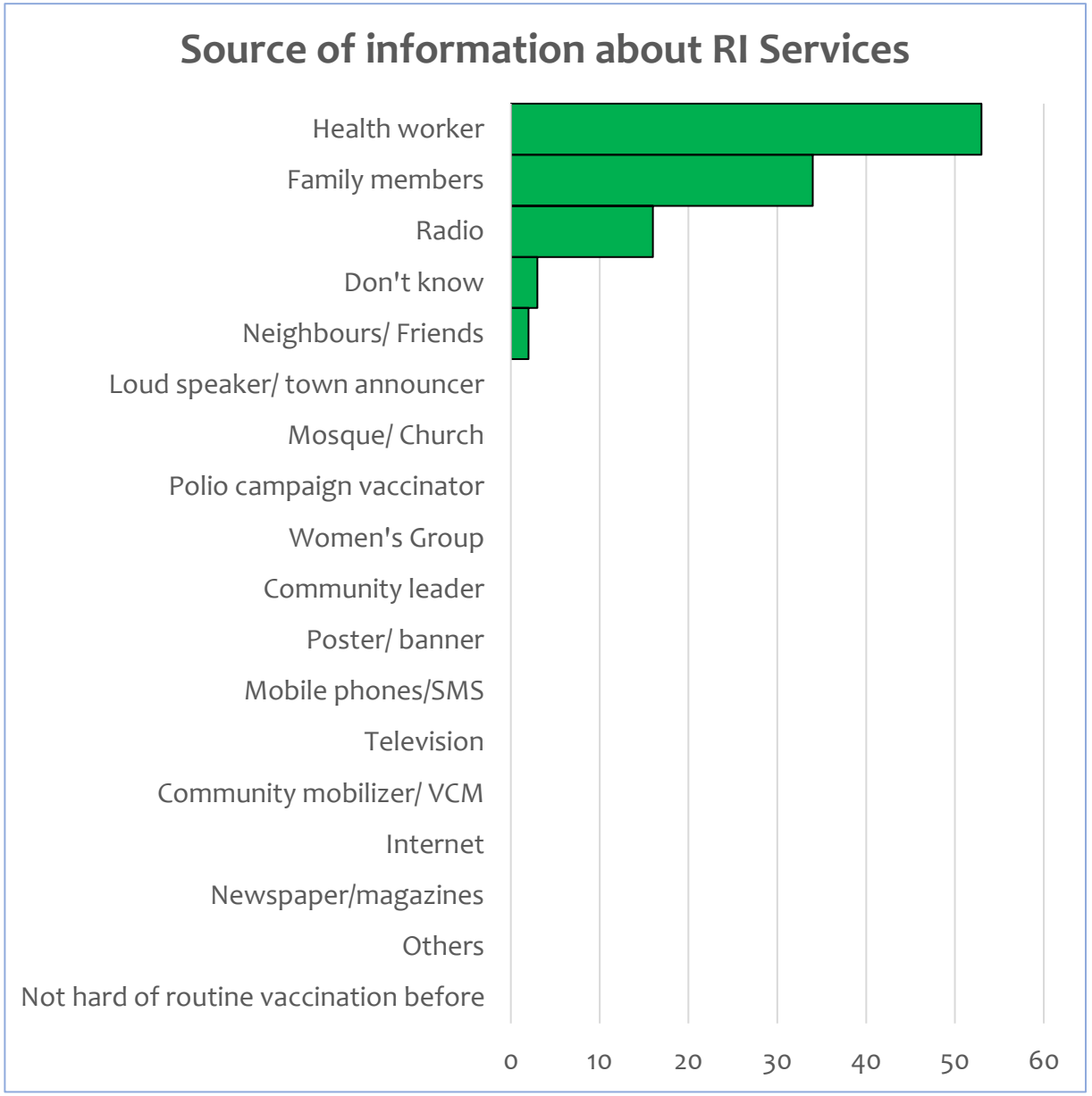
Kolokuma/Opokuma LGA: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS



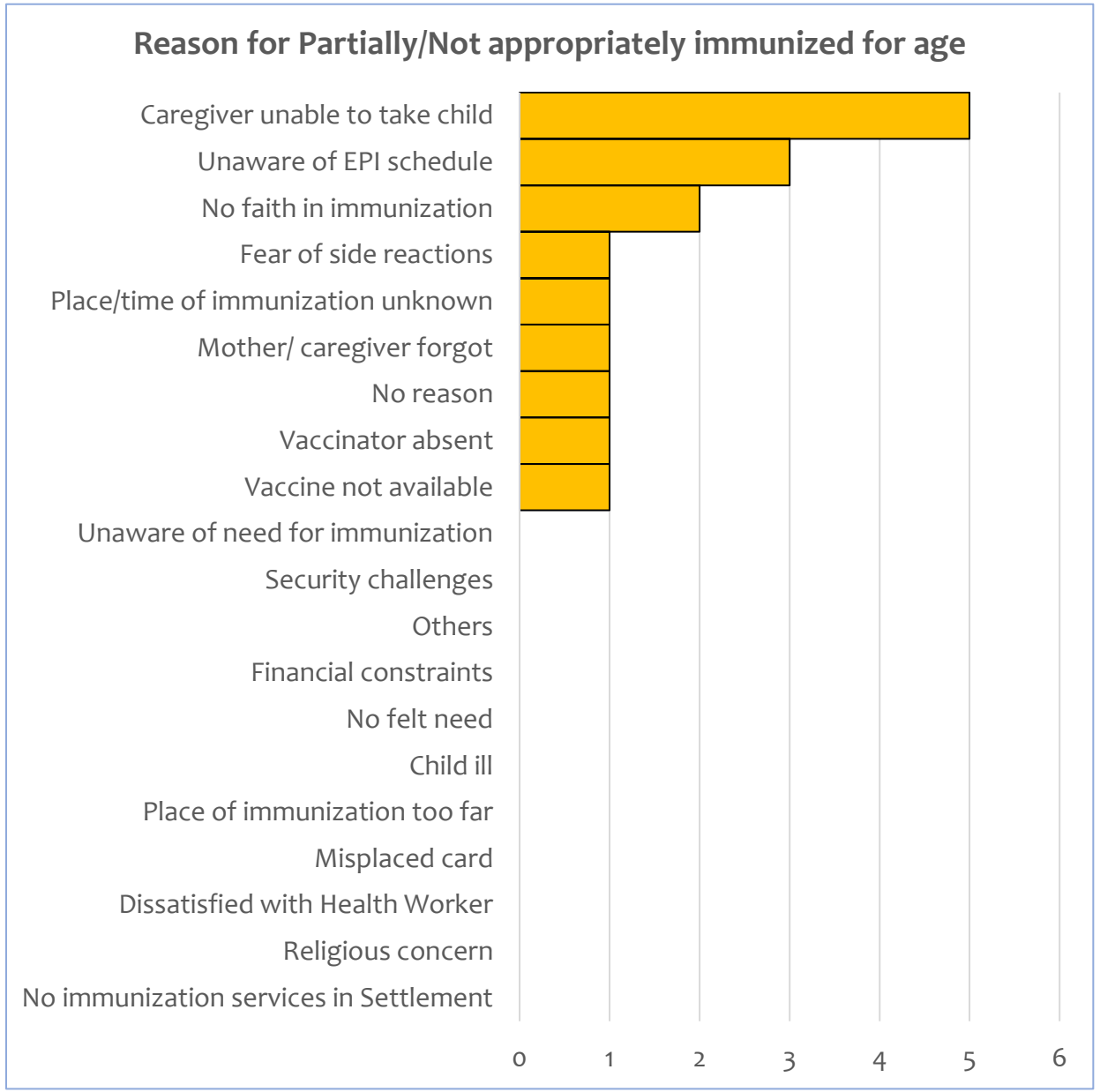


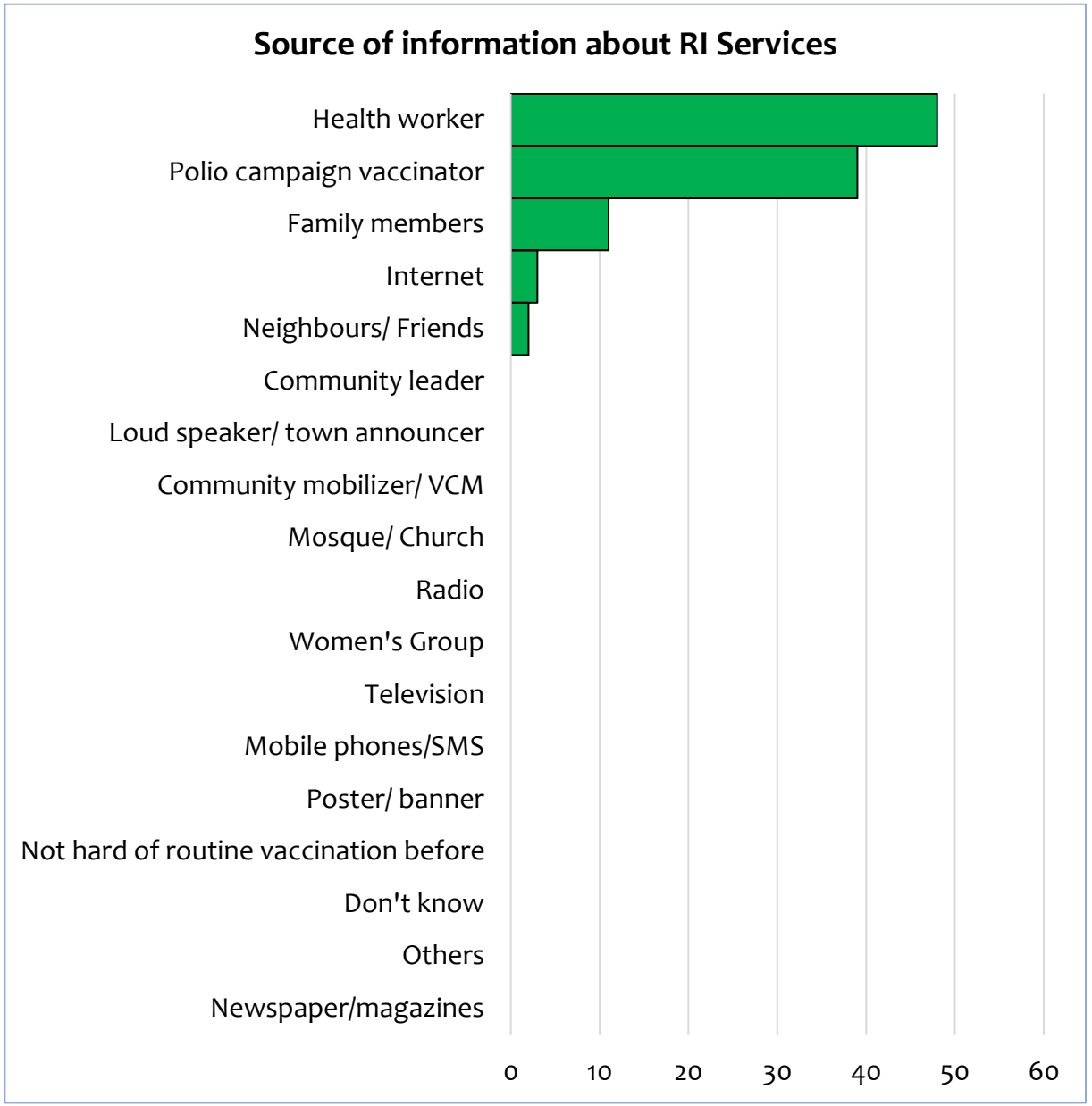
Nembe LGA: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS



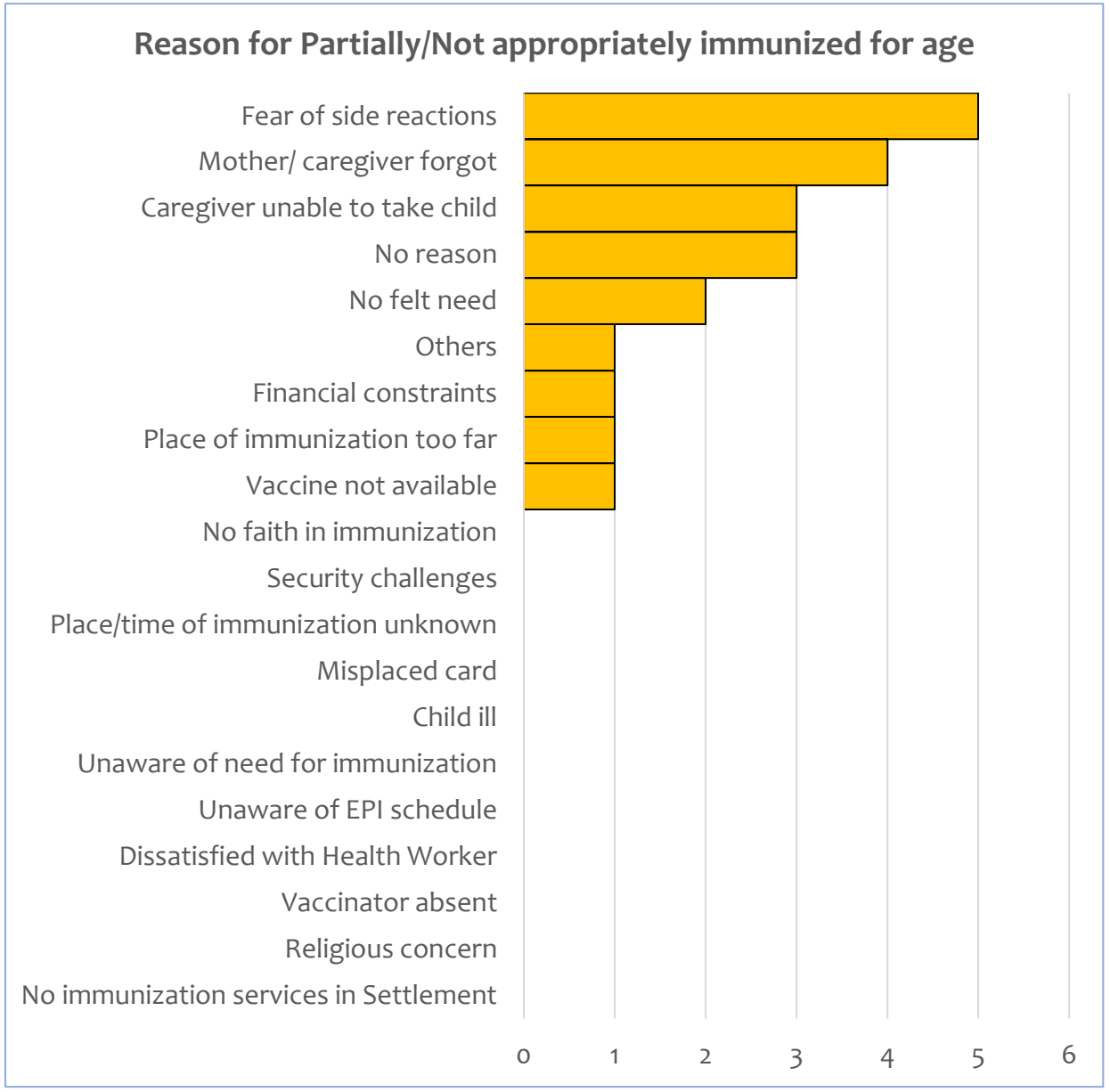


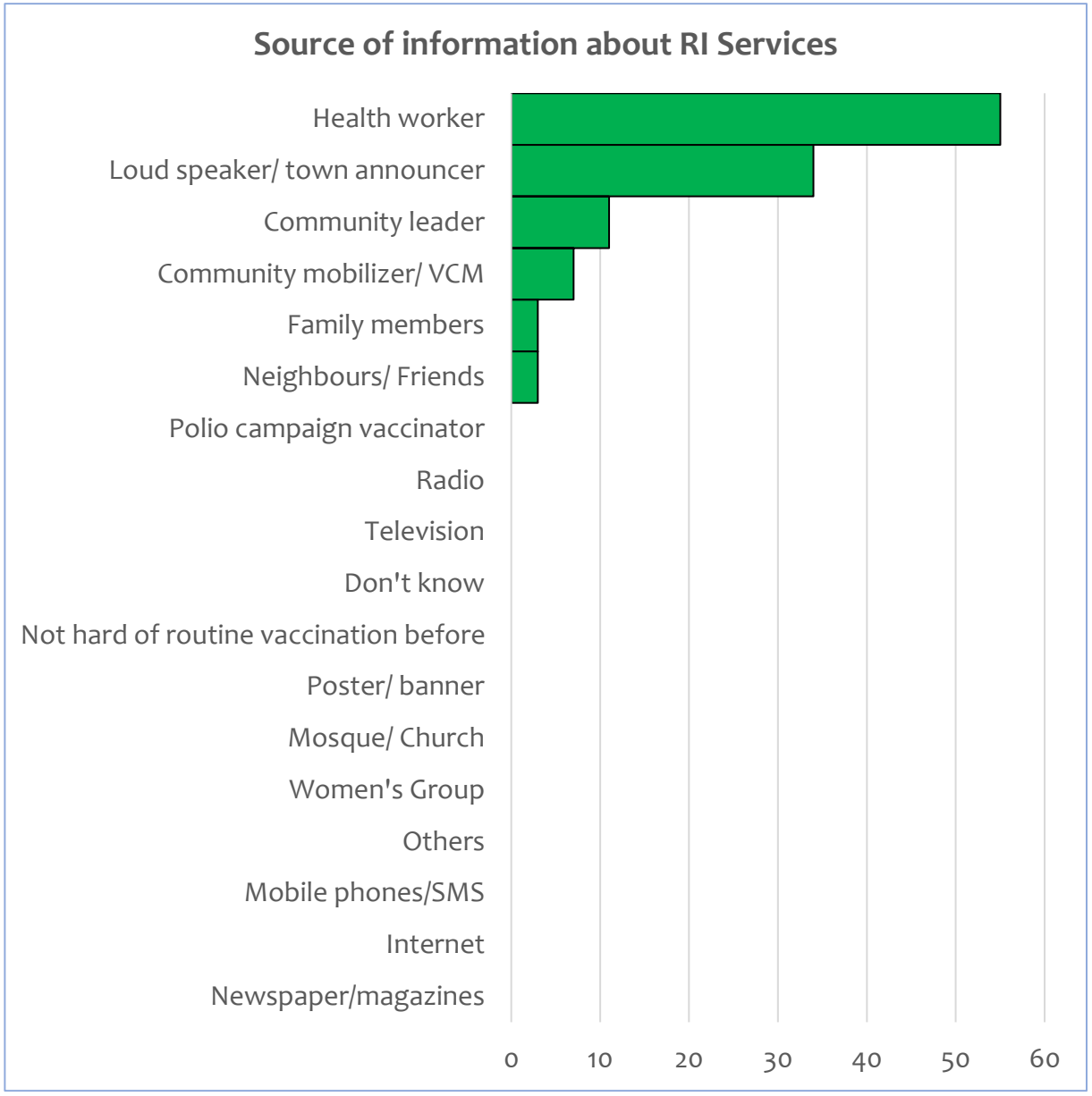
Ogbia LGA: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS



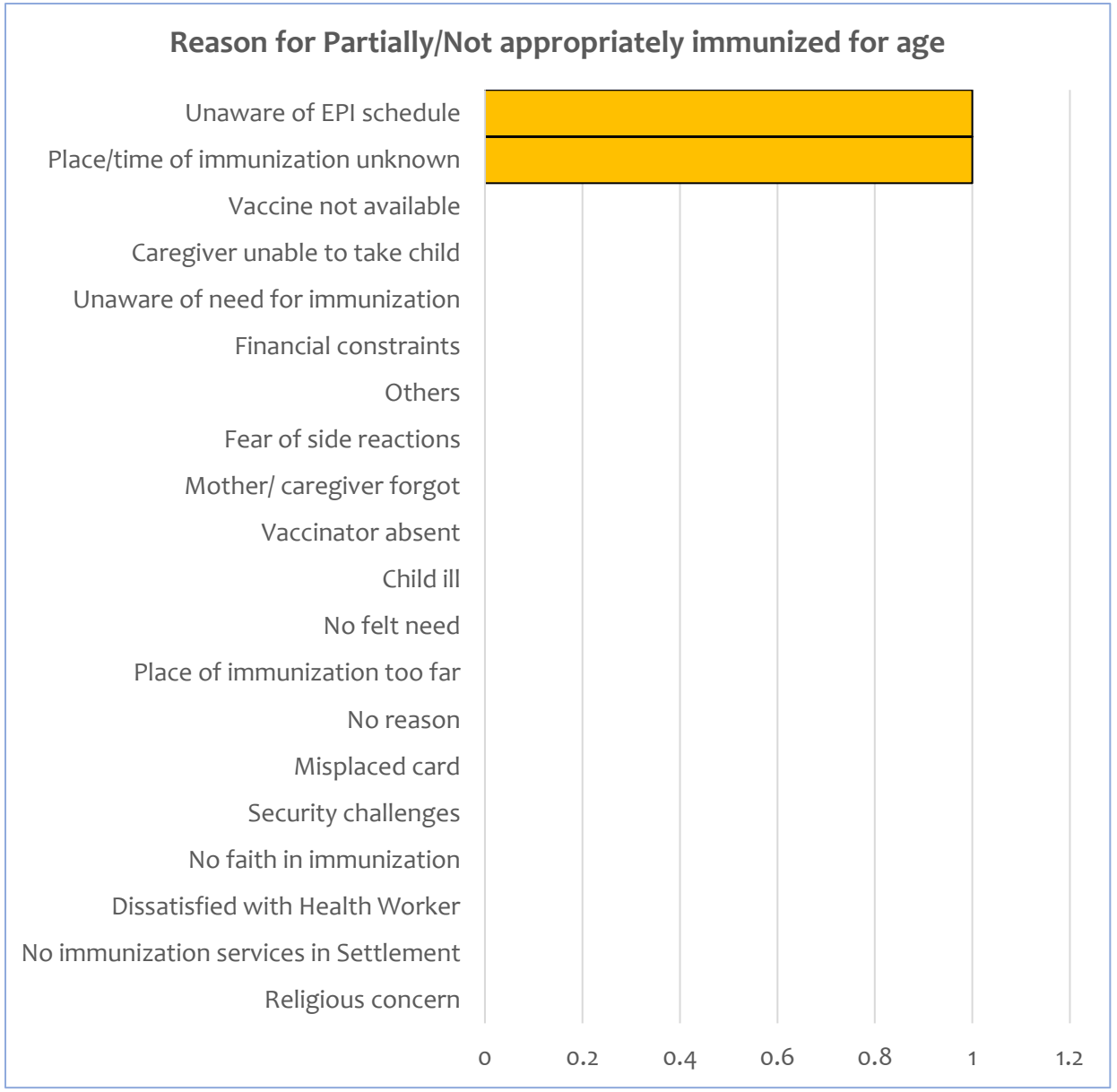


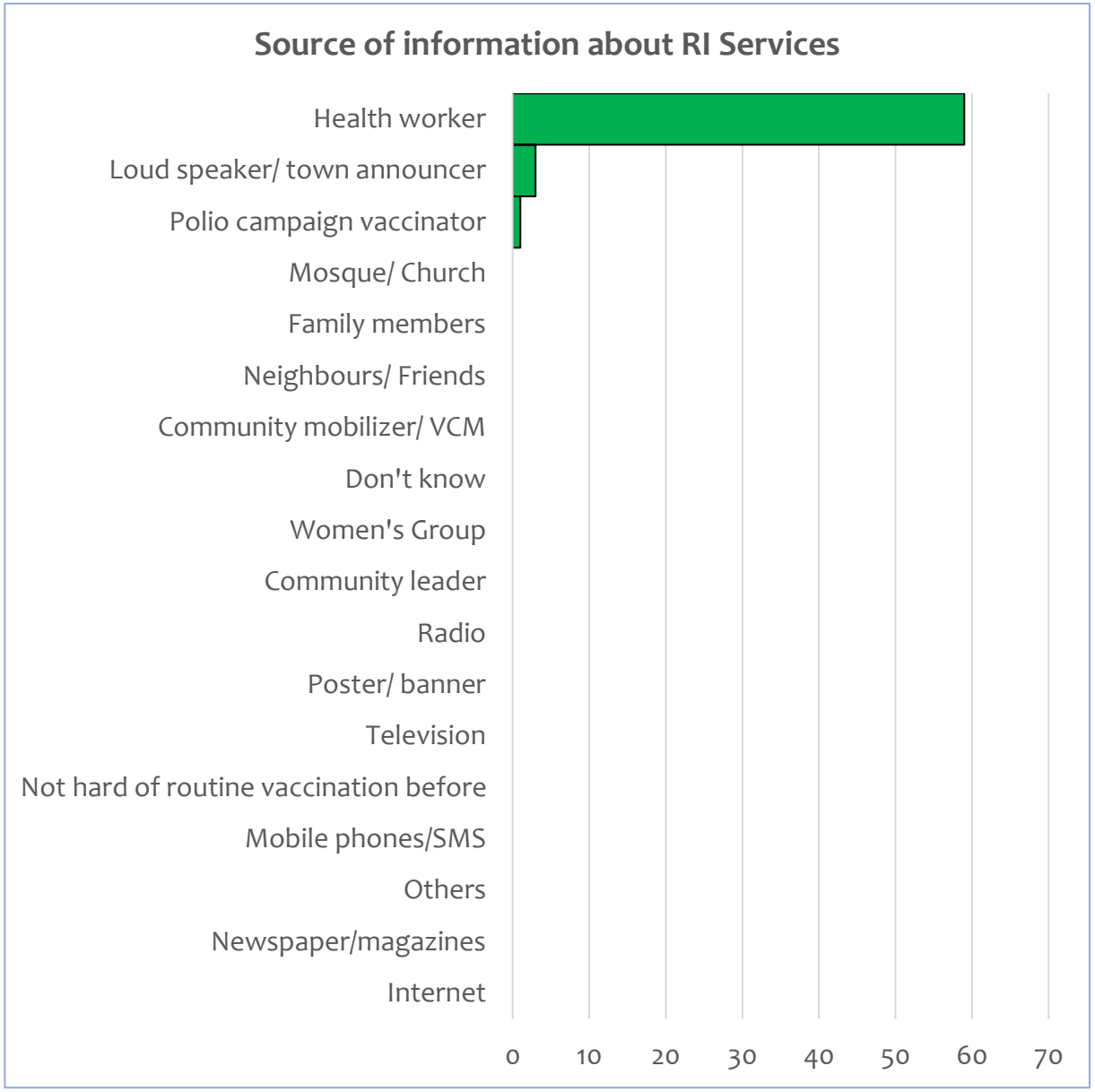
Sagbama LGA: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS



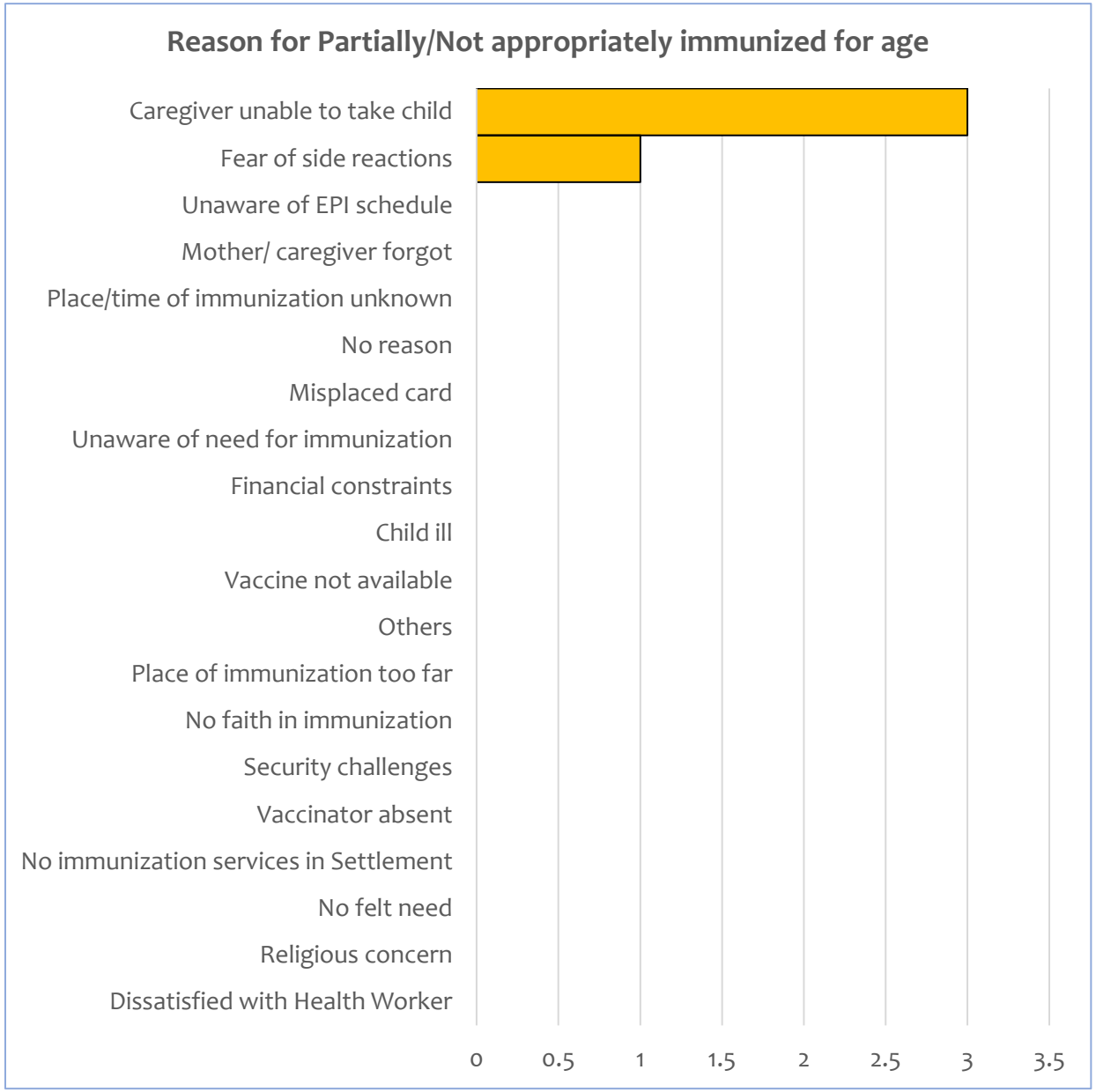


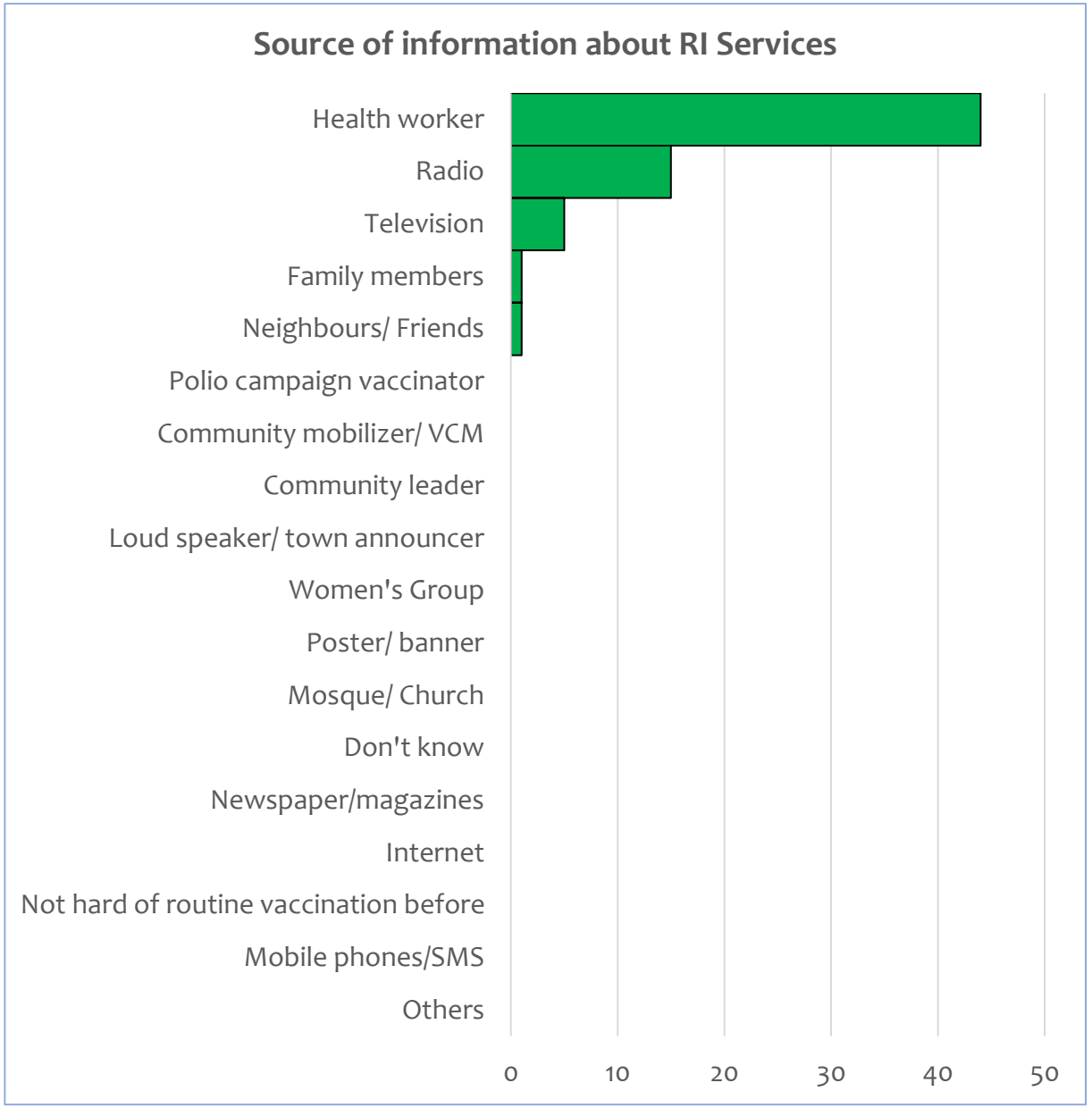
Southern Ijaw LGA: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS





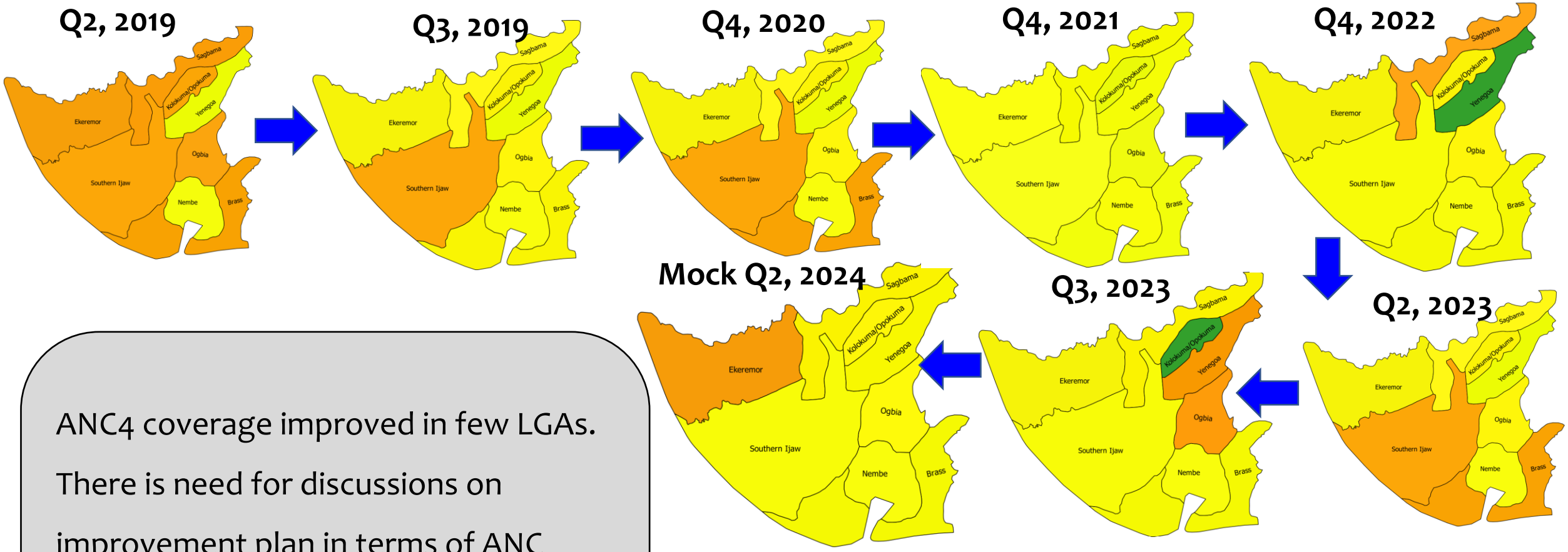
Yenegoa LGA: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS





2. RMNCAH + N

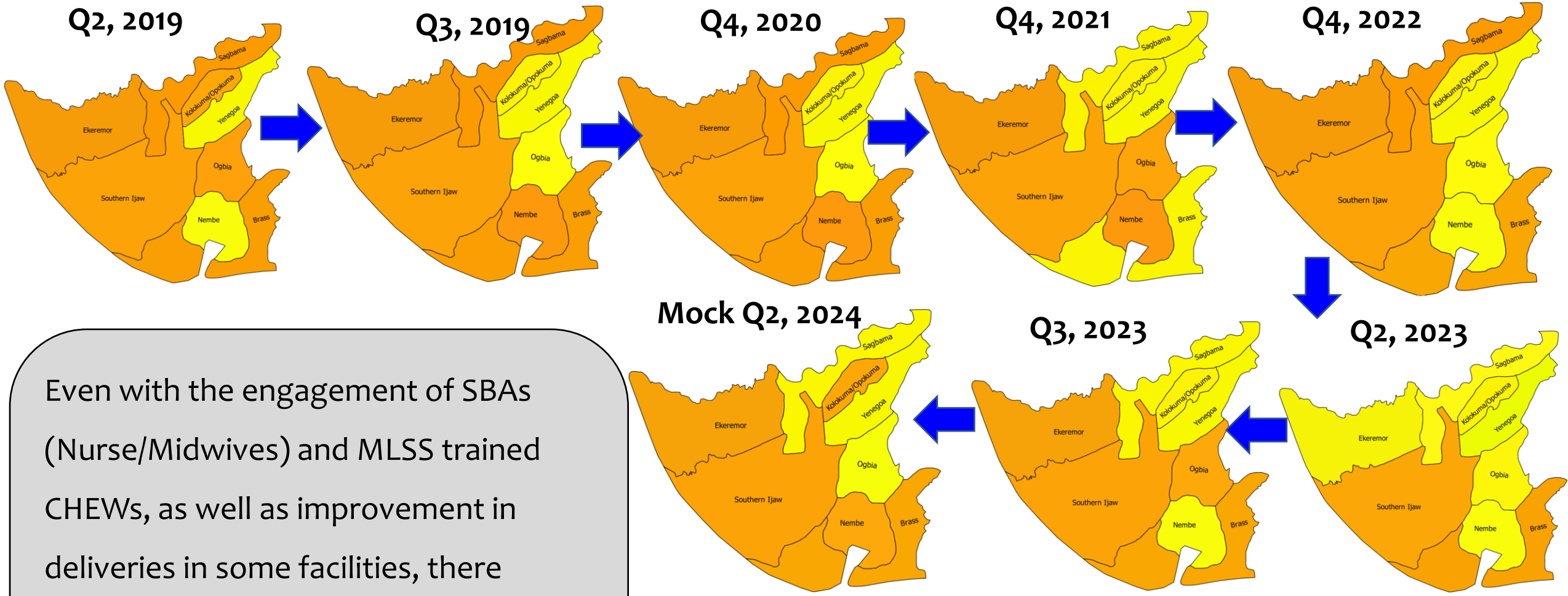
Trends of ANC4 Coverage PAPA LQAS results Q2,2019 – Q2, 2024



ANC4 coverage improved in few LGAs. There is need for discussions on improvement plan in terms of ANC activities and providing adequate services at an optimal and affordable rate

Children Missed
0-8
9-32
33-56
57-60

Trends of SBA Coverage PAPA LQAS results Q2,2019 – Q2, 2024

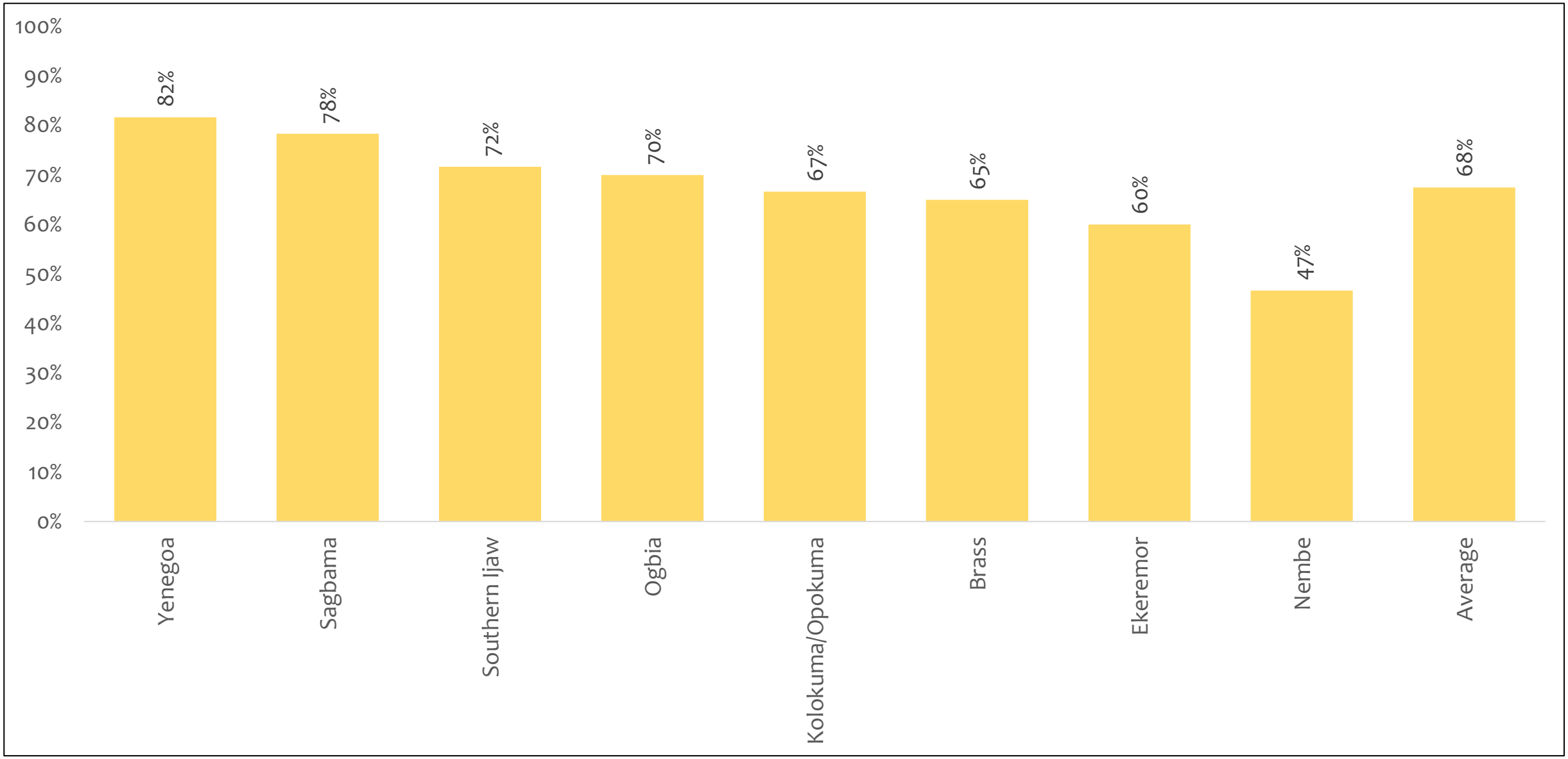


Even with the engagement of SBAs (Nurse/Midwives) and MLSS trained CHEWs, as well as improvement in deliveries in some facilities, there remains a major gap and a long way to go towards strengthening deliveries by SBAs

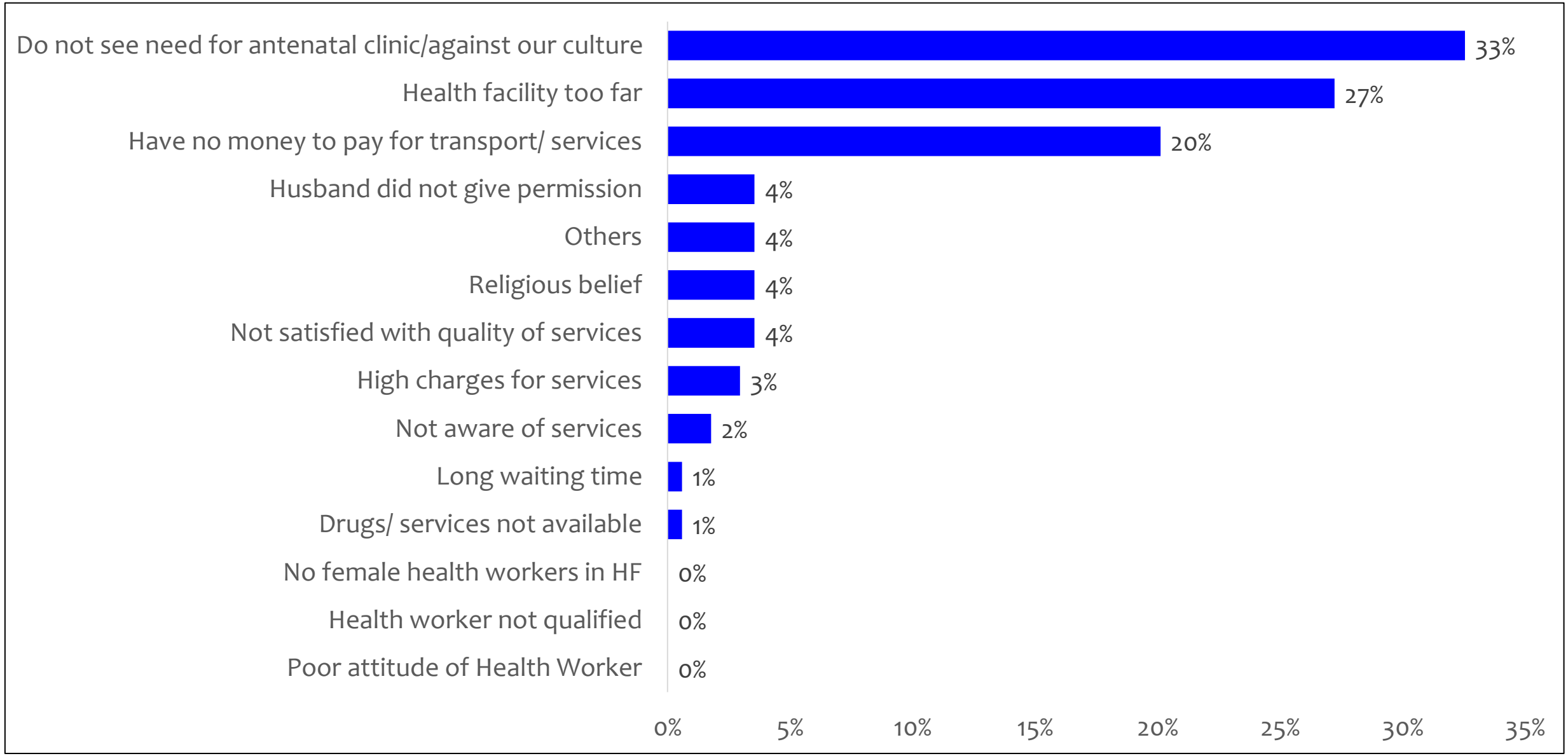
Bayelsa STATE: SBA/ANC4 – Trends of Number of sampled women that the delivery of their babies were not attended by Skilled Birth Attendant (SBA) and women that did not attend four or more Antenatal Clinics during pregnancy (ANC4), Q2 2024 Mock PAPA RMNCH-LQAS

		ANC 4								SBA							
State	LGA	Q2 2019	Q3-2019	Q4-2020	Q4-2021	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2019	Q3-2019	Q4-2020	Q4-2021	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2 2024
Bayelsa	Brass	51	28	33	13	17	33	24	24	51	49	40	31	40	44	44	38
Bayelsa	Ekeremor	35	22	24	26	23	9	22	33	35	41	44	38	41	22	36	45
Bayelsa	Kolokuma Opokuma	33	14	22	17	14	18	7	26	33	28	26	29	26	30	14	42
Bayelsa	Nembe	24	21	30	21	18	18	17	32	24	36	39	39	31	29	30	46
Bayelsa	Ogbia	43	25	22	20	13	21	40	23	43	28	31	35	30	32	35	29
Bayelsa	Sagbama	35	26	26	18	41	17	24	16	35	37	33	32	45	21	23	16
Bayelsa	Southern Ijaw	44	41	41	31	30	43	30	23	44	43	44	45	43	42	38	33
Bayelsa	Yenagoa	19	15	23	13	7	12	37	12	19	27	19	24	16	24	32	18
		Q2 2019	Q3-2019	Q4-2020	Q4-2021	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2 2024	Q2 2019	Q3-2019	Q4-2020	Q4-2021	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2 2024
	LGAs Surveyed	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
	0-8	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	9-32	2	7	6	8	6	6	5	7	2	3	3	4	4	6	4	3
	33-56	6	1	2	0	1	2	2	1	6	5	5	4	4	2	4	5
	57-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

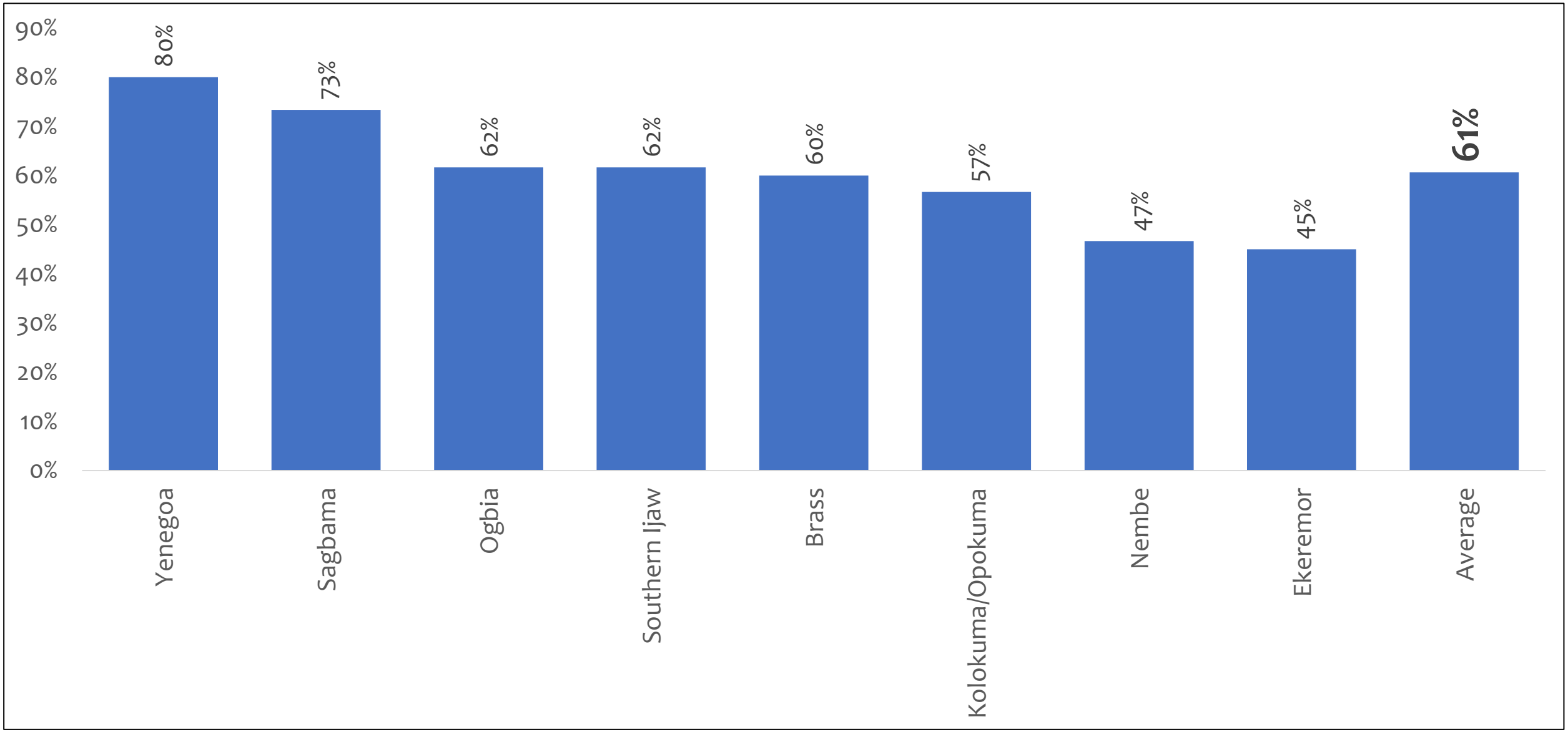
Proportion of sampled women that attended Antenatal Clinics during pregnancy of the index children (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



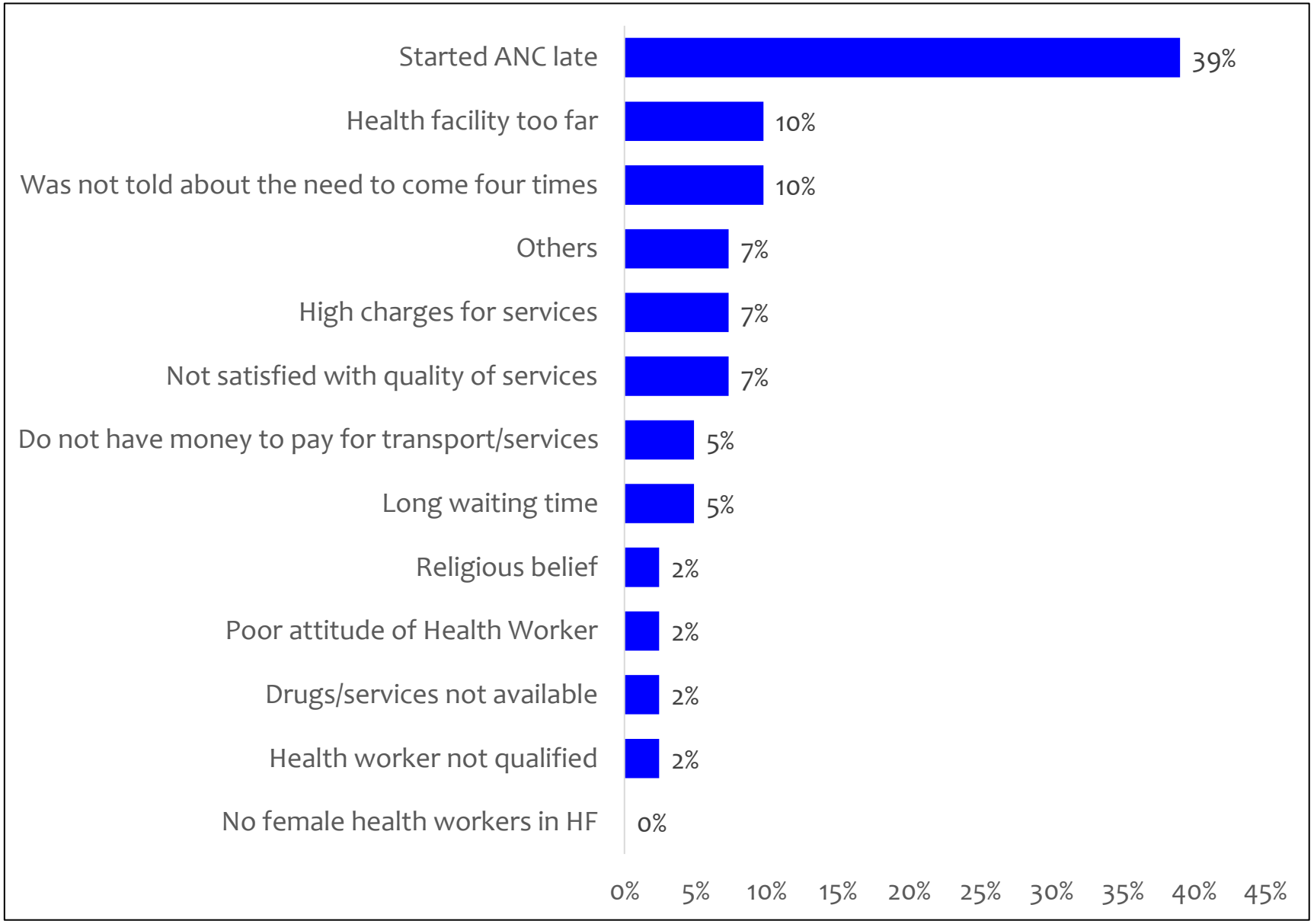
Reasons why women did NOT attend antenatal Clinics during pregnancy of the index children (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



Proportion of sampled women that attended 4 or more Antenatal Clinics during pregnancy of the index children (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

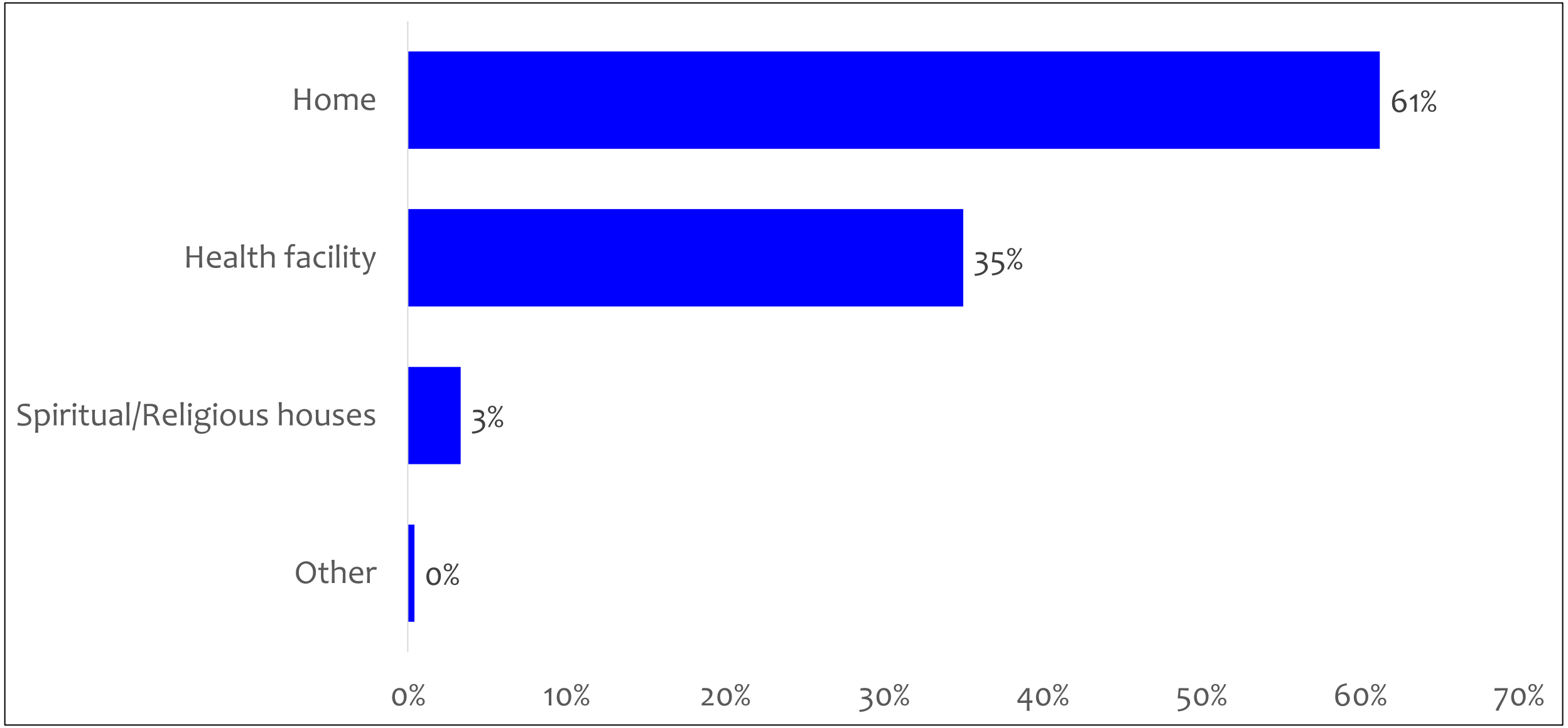


Reasons why women did NOT attend 4 or more Antenatal Clinics during pregnancy of the index children (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

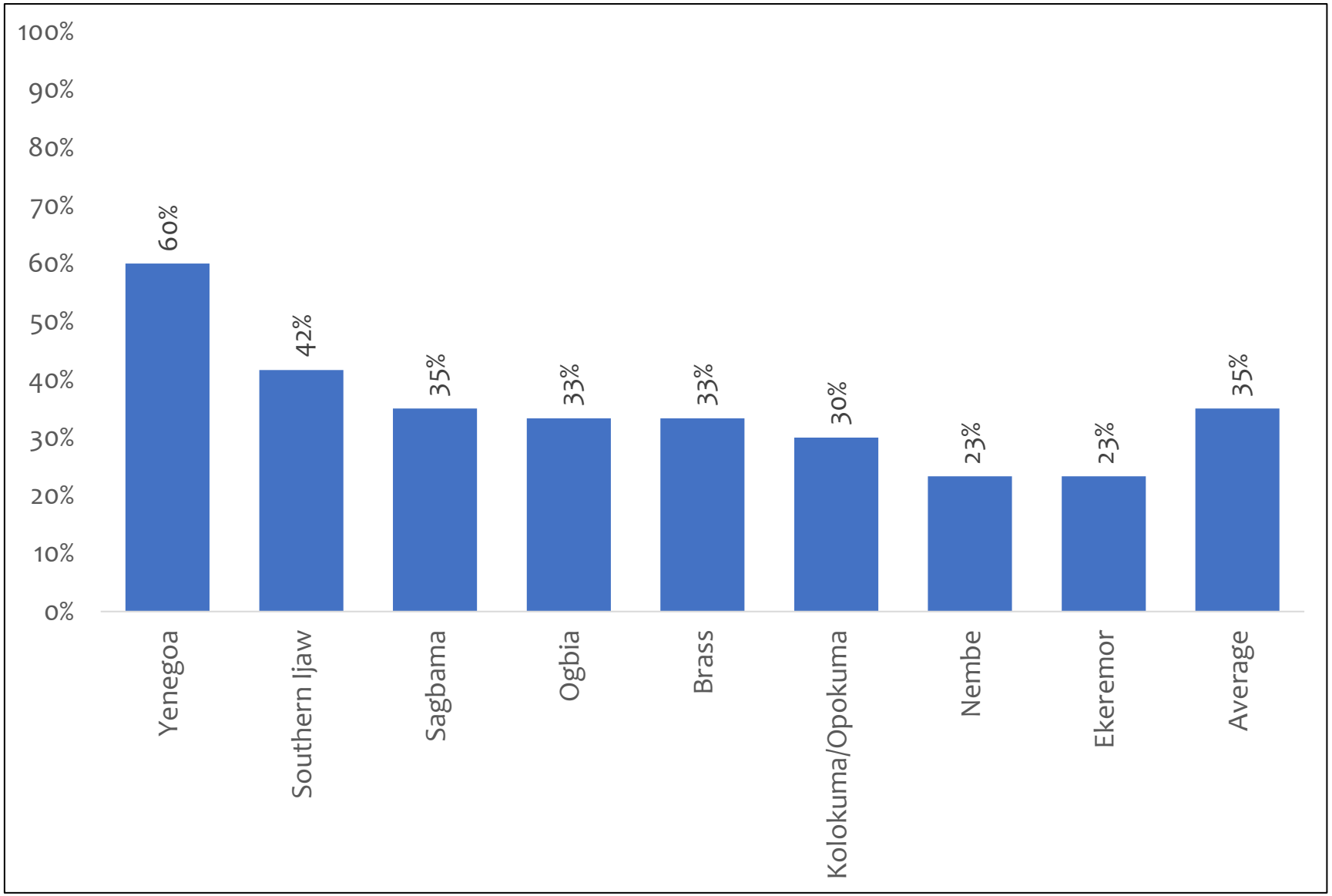


- How can we use the H2H Mobilizers structures as well as other initiatives to strengthen early ANC registration.
- Most starts ANC registration towards the end of the pregnancy.
- Where do BHIS/BHCPF comes into to support ANC services reducing payment for ANC services especially in facilities not captured BHCPF facilities

Place where sampled children (0-59 months) were delivered, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

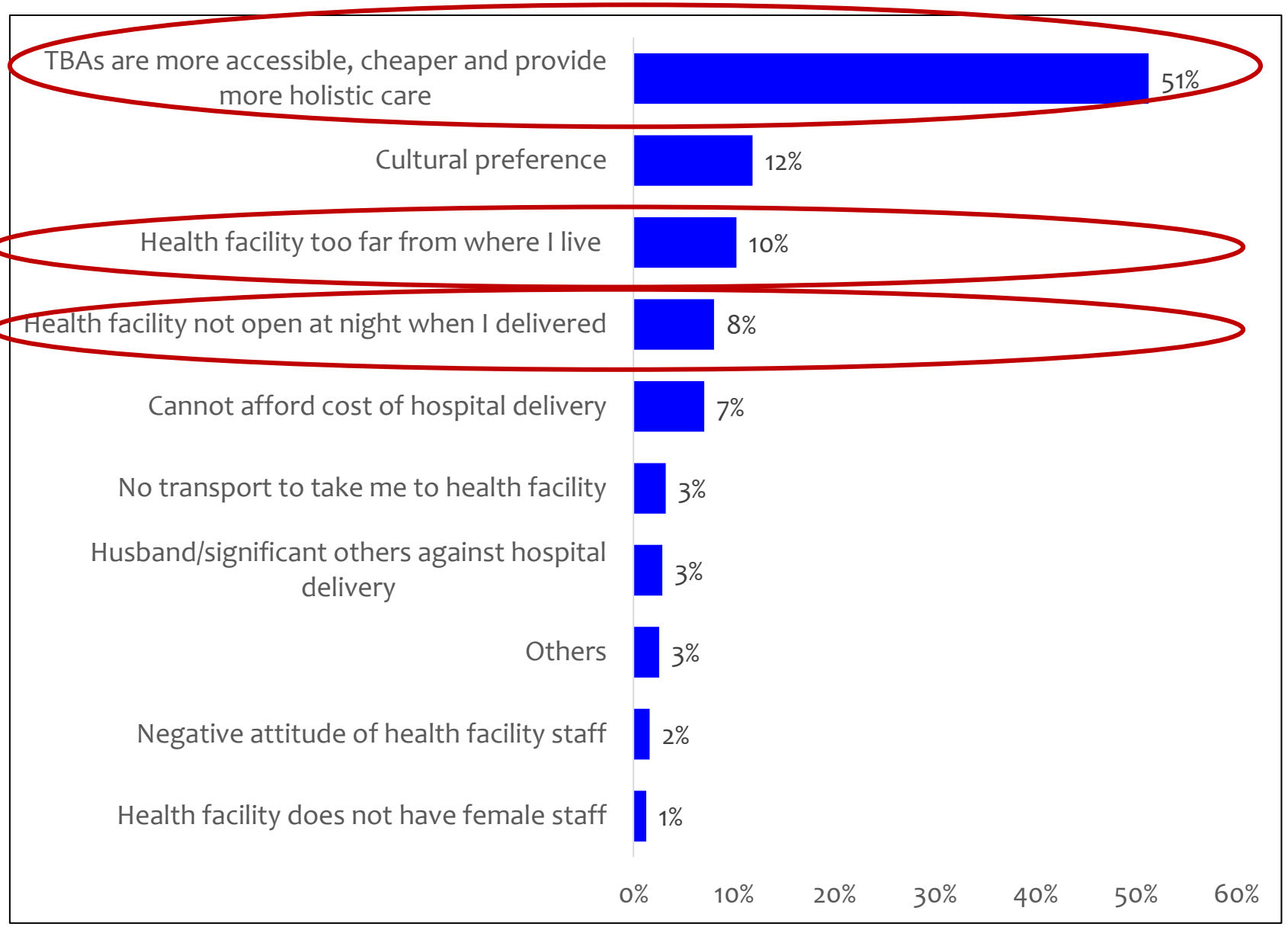


Proportion of sampled women whose delivery of their children (0-59 months) were done at Health Facility, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



- As at Q2, 2023, Children sampled showed that 42% of Children sampled were delivered in Facility
- Recently conducted LQAs shows a drop in delivery in facilities.
- **How has engagement of SBAs aided facility deliveries.**
- **How can we improve these across all LGAs.**
- Also, Yenagoa LGA, an urban LGA with just 60% of Children sampled delivered in facilities. **Despite the best performing LGA, how can we improve here.**

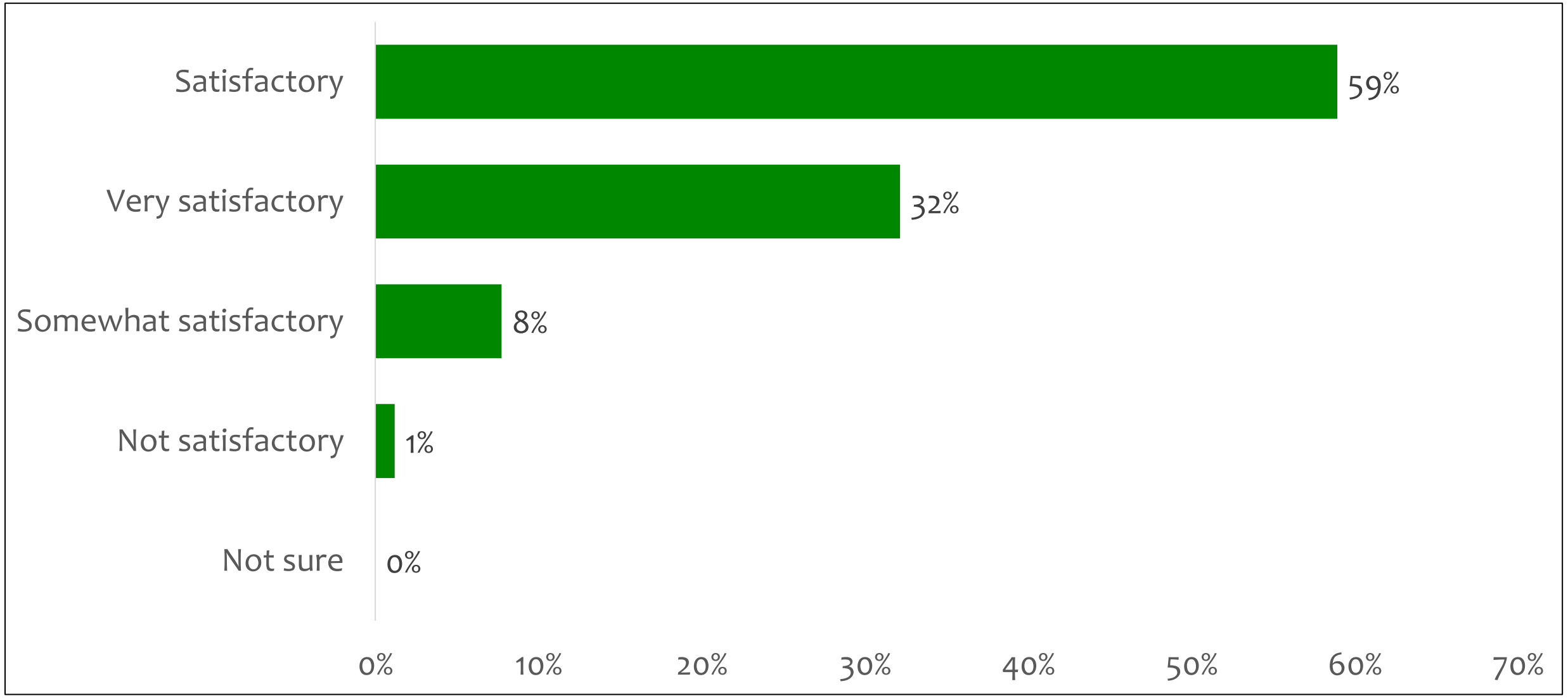
Main reasons why delivery of the index children (0-59 months) were NOT done at Health Facility, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



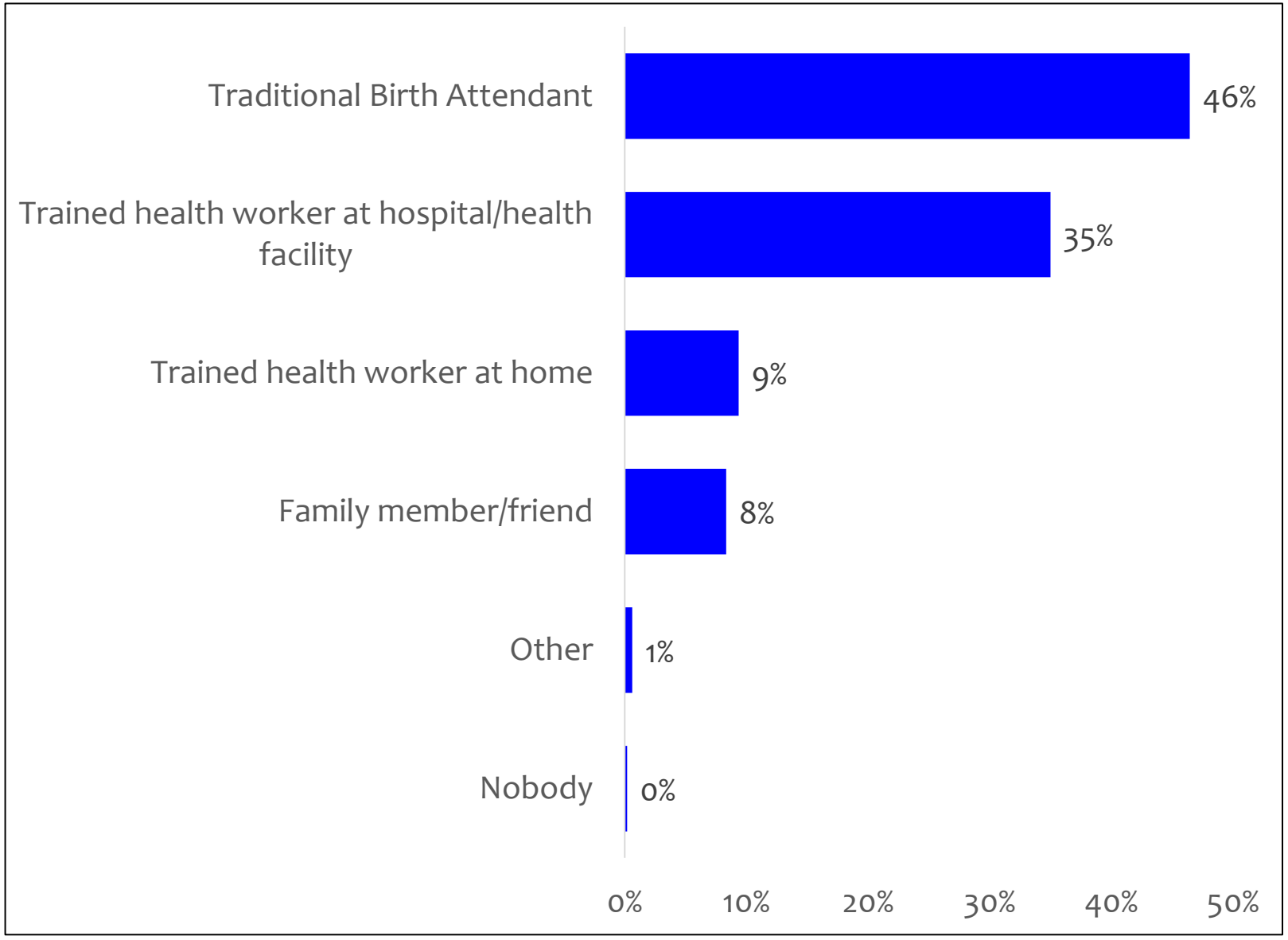
3 key areas for discussion

1. How can we ensure facility services are easily accessible as well as affordable using the BHCPF, BHIS structures, etc.
2. How do we work towards providing 24hr services with some labour cases occurring at night.
3. How can the H2H mobilizer working closely with the SBAs help improve Facility deliveries

Level of satisfaction by sampled households for services provided during deliveries of the index children (0-59 months) at health facilities, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

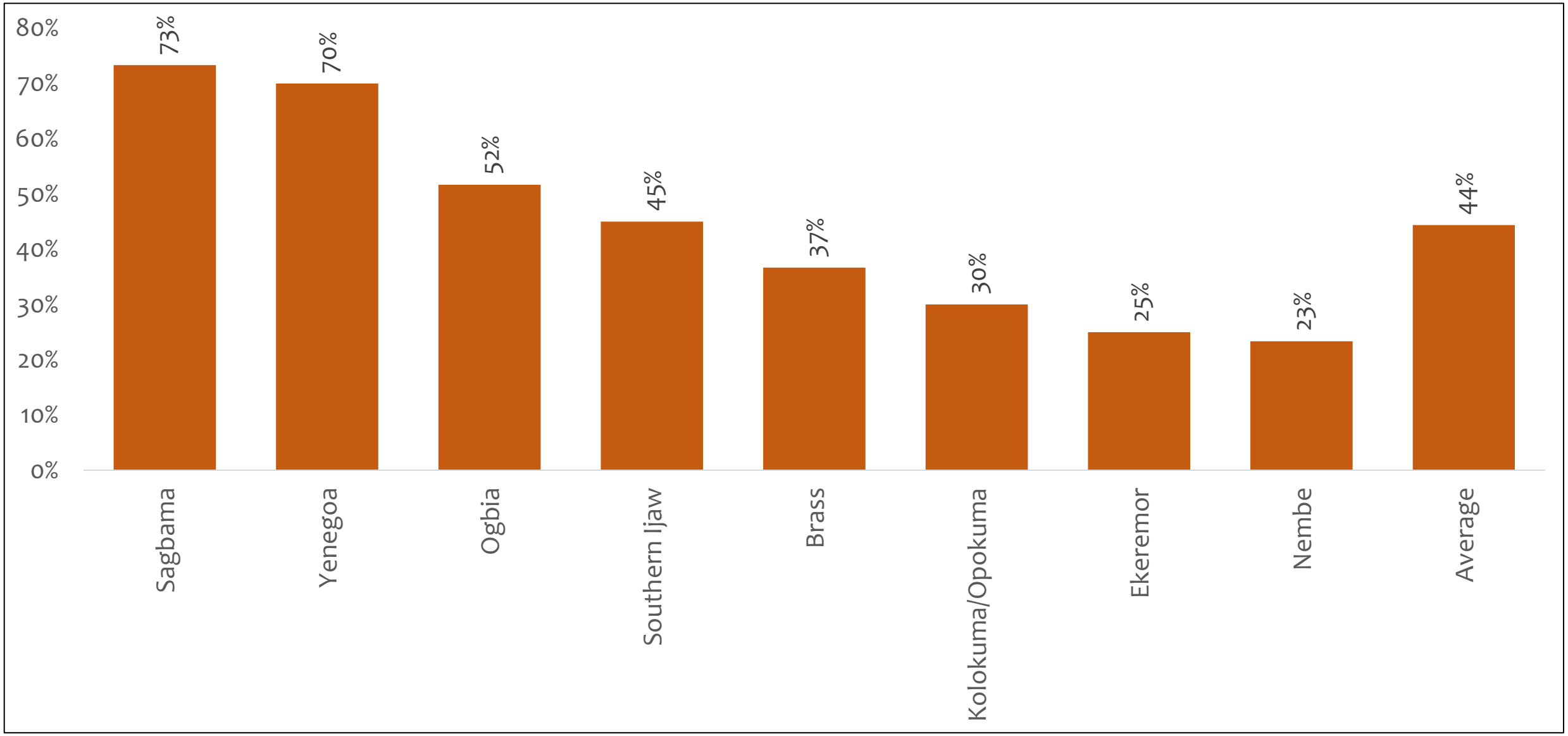


Cadre of persons who took delivery of the children sampled (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

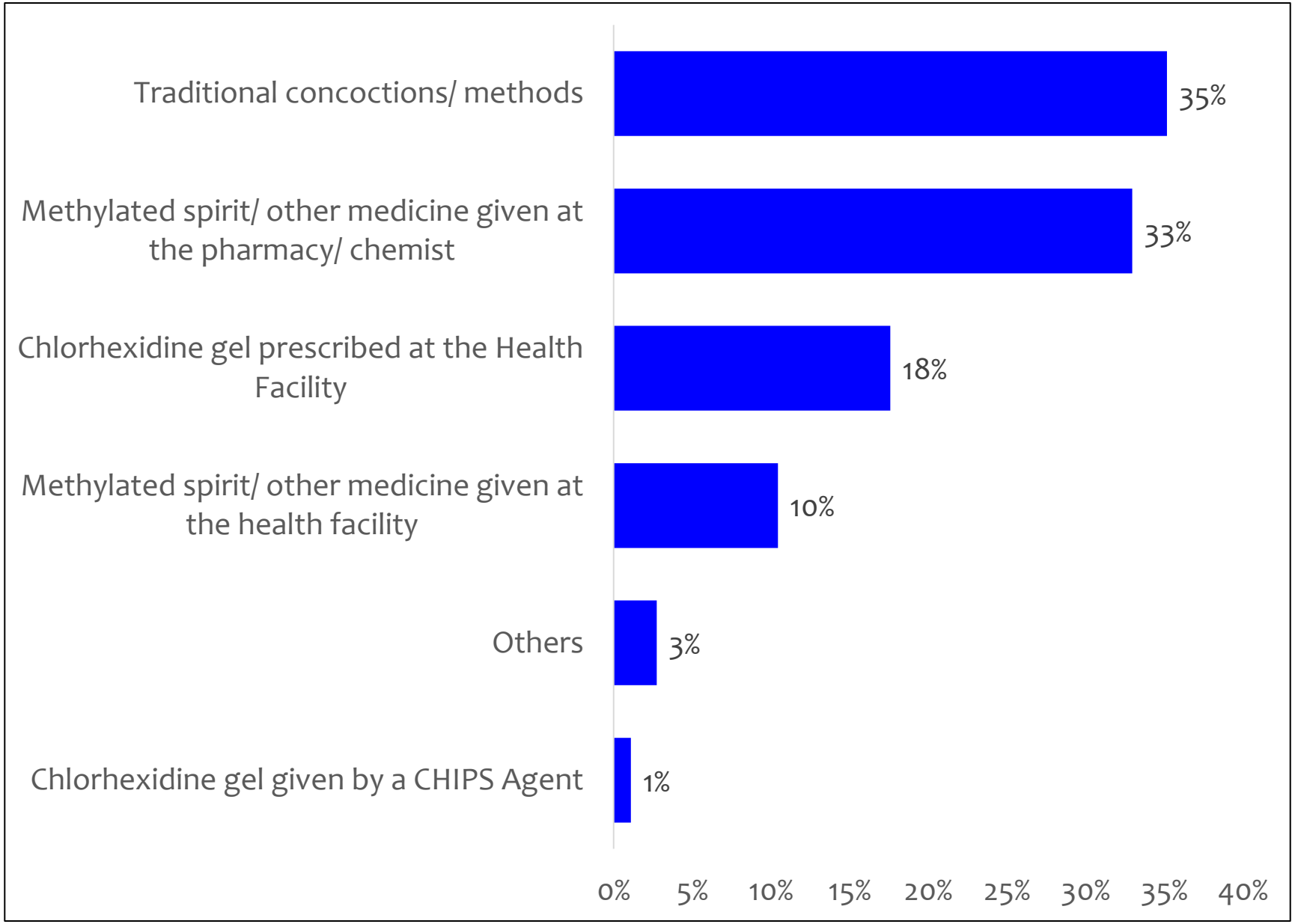


- Step by step need in improvement in SBA delivery, as we reduce HCW delivery at homes & increase more deliveries at facility, knowing that some cases can't be avoided (e.g Emergency cases/labour started at home with facility far)
- How well is delivery at home by Trained HCW **SAFE? (Clean care, use of delivery mats/kits, cord care, etc)**

Proportion of sampled women whose delivery of their children (0-59 months) were attended by skilled birth attendant, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

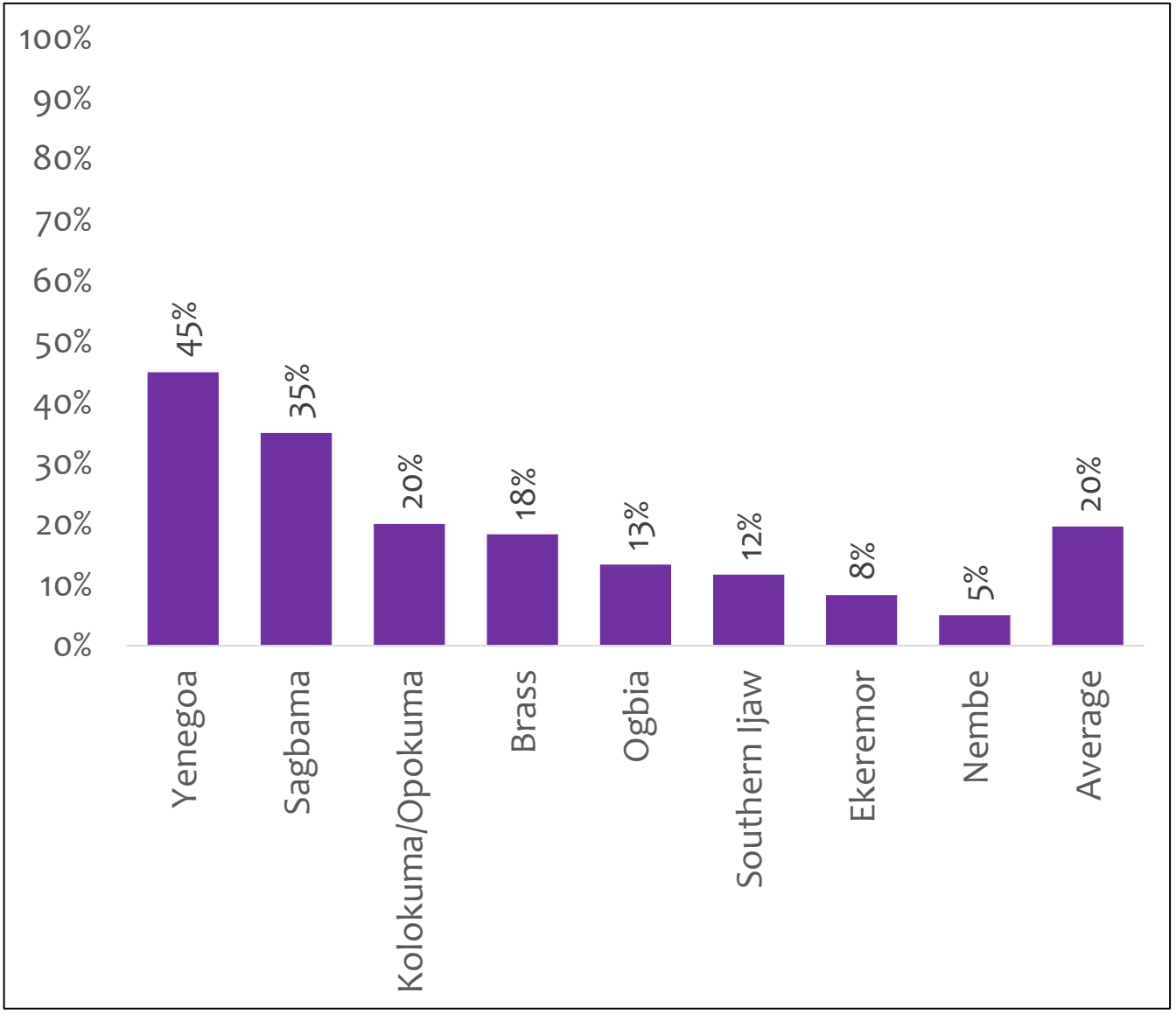


What is use for cord care of index children (0-59 months) after delivery, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



- Proper cord care remains a major means of prevention of Neonatal Tetanus.
- The use of Traditional concoctions remains very high (35%). **How can TBAs be educated on this?**
- In terms of Chlorhexidine gel, are they readily/adequately available across all HFs. **Can it be included in the components of the MAMA Kits?**

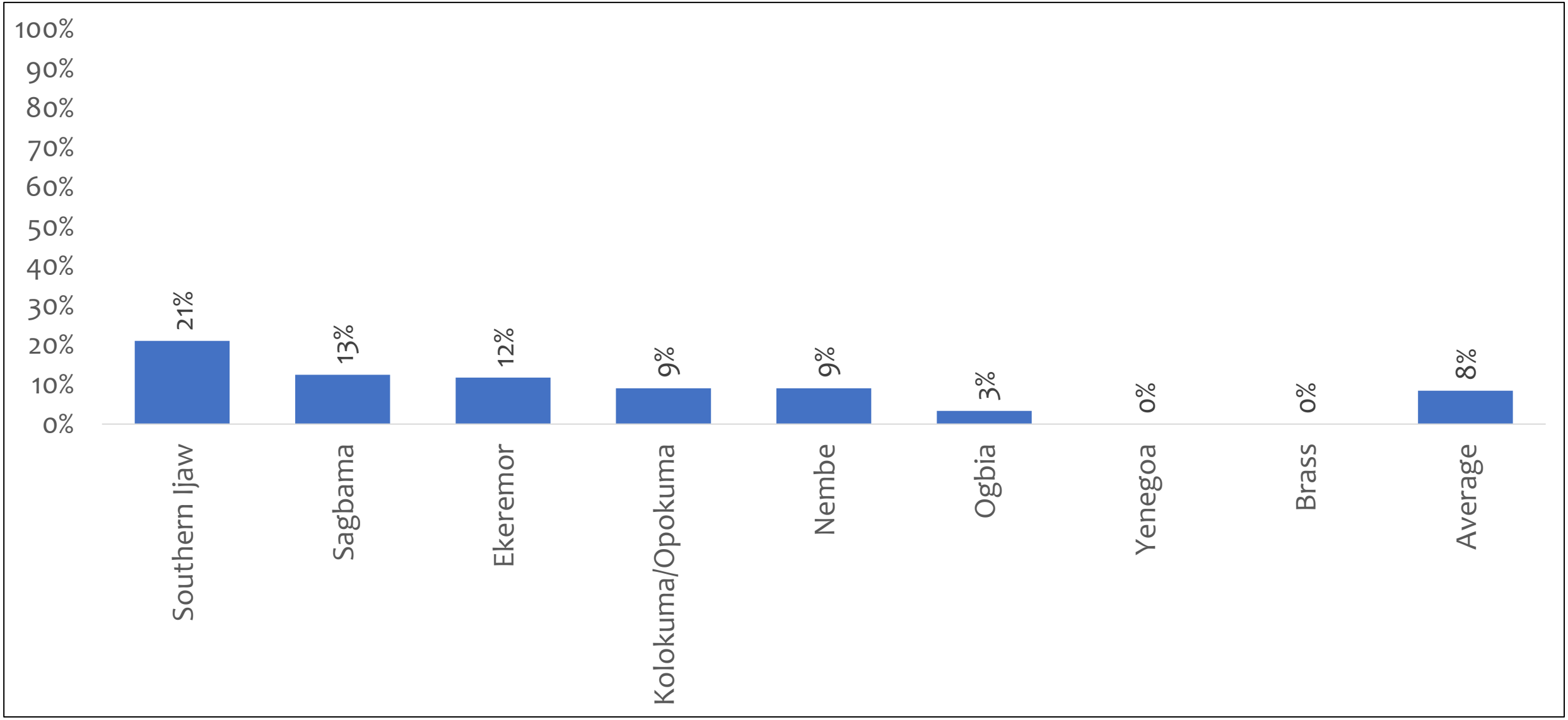
Proportion of sampled women who went for post natal care or a health worker visited to check on their health after delivery of the index children (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



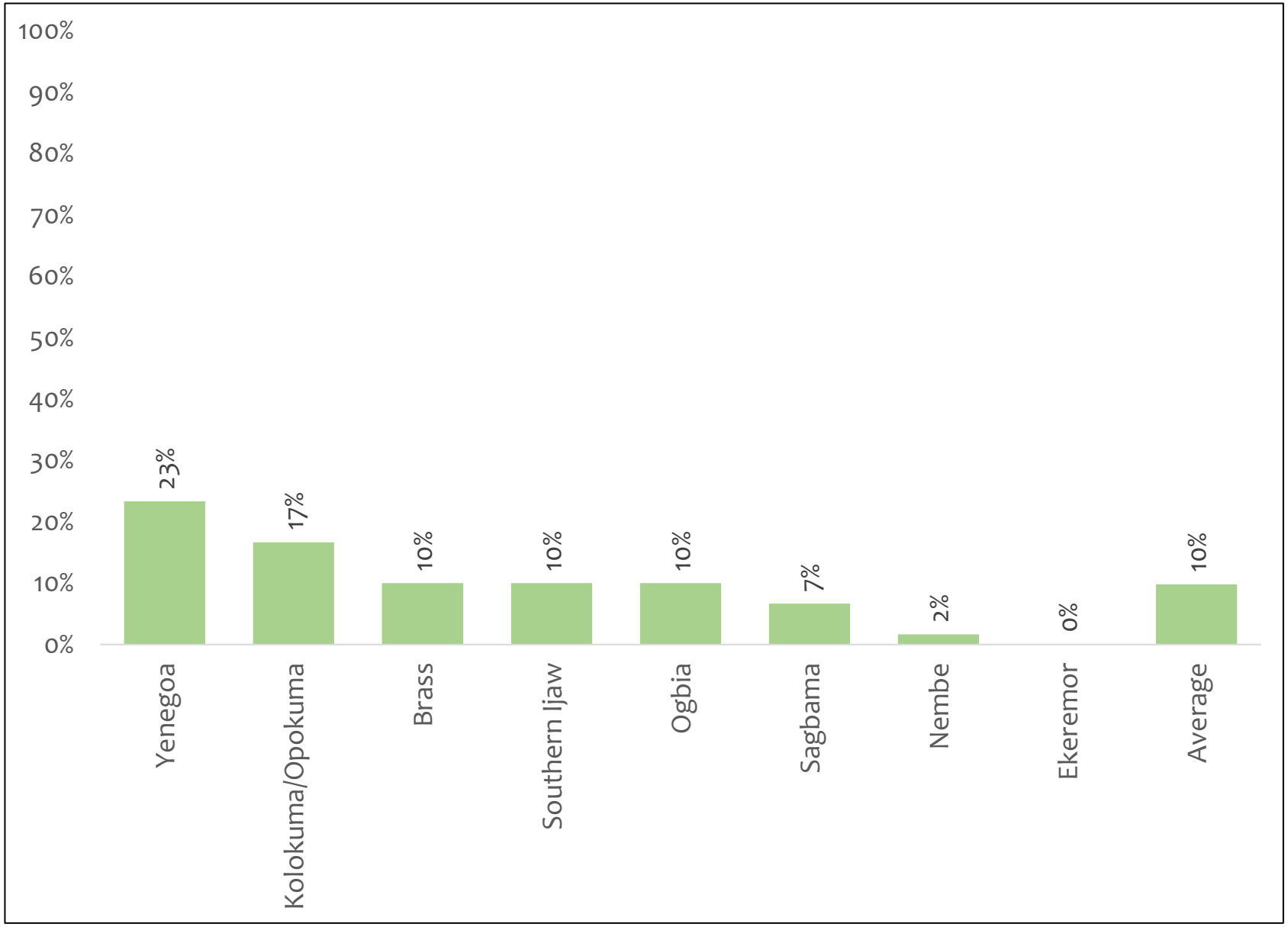
Post natal services is a key area that hasn't been properly done as it provides opportunity to offer various services such as

- **FOR MOTHER**
  1. Check mothers' health status (If pale or ill, any postnatal issues, etc)
  2. Educate mother on proper breastfeeding practices (also done before and immediately after delivery)
  3. Educate mother on family planning methods.
  4. Educate mother on need for immunizing child as well as completing it.
- **FOR CHILD**
  1. Check for signs of ill health/any danger signs
  2. Get child immunized if not already
  3. Check for possible signs of jaundice or NNT
  4. Ensure child has commenced Breastfeeding

Proportion of Children sampled (0-59 months) that had been sick last two weeks requiring attention of health professional and taken to health facility, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

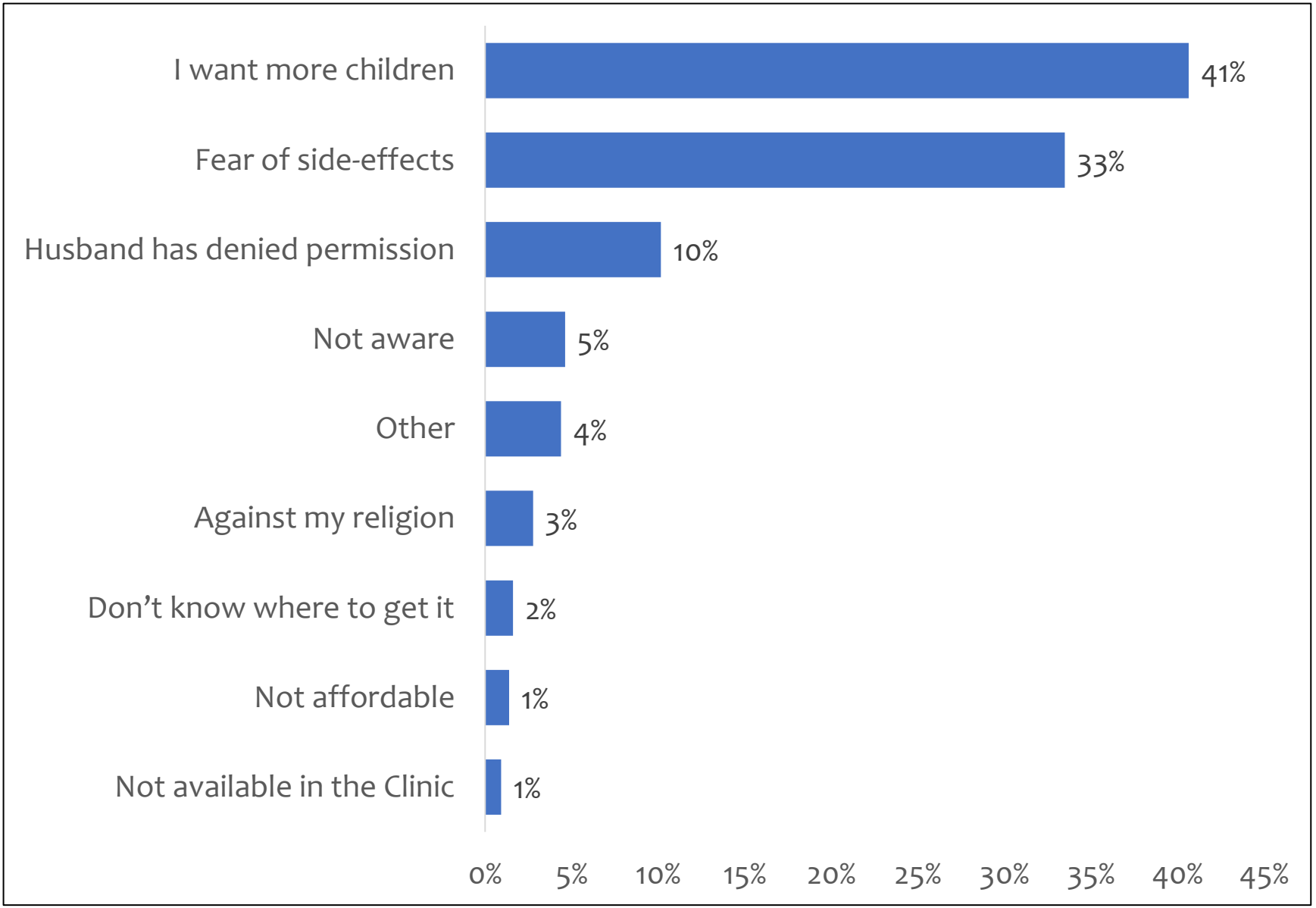


Proportion of sampled household (0-59 months) that use modern methods of contraception, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



- The use of the various family planning methods relatively low in the state, with **NO household** sampled in Ekeremor using any modern family planning method.
- There is need for education of the various methods in LGAs. The aim is more on Child spacing

Reasons for not using modern methods of contraception, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

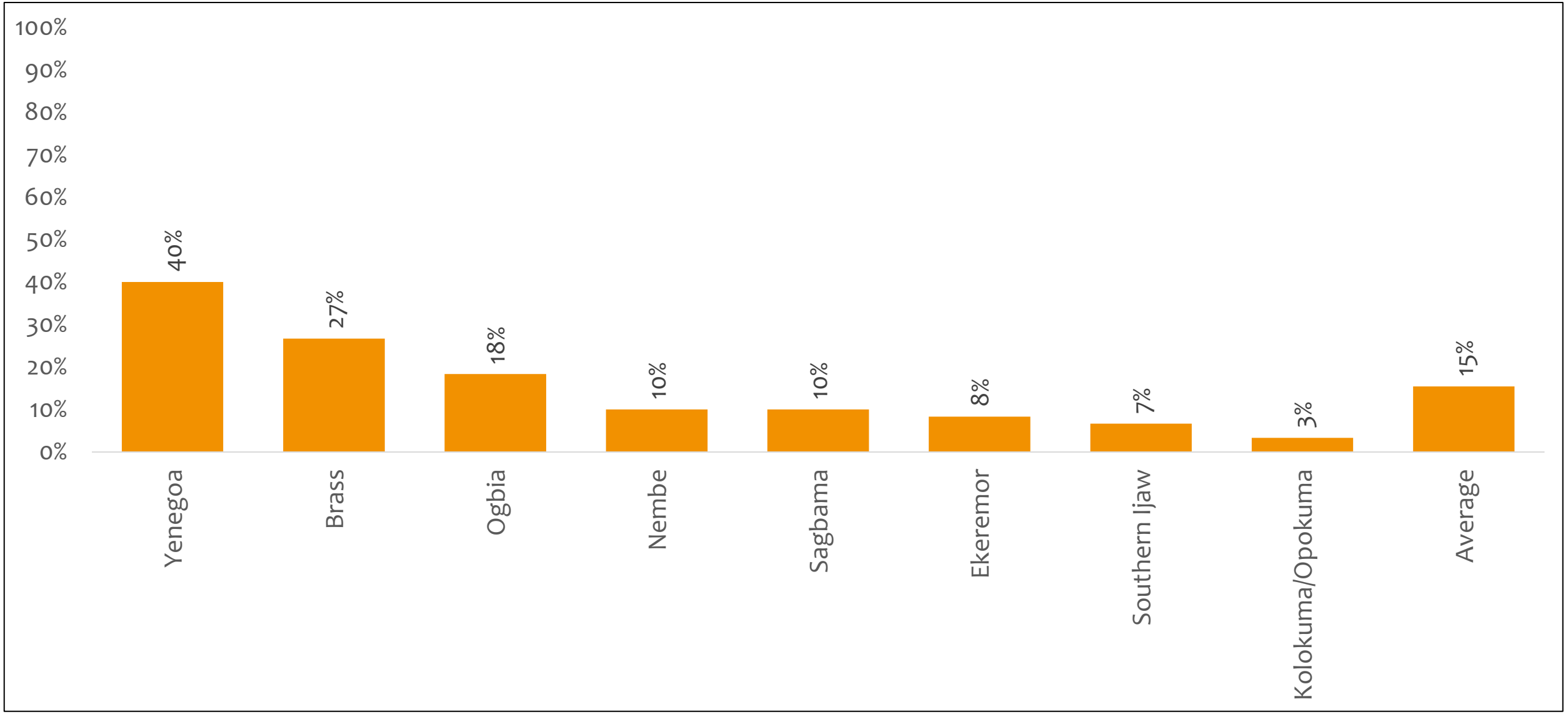


Education on the various family planning method is necessary to address

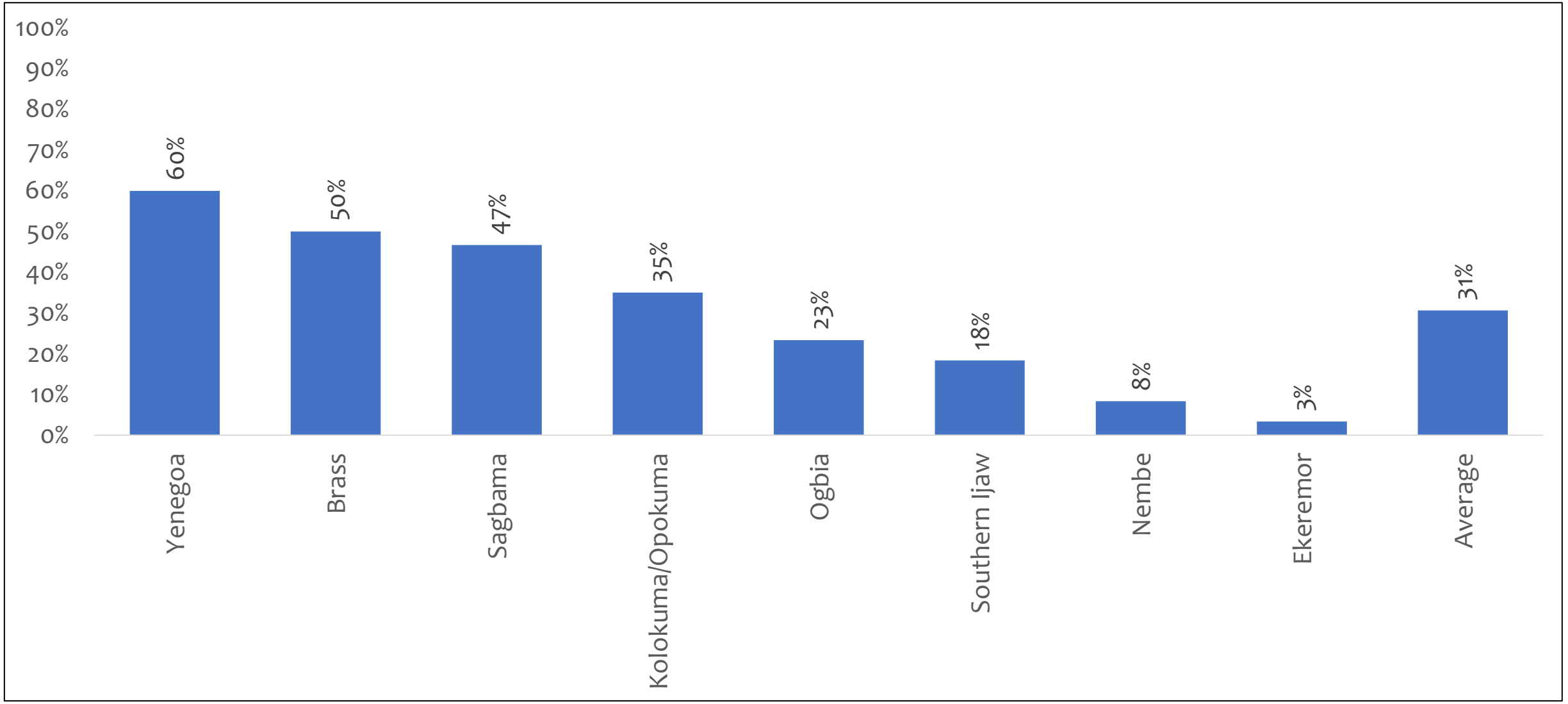
- Child spacing
- Side effects on each method as well as its suitability

What avenues can be used in sensitizing Husbands (account for 10%)?

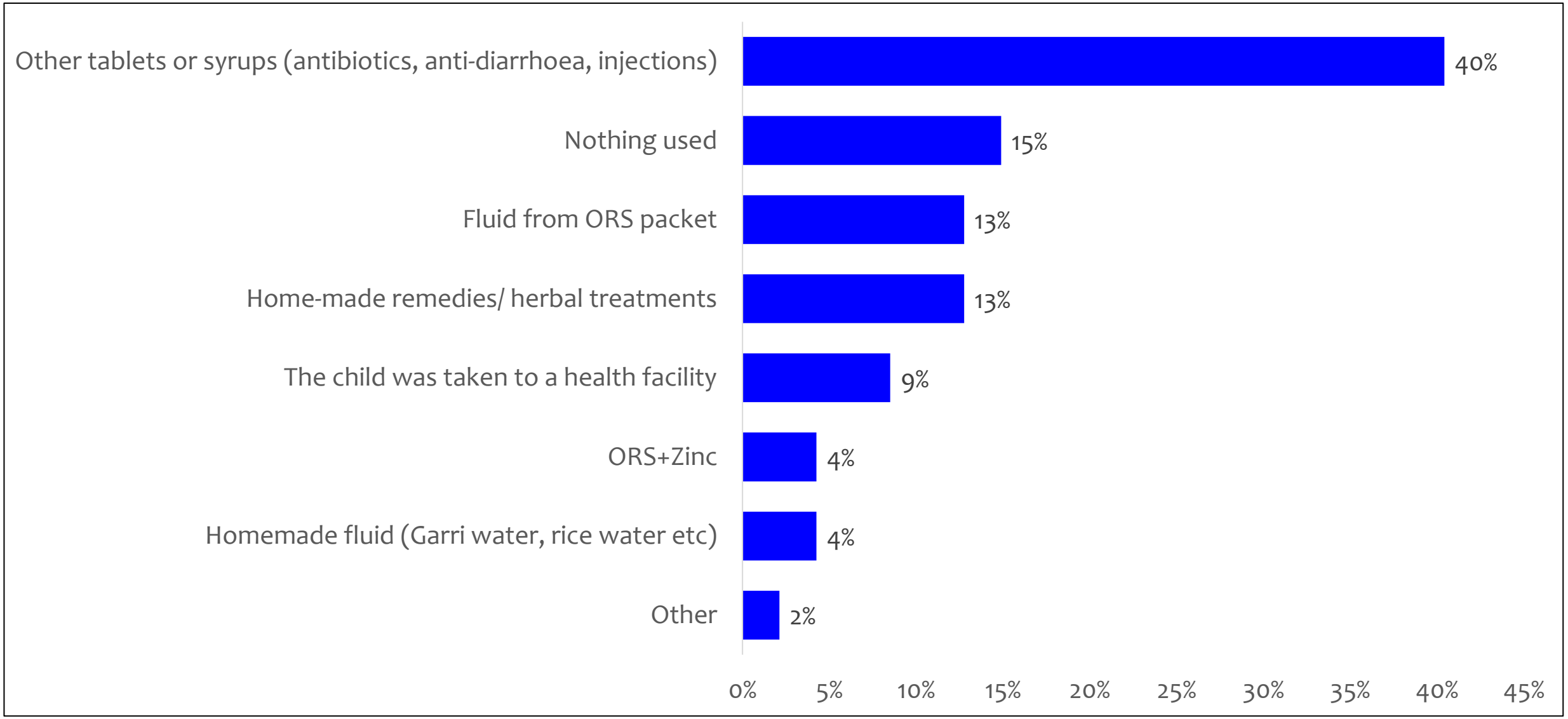
Proportion of sampled children (0-59 months) that are currently or were exclusively breastfed, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



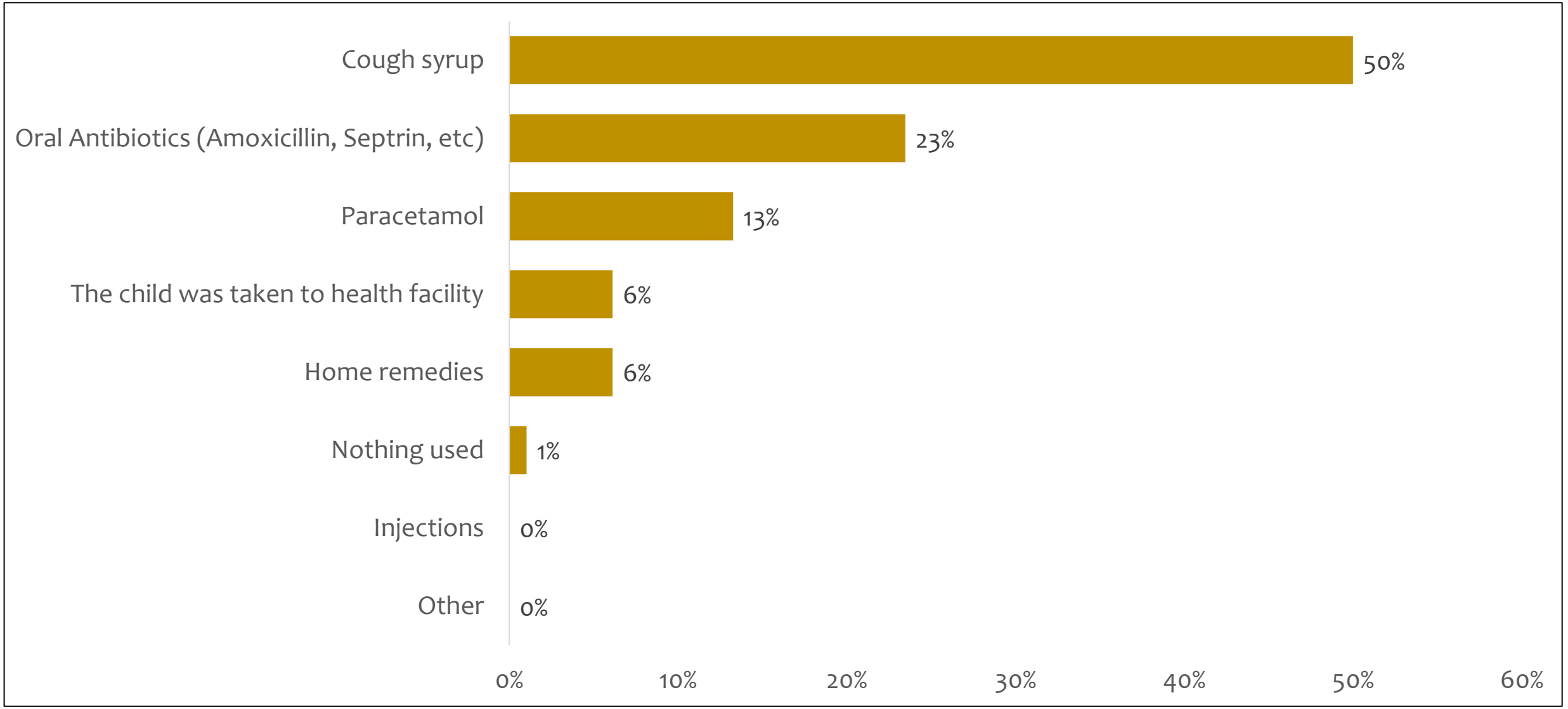
Proportion of sampled children (0-59 months) that were breastfed within 60 minutes of delivery, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



What is use for treatment of diarrhea or watery stools of the index children (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



What is use for treatment for Cough or difficulty in breathing of the index children (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



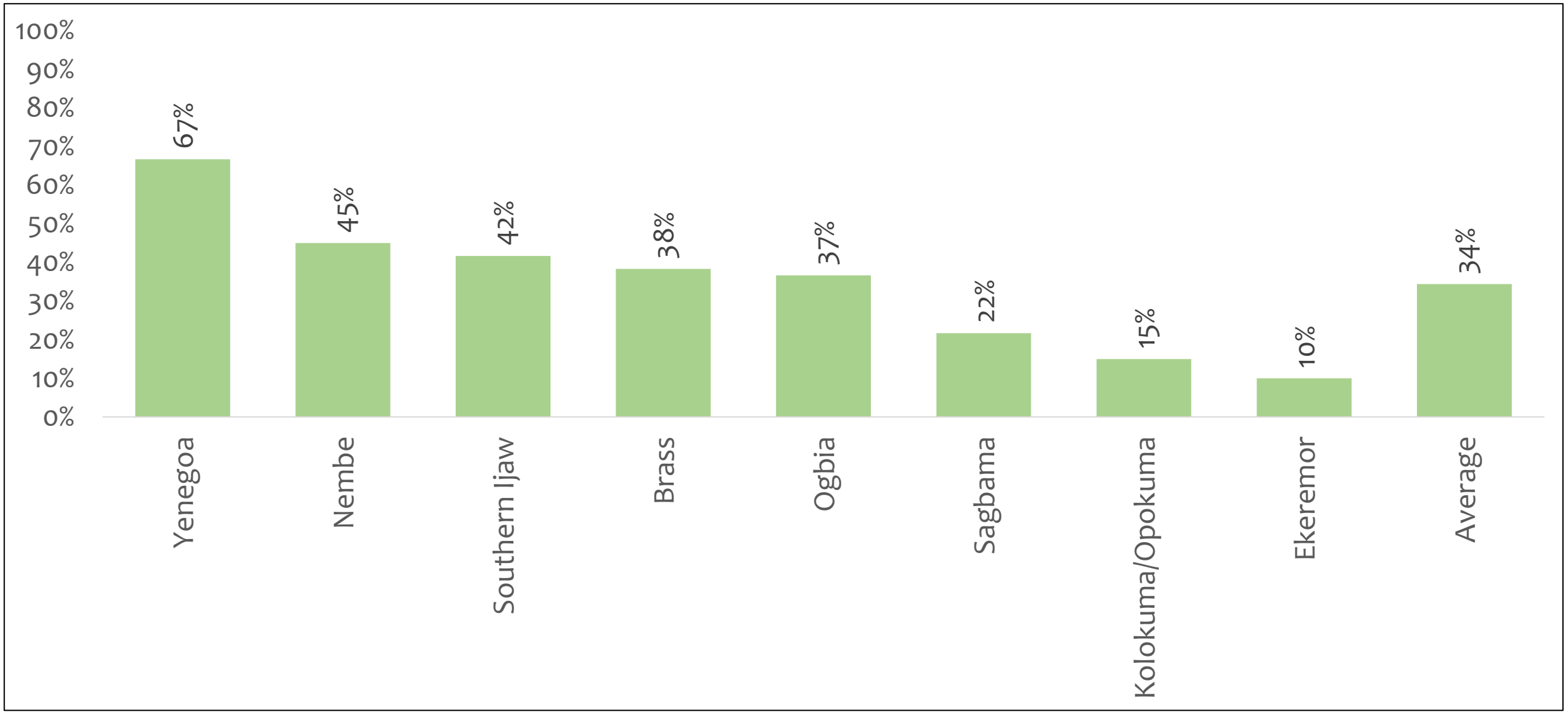
3. Impact Assessment

a. Malaria

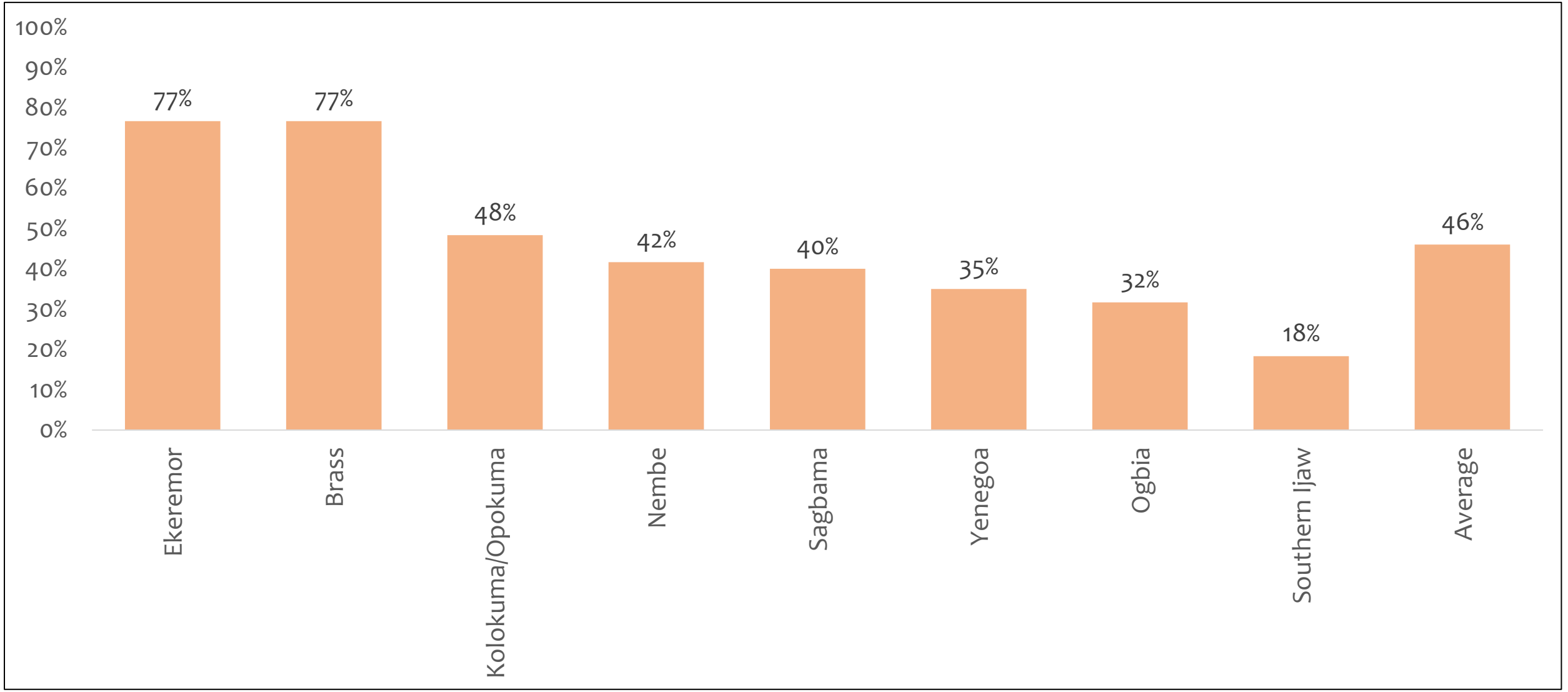
BAYELSA STATE: Number of under 5 children that did not sleep under mosquito net the previous night and children aged 12-23 months that did not received penta 3 at the time of survey; Mock PAPA LQAS, as at Q2-2024

		Malaria				Immunization Plus			
State	LGA	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2 2024	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2 2024
Bayelsa	Brass	33	38	27	14	0	11	0	8
Bayelsa	Ekeremor	32	23	42	14	3	1	1	7
Bayelsa	Kolokuma Opokuma	40	29	47	31	9	4	5	13
Bayelsa	Nembe	32	30	13	35	2	8	0	3
Bayelsa	Ogbia	34	23	36	41	3	14	15	5
Bayelsa	Sagbama	53	35	43	36	1	8	1	5
Bayelsa	Southern Ijaw	50	53	38	49	16	15	4	3
Bayelsa	Yenagoa	31	20	18	39	5	6	16	4
		Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2 2024	Q4-2022	Q2-2023	Q3-2023	Q2 2024
	LGAs surveyed	*8*	*8*	*8*	*8*	*8*	*8*	*8*	*8*
	0-8	0	0	0	0	6	5	6	7
	9 - 32	3	5	3	3	2	3	2	1
	33-56	5	3	5	5	0	0	0	0
	57-60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

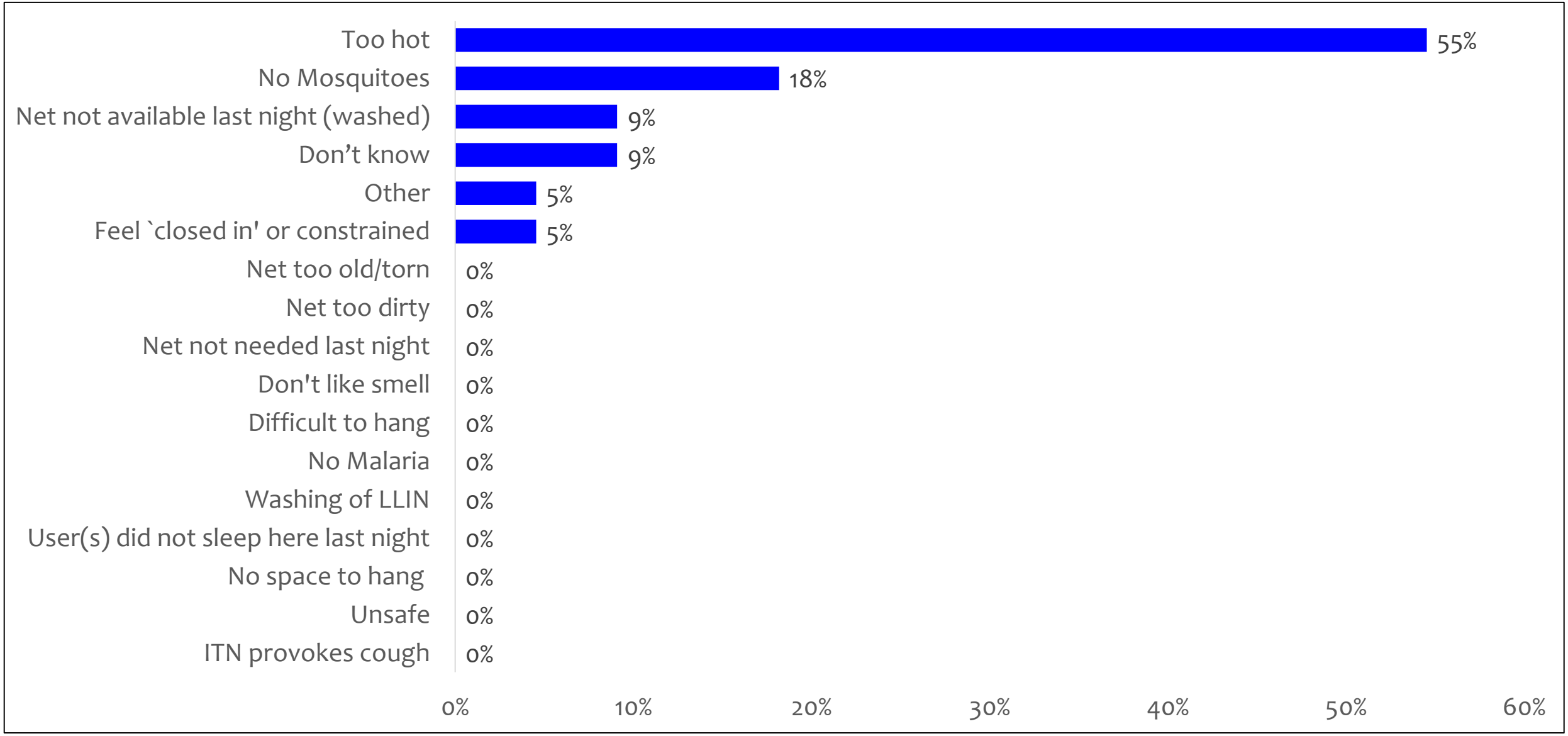
Percentage of Women with a live birth in the 2 years before the survey who received three or more doses of SP/Fansidar during pregnancy and antenatal care of the Index child (0-59 months), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



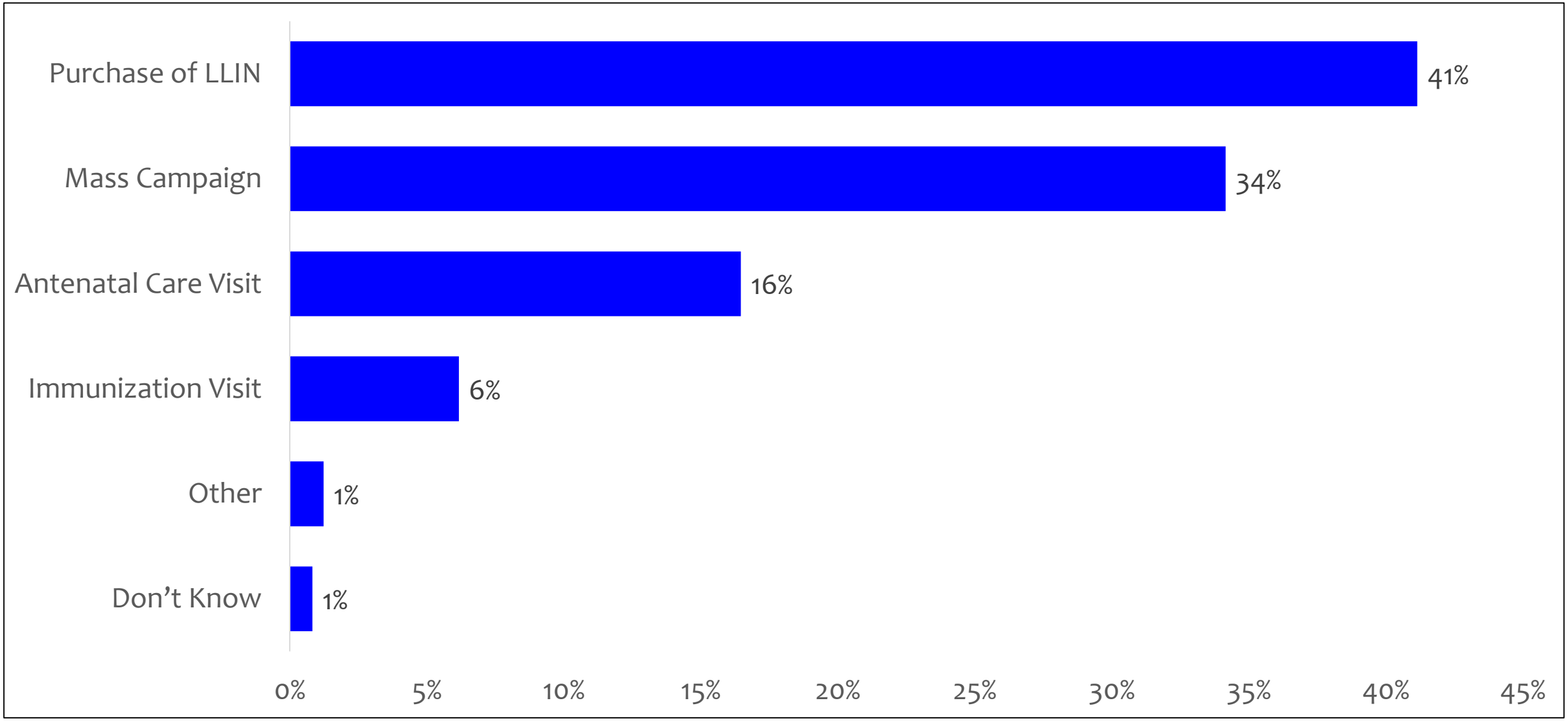
Proportion of sampled children (0-59 months) that slept under Long Lasting Insecticidal Net (LLIN) the previous night, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



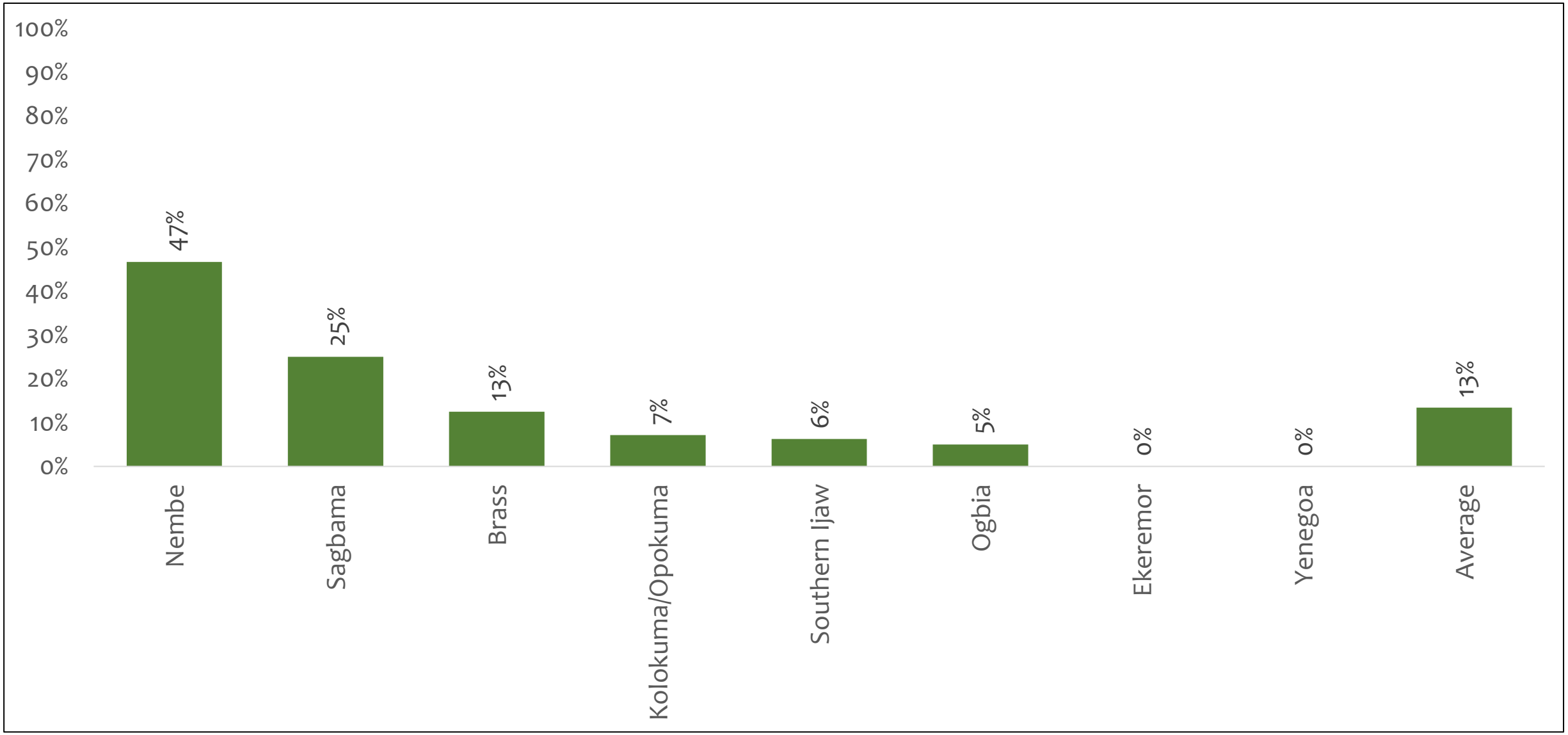
Reasons why children (0-59 months) did NOT sleep under Insecticide Treated Nets (ITNs) the night prior to the survey, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



How were nets acquired by households of index children sampled (0-59 months), 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

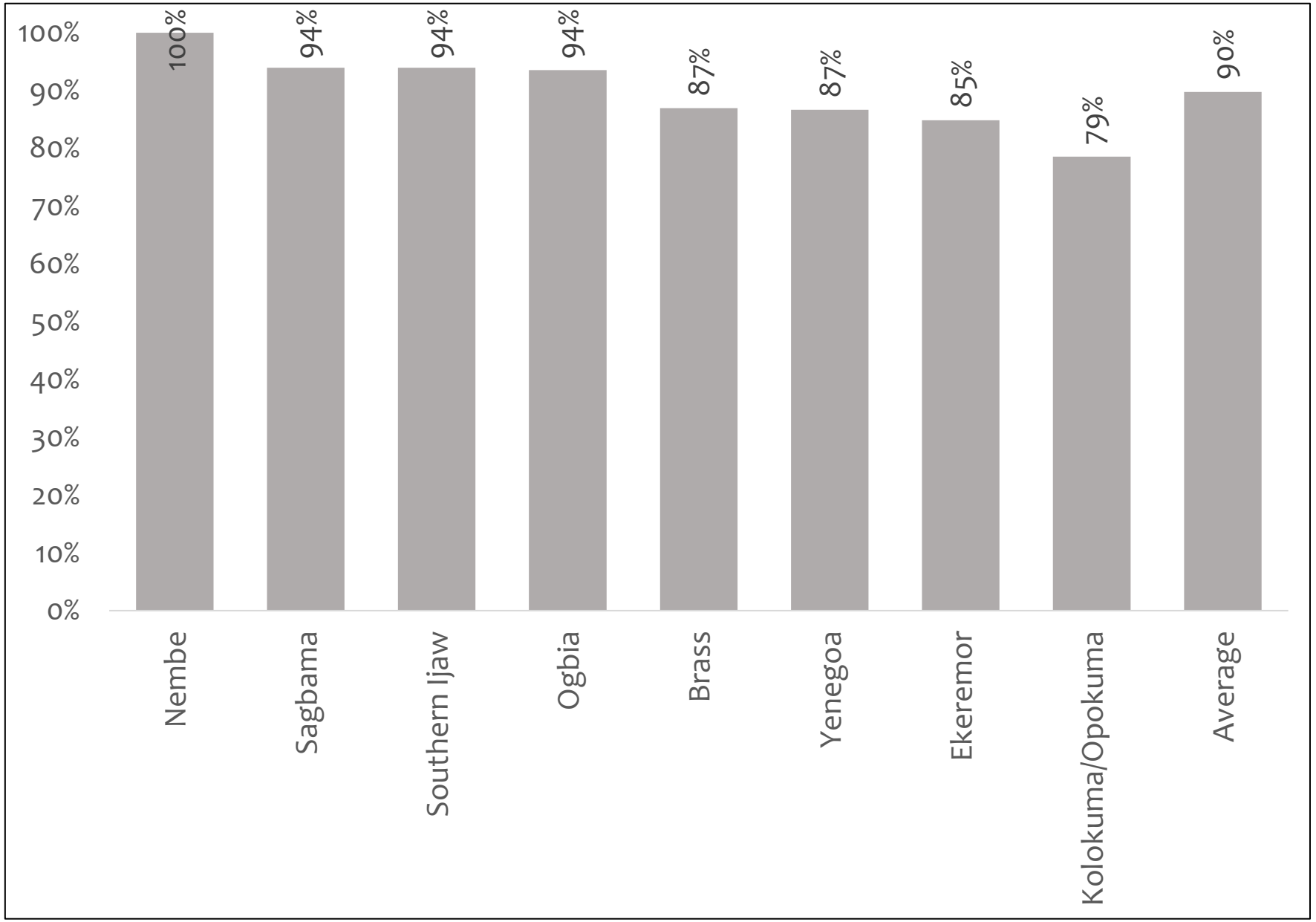


Percentage of febrile children under five in the last two weeks before the survey who were treated with ACTs, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



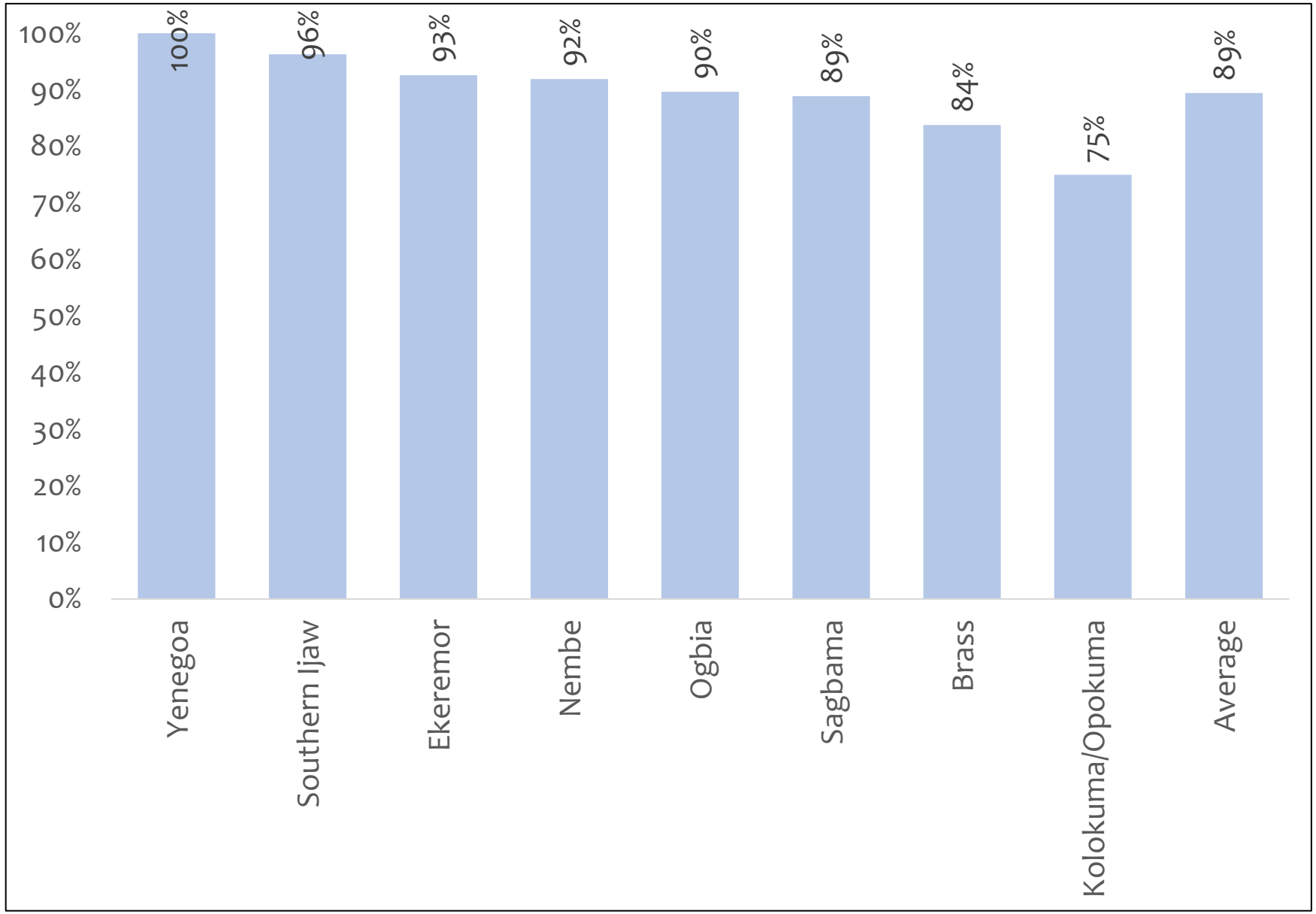
b. Immunization Plus

Percentage of girls ages (12-23) months vaccinated with third dose of Pentavalent Vaccine, Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



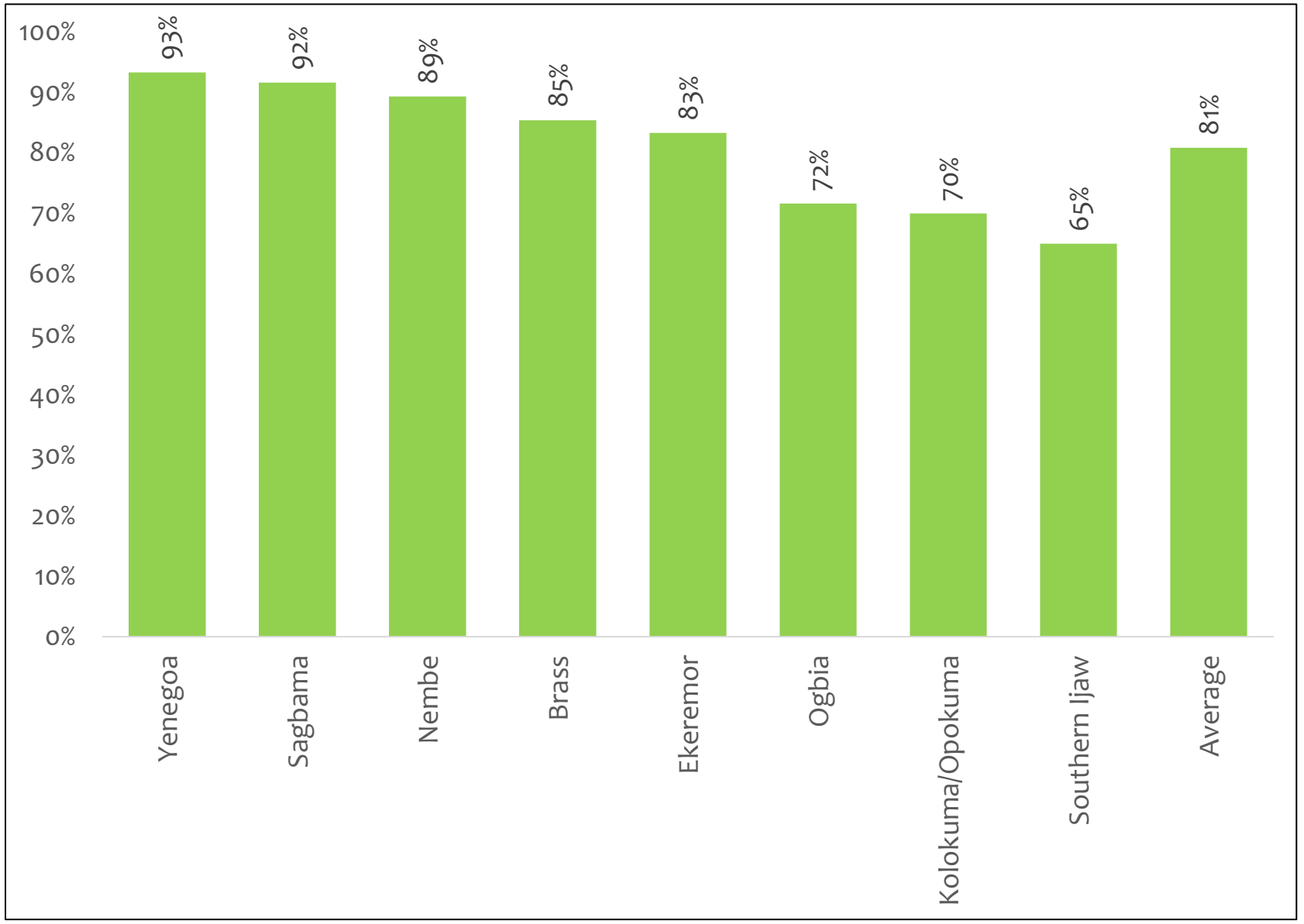
With the High number of Diphtheria cases reported nationwide (No case recorded in Bayelsa State, there is need to continuously strengthen our Penta 3 coverage in the state to remain free of VPDs

Percentage of boys ages (12-23) months vaccinated with third dose of Pentavalent Vaccine , Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



With the High number of Diphtheria cases reported nationwide (No case recorded in Bayelsa State, there is need to continuously strengthen our Penta 3 coverage in the state to remain free of VPDs

Proportion of eligible children in age cohort (12-23 months) vaccinated with Measles Second Dose (MCV2), Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa



- Compared to previous years, 2024 has seen a reduction in measles outbreaks in the state, largely due to an improvement in MCV2 Coverage in the state.
- There is need to strengthen the MCV2 Coverage in 3 low performing LGAs (Ogbia, Kolga & S.Ijaw)

Discussion Points

- How can we ensure Immunization and other Integrated services gets to **ALL SETTLEMENTS**
- Despite the significantly improved coverage on DHIS2 in some LGAs, how does it compare to LQAs survey.
- With the plan to support Birth Registration as well as the enrolment and payment for 10,000 vulnerable populations by BHIS (Children captured), how can we link them and ensure all are vaccinated
- How can we strengthen ANC and SBA services in facilities/LGAs
- How well are we ensuring the conduct of an **INTEGRATED outreach session,** targeting not just immunization, but all other services.
- How can we support targeted LGAs (E.g Ogbia LGA – Passed PAPA LQAs just once since 2017 as well as Kolokuma Opokuma LGA – high Coverage on DHIS, but low coverage on survey).

NEXT STEP: 2024 Mock PAPA LQAS, Bayelsa

Stake holders at LGA level to develop a Mitigation plan to address identified challenges using this template….

S/N	Challenges	Activities to adress challenges	Responsible person	Process Indicator	Responsible Person	Timeline	Status of implementation (to be reviwed weekly)

Thank you